1. Call to Order and Pledge of Allegiance.
2. Public Comment by persons in attendance.
3. Report of Mayor and City Commissioners.

Regular Agenda Items

4. Minutes of the regular meeting held November 18, 2013 (approval requested).
5. Report of Finance Committee on disbursement of funds: payroll disbursements of $198,203.05; county and school disbursements of $42,972.22, and total remaining disbursements of $278,979.56.
6. Recognition of outgoing City Commissioner (no action requested).
7. Oaths of Office (no action requested).
8. Public Safety Department Awards Ceremony (no action requested).

Consent Agenda – Approval Requested

10. Receipt of communications.
11. Consider request to approve assignments to advisory boards and committees (approval requested).
12. Consider request to approve the purchase of a dump trailer for grounds maintenance operations (approval requested).
13. Consider request to approve an amendment to the road salt purchase agreement (approval requested).
14. Consider request to approve expenses related to a watermain break (approval requested).
15. Consider request to approve renewals of life insurance and long-term disability coverage for city employees (approval requested).
16. Consider request to approve an appointment to the Interurban Transit Partnership Board (approval requested).

* * *

The City will provide reasonable auxiliary aids for individuals requiring them for effective communication in programs and services of the City. Notice must be made to the City five (5) days prior to the program or service requesting the specific auxiliary aid.
Mayor Seibold called the meeting to order at 6:00 p.m. in the City Commission Chamber at the Community Center and led the audience in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Present: Commissioners Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Mayor Seibold

Absent: None

Also Present: City Attorney Huff; City Manager Donovan; Public Works Director Feldt; Finance Director Mushong; Public Safety Director Herald; City Clerk Brower; Zoning Administrator Faasse; Planning Consultant LeBlanc

2013-127. No public comment was received.

2013-128. Commissioner Dills thanked all who voted for him in the recent election and looked forward to serving residents for a second term as commissioner.

Commissioner Miller thanked the Public Works employees for their work cleaning up after the recent windstorms.

Mayor Seibold also thanked the crews who worked during the storm. She noted there was very little damage and only a few remaining homes without power.

2013-129. Appeal of sewer back up claim.

Andrea Scott of 1145 Plymouth was present to appeal the Finance Committee’s denial of a claim for damages that occurred on April 18, 2013. She stated the home sustained over $46,000 in damage from the sewage-tainted water that flooded her home and they had been unable to use the basement of their home since the flooding. She argued the flooding was not an Act of God alone as there had been a history of sewer backups in this area even after the City’s sewer improvements. She stated the City was aware that many footing drains were connected to the sanitary sewer system and had done nothing to require those homes to disconnect the drains to lessen the flooding.

2013-129-A. Dills-Goebel. To deny the claim of Zachary and Andrea Scott of 1145 Plymouth in the amount of $47,298.76.

City Attorney Huff stated the definition of an “Act of God” was a natural event with limited frequency and that case law supported this definition.

Mayor Seibold stated that while the historic rainfall in April caused widespread flooding, there were very few reports of sewage backups in East Grand Rapids. She attributed this to the improvements the City made in many areas of the city in the 1990’s. Mayor Seibold stated the City has investigated the situation and concluded there is no known exception to the governmental immunity statutes. She agreed the situation was extremely unfortunate, but it was not due to a defect in the city’s sewer system and was out of the City’s control. She supported the motion to deny the claim.

Yeas: Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Seibold – 7
Nays: -0-
2013-130. Final Reading of an ordinance amendment to Chapter 50 of Title V of the City Code pertaining to the zoning ordinance.

City Manager Donovan explained all the provisions of the city’s zoning ordinances had been reviewed and revised over the last year and were now in front of the City Commission for final approval.

Because of the public interest in the proposed waterfront regulations, Public Works Director Feldt gave an overview of these provisions and how they would affect existing structures and new construction. He stated a vegetative buffer would be required if new buildings or impervious surface over 100 square feet were constructed within 50’ of the ordinary high water mark. An exception is included for walkways along the shore. He showed a geographic map and explained the measurement lines. The goal of the new language is to protect water quality by reducing runoff from structures and filtering remaining runoff through vegetation.

Mayor Seibold reopened the public hearing. The following people were present to express their opinions:

- AJ Birkbeck, 2093 Robinson (GR Twp) Representing his parents. Draconian ordinance interferes with property rights and goes too far. Submitted petition with 35 signatures in opposition of the waterfront regulations. Dirt road portion of Reeds Lake Blvd subject to two sets of setbacks, high water mark is too restrictive, Planning Commission added too many restrictions. No allowances for handicap accessibility. Required vegetation would block views and be expensive. Not aligned with DNR recommendations. Would prevent beaching of small boats, storage of docks and placement of furniture and firepits. Stated the largest contributor of polluted stormwater is the city storm sewer and City should concentrate efforts on this problem instead of unduly burdening lakefront owners. Suggested making everyone in the city construct a buffer to filter water before it enters the street. Asked for scientific information on runoff from decks. Cited Supreme Court cases and suggested new regulations created a taking of property requiring compensation.

- Tom Vacchiano, 2951 Bonnell Asked for better language spelling out how existing seawalls, barns, boat launches and fencing can be maintained and/or replaced over time.

- Don Condit, 2555 Frederick Felt restrictions were well intentioned but onerous and heavy handed. Upset about late notice of hearing and asked for more discussion. Regulations were ineffective because of other pollution.

- Chris Muller, 1950 & 1990 Robinson Felt homeowners can proactively embrace water quality efforts without restrictions such as the buffer zone. Stated city would have to revise its logo to eliminate the view of the lake if lakefront owners have to put in buffer strip.

- Janet Chism, 330 Plymouth Has been told many times that Fisk Lake is a private lake and as such the city has no jurisdiction. Has made improvements on her own and doesn’t need laws to tell her what she should be doing. Wants to rebuild historic gazebo on her property. What about tennis courts and hockey rinks?

- Katie Karczewski, 2607 Frederick Her home sits very close to the water and this would significantly affect her. New rules will devalue property and prevent people from wanting to buy lakefront. Will eventually impact city revenue.

- John Loeks, 652 Manhattan Felt the many seawalls make buffer zones ineffective. Overly restrictive ordinance displays lack of confidence in residents and is unnecessary.
- Mike Mraz, 333 & 518 Lakeside  Part of the Fisk Lake Homeowners Association and feels people take excellent care of their properties and do not need additional regulations. Buffer requirement will impact future values and create a restrictive covenant that equates to a taking of property.

- Mike Meiresonne, 2096 Robinson  Stated overland runoff of rainwater from roads was a much larger problem than runoff from small lakefront buildings. Showed drawings of watershed area, standing water on his driveway and pollution statistics from outboard motors.

- Eileen DeVries, 325 Lakeside  Asked if she could replace an existing garden shed. Feared adding more vegetation would increase breeding areas for mosquitoes which spread West Nile disease.

- Dave Mehney, 3049 Mary  Felt pollution was coming from other sources. Offended that regulations have been tightened since early drafts and lakefront owners were not notified of meetings. Wanted to be compensated if city assumed control of his property rights. Felt city should look elsewhere to control pollution.

- Ray Loeschner, 2565 Frederick  Is considering some plantings along the water but feels these rules are too much. Ordinance came about too quickly; slow down and spend time with the people involved. Upset about lack of notice to owners. Table the issue and rewrite; don’t adopt now and deal with problems later.

- Katie Karczewski, 2607 Frederick  Felt lake traffic and outside visitors should be regulated and charged a fee to enjoy the lake. Lots of lawsuits waiting to happen for unmarked obstacles in the lake and outside boaters being negligent.

- Dave Mehney, 3049 Mary  Process should have been more open to residents and not secretive.

- Janet Chism, 330 Plymouth  Asked Commission to vote no and defeat the ordinance. Stated city spent more time and money to mail trash violation notices than something this important.

- Gordon Jones, 325 Rosewood  In favor of the proposed lakefront regulations as a small step in improving lake quality. Stated the buffer does not have to be 6’ wall of trees; low plants would suffice. Felt City did a good job of this with Hodenpyl and Waterfront Park and urged continuation of efforts at Collins Park to filter runoff and repel geese. Remains concerned about large homes being rebuilt on small lots with reduced setbacks and tall pitched roofs. Asked Commission to tighten restrictions on smaller side yards and eliminate percentage reduction formula for nonconforming lots.

No other public comment was received. Mayor Seibold closed the public hearing.

Mayor Seibold questioned which changes have been made since the initial public open house on this issue. Planning Consultant Paul LeBlanc stated small wording changes were made for clarity, an allowance for walkways was added, but nothing was made more restrictive.

City Attorney Huff stated Fisk Lake was considered a private lake because there was no public land or public access. As such, public funding for treatment was limited. He further noted that East Grand Rapids does not regulate access to or traffic on Reeds Lake and that Kent County patrols the lake and enforces boating regulations. City Manager Donovan added that the Reeds Lake boat ramp was funded by the State of Michigan, but the city operates the ramp.

2013-130-A.  Johnson-Dills. That an ordinance amendment to amend Chapter 50 of Title V of the City Code pertaining to the zoning ordinance be adopted as set forth in Exhibit “A” attached hereto.
Public Works Director Feldt answered several questions from the City Commission:
* The ordinance contained provisions for maintenance and repair of any nonconforming structure in the city, allowing for damage repair if less than 60% of the structure did not need to be replaced. If more than 60% is replaced, new regulations would apply.
* The high water mark was established at 732.2’ above sea level (2’ below the April flooding level) and would not be revised year to year unless the ordinance definition was changed by the City Commission.
* Docks were regulated under separate regulations and would not be affected by this ordinance.

Commissioner Skaggs questioned what other steps are taken to reduce pollution from stormwater runoff. City Manager Donovan reported the City has installed three underground chambers to separate pollutants from rainwater, has used porous pavers and woodchips for the boat launch and paths in Waterfront Park, planted a rain garden at Collins Park, and educates property owners on steps to reduce pollution from fertilizer, vehicles and household refuse.

Commissioner Graham commended residents for the work they’ve done to maintain their properties and improve the health of the lake, but noted the City enacts ordinances to ensure these efforts are continued by everyone if necessary. He expressed frustration that very few people attended the earlier meetings scheduled to receive input and then show up in mass at the last meeting to protest. He agreed there were many valid points presented and wished they had been voiced sooner to allow time for discussion before the scheduled final reading.

City Attorney Huff stated the commission could table the entire 100-page ordinance amendment or could remove the sections in question and adopt the remainder of the ordinance.

Commissioner Dills clarified to those in attendance that the vegetation buffer does not have to be 6’ tall and block the view of the lake. He stated low growing plants or even groundcover could be planted that would allow the view of the lake to remain unobstructed.

City Attorney Huff gave his opinion that the regulations would not constitute a “taking” of the property as they do not restrict all use of the land.

Commissioner Dills asked whether the setback and height allowances referenced by Mr. Jones had been part of the review process. Mr. LeBlanc stated they were briefly discussed, but ultimately left the same as the prior ordinances. He cautioned against changing setback or height requirements without considering the resulting creation of many nonconforming structures.

Mayor Seibold assured the residents the City Commission was trying to be good stewards of the lake, not to anger property owners. She felt the City needed to address all areas where lake quality can be improved, not just the big things. She noted that all residential properties are subject to front yard setbacks and these are similar to those setbacks. She also stated that while there have been several public meetings on this issue, she understood the resident’s need for more information about the impact of the new rules. She asked those in attendance to be part of the solution by meeting with her soon to discuss the issue further.

2013-130-B. Commissioner Johnson amended her motion to remove Section 5.28(D) in its entirety and to remove the language addressing shoreline setbacks from Section 5.70(7)A of the amendments under consideration to Chapter 50, including any references to these sections. Commissioner Dills agreed to this amendment.

Commissioner Johnson noted the best management practices addressing the shoreline are important to the health of the lake, but agreed property rights and the concerns voiced tonight were important as well. She felt some type of regulations should be adopted in the future after meeting with residents.

Yeas: Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Seibold – 7
Nays: -0-
2013-131. Johnson-Miller. Motion to approve the consent agenda as follows:


2013-131-B. Payroll disbursements of $203,170.66; county and school disbursements of $48,872.97, and total remaining disbursements of $156,375.33.

2013-131-C. The purchase of a speed/radar trailer in the amount of $8,585.00 from Kustom Signals of Leneka, Kansas.

2013-131-D. A resolution adopting the emergency Medical Services Consortium Partnership Agreement as set forth in Exhibit “B” attached hereto.

2013-131-E. A resolution agreeing to enter into a grant agreement with the State of Michigan for a “Stormwater Asset Management Wastewater (SAW) grant in the amount of $402,900.00 to develop a storm and sanitary sewer asset management plan as set forth in Exhibit “C” attached hereto.

2013-131-F. Contracts for the following employee benefit coverages: Health care coverage with Symetra as the Stop Loss Carrier, Physicians care as the PPO provider, and ASR Corporation as administrations, and to fund $1,000 in a Health Reimbursement Account for each eligible employee and retiree as outlined in the Finance Director’s memo of November 13, 2013.


2013-131-I. Preliminary minutes of the Planning Commission meeting held October 8, 2013.

2013-131-J. Preliminary minutes of the Parks & Recreation Commission meeting held October 14, 2013.

2013-131-K. Preliminary minutes of the Traffic Commission meeting held October 28, 2013. The City Commission took no action on the Traffic Commission’s motions to install “No Parking” signs on Lakeside Drive from Greenwood to Lakeside Apartments and to remove parking restrictions along the east side of Lovett. The motions will take effect immediately.

Yeas: Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Seibold – 7
Nays: -0-

The meeting adjourned at 7:47 p.m., subject to the call of the Mayor until December 2, 2013.

______________________________
Karen K. Brower, City Clerk

Attachments: A – Ordinance Amendment to Chapter 50 Chapter 23 regarding the zoning requirements.
B – Resolution adopting agreement for ambulance service consortium.
C – Resolution authorizing a Stormwater Asset Management Wastewater grant application.

Attachments listed above are available for inspection at the office of the City Clerk.
2013-132.
AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 50, TITLE V OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF EAST GRAND RAPIDS

THE CITY OF EAST GRAND RAPIDS ORDAINS:

Section 1. Chapter 50 of Title V of the Code of the City of East Grand Rapids is amended in its entirety to read as follows:

DIVISION 1: INTRODUCTION

Article 1 PURPOSE AND TITLE

Section 5.1 Short Title

This chapter shall be known, and may be cited, as the Zoning Ordinance of the City of East Grand Rapids.

Section 5.2 Purpose

The provisions of this chapter, enacted under the authority of the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, shall be held to be minimum requirements adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety, and for the encouragement of the orderly growth of the East Grand Rapids community, as well as the general welfare. This chapter is intended to insure that uses of land shall be situated in appropriate locations and relationships; to limit the inappropriate overcrowding of land and congestion of population and transportation systems and other public facilities; and to facilitate adequate and efficient provision of transportation systems, sewage disposal, water, energy, education, recreation, and other public service and facility needs.

Section 5.3 Interpretation and Conflicting Regulations

In its interpretation and application, the provisions of this chapter shall be held to be minimum requirements adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety, comfort, convenience, or general welfare. It is not intended by this chapter to impair or interfere with any other existing provision of law or ordinance. However, where this chapter imposes a greater restriction than is required by existing ordinance or by rules, regulations, or permits, the provisions of this chapter shall control.

Section 5.4 Vested Right

Nothing in this chapter shall be interpreted or construed to give rise to any permanent vested rights in the continuation of any particular use, district, zoning classification, or any permissible activities therein; and all rights are hereby declared to be subject to such subsequent amendment, change or modification hereof as may be necessary to the preservation or protection of public health, safety, and welfare.

Section 5.5 Reserved

- 1 -
Article 2  DEFINITIONS

Section 5.6  Construction of Language

A. The following words, terms and phrases, when used in this Ordinance, shall have the meanings assigned to them in this Chapter, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning.

B. Rules of Construction. The following rules of construction apply to this Chapter:

1. The particular shall control the general and the use of a general term shall not be taken to have the same meaning as another specific term. For example, a “dry cleaning retail establishment” shall not be interpreted to be the same as a “retail business supplying commodities on the premises,” if each term is listed as a separate and distinct use.

2. In case of any difference of meaning or implication between the text of this Chapter and any caption or illustration, the text shall control.

3. A building or structure includes any and all of its parts.

4. The phrase “used for” includes “arranged for,” “designed for,” “intended for,” “maintained for” and “occupied for.”

5. The word “shall” is always mandatory and not discretionary. The word “may” is permissive.

6. The word “person” includes any individual, corporation, partnership, incorporated association, limited liability company or any other similar entity.

7. Unless the context clearly indicates the contrary, where a regulation involves two or more items, conditions, provisions or events connected by the conjunctions “and,” “or” or “either . . . or,” the conjunction shall be interpreted as follows:

   a. “And” indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions or events apply.

   b. “Or” indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions or events may apply singly or in any combination.

   c. “Either . . . or” indicates that the connected items, conditions, provisions or events apply singly but not in combination.

8. Terms not defined in this Chapter shall have the meaning customarily assigned to them.
Section 5.7 Definitions A-B

**Accessory Building, Structure or Use.** A building, structure or use on the same lot with, and of a nature which is customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal building, structure or use or the property.

**Addition.** An extension or increase in floor area or height of a building or structure.

**Adult.** A person at the legal age of adulthood, as defined by the laws of the state of Michigan.

**Adult Day Care Home.** A private residence with the approved capacity to receive six or fewer adults, to be provided with foster care for periods of less than 24 hours per day, five or more days per week and for two or more consecutive weeks, as licensed and regulated under the Adult Foster Care Facility Licensing Act, Act 218 of the Public Acts of 1979, MCL 400.701 et seq., as amended.

**Adult Foster Care.** See Foster Care.

**Alley.** A secondary right-of-way which provides a means of access to the rear of a lot and/or building.

**Alteration.** A change, addition or modification in construction or type of occupancy; any change in a building, such as walls, partitions, columns or joists; any change in the dimensions or configuration of the roof, exterior walls or foundation; or any change which may be referred to as altered or reconstructed.

**Apartment.** See Dwelling Unit.

**Basement.** The part of a building between a floor and ceiling, which is partially below and partially above ground level, but with a vertical distance from grade to the floor below that is greater than the vertical distance from grade to the ceiling. A basement is not counted as a story (see Figure 2-1).

**Berm.** An earth mound covered with grasses, trees, and other plants; designed to provide visual interest, screen undesirable views and impacts and help separate incompatible uses.

**Board.** The Zoning Board of Appeals for the City of East Grand Rapids.

**Brew Pub.** A restaurant which serves alcoholic beverages and brews handcrafted, natural beer intended for retail consumption on the premises and on any premises that has a license as a standard full-service restaurant owned and operated in its entirety by the same corporate ownership and management as the brewpub.

**Brewery, Micro.** A facility for the production and packaging of malt beverages of low alcoholic content for distribution, retail or wholesale, on or off premises, with a capacity of not more than 15,000 barrels per year. A micro brewery may include other uses such as a standard restaurant, bar, or live entertainment, as otherwise permitted in the zoning district.
**Buffer.** An open area that does not contain development, structures and buildings, but which may include landscaping, a screen wall or berm - used to physically separate and screen one land use or property from another.

**Building.** A temporary or permanent independent structure, with a roof supported by columns, walls, or other supports that is used to house people, animals, possessions, or conduct business activities or other uses. A building may or may not have a permanent location on the ground. See also Structure.

**Building Height.** See Height of Building or Structure.

**Building Line.** See Setback Line.

**Building Official, or Building Inspector.** The person designated by the City to administer the building code.

**Building, Principal.** The building in which a principal use is located.

**Section 5.8 Definitions C-D**

**Carport.** A roofed structure, open on two or more sides, which may or may not be attached to a building, providing storage for vehicles.

**Carry-out Service.** A service that is ancillary to a permitted use involving the sale of pre-ordered and ready-to-consume food or beverages, which are packaged and intended for consumption off the premises. These items are delivered to a customer who is either waiting in the premises, or in a motor vehicle parked in a space designated and used for carry-out service.

**Certificate of Occupancy.** A document issued by the City certifying that a structure or use has been constructed and will be used in compliance with all applicable regulations and, therefore, occupancy or the use of the building can occur.

**Child Care Center.** See Day Care Facility.

**City Commission.** The City Commission of the City of East Grand Rapids.

**Clinic.** An establishment that admits patients on an outpatient basis for examination and treatment by physicians, dentists or similar medical professionals. Clinic does not include a marijuana collective, cooperative or dispensary, or the business of a primary caregiver or other business or use involved in the medical use of marijuana.

**Clinic, Veterinary.** A veterinary establishment that admits animals on an outpatient basis for examination and treatment and which are usually not lodged overnight.

**Commercial Vehicle.**

A. Vehicles primarily used to transport commercial goods or materials, or used to provide a commercial service;

B. Tractor cabs used for hauling semi-trailers;

C. All vehicles, including passenger vehicles, affixed with signs advertising or identifying an establishment, product, service or activity;
D. Mobile mechanized equipment, such as cranes, bulldozers, trenchers, tractors, compressors and similar equipment.

**Conditional Rezoning.** A rezoning that is conditioned by a specific use and/or other restrictions, voluntarily offered the applicant and recorded with the property.

**Condominium, Site.**

A. **Building Envelope.** The area of a condominium unit within which the principal building or structure may be constructed, together with any accessory structures, as described in the master site condominium deed.

B. **Condominium Act.** Public Act 59 of 1978, as amended.

C. **Condominium Unit.** That portion of the condominium project designed and intended for separate ownership and use, as described in the master deed of the condominium project, within which a building or other improvements may be constructed by the condominium unit owner. A site condominium unit is considered a lot by this Ordinance.

D. **Condominium Project.** A plan or project consisting of not less than two condominium units, established in conformance with the Condominium Act.

E. **Limited Common Element.** An area that is appurtenant to a site condominium unit and that is reserved in the master deed for the site condominium development for the exclusive use of the owner of the site condominium unit.

F. **Site Condominium.** A condominium development in which each condominium unit consists of an area of vacant land and a volume of vacant air space, within which a building or other improvements may be constructed.

G. **Site Condominium Development.** A development consisting of not less than two site condominium units, established in compliance with the Condominium Act.

H. **Site Condominium Development Plan.** The plans, drawings and information prepared for a site condominium development, as required by Section 66 of the Condominium Act and this Ordinance, for review by the Planning Commission and the City Commission.


**Cul-de-sac.** The vehicle turn-around area constituting the terminus of a street that has only one outlet to another street.

**Cupola.** A small ornamental structure placed on top of a larger roof, sometimes used as a lookout or to provide light and air (also called a Belfry).
**Day Care Facility.** A facility licensed under the Child Care Organizations Act, Public Act 116 of 1973. Day Care Facilities include the following:

A. **Child Care Center.** A facility other than a private residence in which one or more preschool or school age children are given care and supervision for periods of less than twenty 24 hours per day, and where the parents or guardians are not immediately available to the child. A child care center or day care center includes a facility that provides care for not less than two consecutive weeks, regardless of the number of hours of care per day. The facility is generally described as a child care center, day care center, day nursery, nursery school, parent cooperative preschool, play group, before- or after-school program or drop-in center.

B. **Family Day Care Home.** A private home in which one, but fewer than seven minor children are received for care and supervision for periods of less than 24 hours a day, unattended by a parent or legal guardian, except children related to an adult member of the family by blood, marriage or adoption. Family day care homes include a home in which care is given to an unrelated minor child for more than four weeks during a calendar year.

C. **Group Day Care Home.** A private home in which more than six, but not more than twelve minor children are given care and supervision for periods of less than 24 hours a day, unattended by a parent or legal guardian, except children related to an adult member of the family by blood, marriage or adoption. A group day care home includes a home in which care is given to an unrelated minor child for more than four weeks during a calendar year.

**Deck.** A structure, which may be directly attached to a dwelling, without a roof or walls, except for railings, that is constructed on piers or an above-grade foundation wall and used as an outdoor living area.

**Density, Gross.** The number of dwelling units per acre of land.

**Density, Net.** The number of dwelling units per acre of land, not including the area in rights-of-way for streets and any submerged land, unless otherwise specified in this ordinance.

**Director of Public Works.** The person designated by the City Commission to administer this Zoning Ordinance.

**Drive-in or Drive-Through Facility.** A system used to serve patrons of a business while in their motor vehicles, either exclusively or in addition to service within a building or structure.

**Driveway.** A privately controlled and maintained easement, right-of-way or other interest in land, located and constructed in accordance with the requirements of this Ordinance, providing vehicular access from a public or private street to a lot.

**Dwelling Unit.** A building or portion of a building, designed for use and occupancy by one family, having permanent provisions for living, sleeping, cooking and sanitation. A recreational vehicle, vehicle chassis, tent or other transient residential use is not considered a dwelling.
D. **Dwelling, Multiple Family.** A building containing three or more dwelling units where each unit may have access to a common hallway, stairs or elevator, or where each unit may have individual access to a street or common courtyard.

E. **Dwelling, Single Family.** A freestanding dwelling unit that is physically separate from any other dwelling.

F. **Dwelling, Two Family.** A one-family dwelling unit attached to one other dwelling by a common wall. (Also known as a “duplex”)

### Section 5.9 Definitions E-F

**Easement.** A grant of one or more rights by the property owner to and/or for the use by the public, a utility or another person or entity.

**Essential Services.** The erection, construction, alteration, or maintenance by a public utility, or municipal department, of underground, surface or overhead gas, communication, telephone, electrical, steam, fuel or water, transmission, distribution collection, supply, or disposal systems. This includes related poles, wires, pipes, conduit, cables, public safety alarm and communication equipment, traffic signals, hydrants and similar accessories that are necessary to furnish adequate service, addressing general public health, safety, convenience, or welfare. These do not include wireless telecommunication towers (unless located on public property and used as part of a municipal emergency communications network); wind energy conversion systems (WECS); offices, utility buildings, substations, or structures that are enclosures or shelters for service equipment; or maintenance depots.

**Excavation.** The process of altering natural grade by cutting or filling earth, or any activity by which soil or rock is cut, dug, quarried, uncovered, removed, displaced or relocated.

**Family.** Either of the following defines a family:

A. An individual or group of two or more persons, related by blood, marriage or adoption, together with foster children and servants of the principal occupants who are domiciled together as a single, domestic, housekeeping unit in a dwelling unit; or

B. A collective number of individuals, domiciled together in one dwelling unit whose relationship is of a continuing, non-transient domestic character, and who cook and live as a single nonprofit housekeeping unit. This does not include a society, club, fraternity, sorority, association, half-way house, lodge, organization, group of students or other individuals whose domestic relationship is of a transitory or seasonal nature, such as a school term, or a period of rehabilitation or treatment, or is otherwise not intended to be of a permanent nature.

**Fence.** A permanent outdoor partition, wall, fence, structure or gate, erected as a barrier or enclosure.

**Filling.** Depositing or dumping any matter into or onto the ground.
Floor Area, Gross. The sum of the horizontal area of all building floors, excluding basements, measured from the interior faces of exterior walls. (see Figure 2-x).

Floor Area, Livable. The total area of all floors whose height is more than half above finished grade, having a minimum floor to ceiling height of seven and a half feet, located on a permanent foundation, wired for electrical service and heated for year-round use.

Floor Area, Usable. The sum of the total horizontal area of all building floors that are used or intended to be used for the sale of merchandise, or to serve clients or customers, and all areas devoted to employee work space. Floor area is measured from the interior faces of exterior walls. Excluded from usable floor area are those parts of a building principally used, or intended to be used to store or process merchandise, and hallways, elevators, stairs, bulkheads, or utility or sanitary facilities. (see Figure 2-2).

Foster Care.

C. Adult Foster Care Facility. A facility defined by the Adult Foster Care Facility Licensing Act (PA 218 of 1979) as an establishment providing foster care to adults. Included are foster care facilities and family homes for adults who are aged, mentally ill, developmentally disabled or physically disabled, and who require supervision on an ongoing basis, but who do not require continuous nursing care.

1. Adult Foster Care Family Home. A private residence with an approved capacity of six or fewer adults, where foster care is provided 24 hours per day, five or more days per week, and for two or more consecutive weeks. It is licensed and regulated under the Adult Foster Care Facility Licensing Act, Act 218 of the Public Acts of 1979, MCL 400.701 et seq., as amended. The person issued the adult foster care family home license is a member of the household and an occupant of the residence.

2. Adult Foster Care Group Home. A private residence where adults are provided with foster care 24 hours a day, five or more days per week, and for two or more consecutive weeks. A foster care group home with an approved capacity of at least seven, but not more than 12 adults is a “small group home”. A group home with an approved capacity of at least 13, but not more than 20 adults is a “large group home”. An adult foster care facility is licensed under the Adult Foster Care Facility Licensing Act, Act 218 of the Public Acts of 1979, MCL 400.701 et seq., as amended, and the person issued the adult foster care group home license is a member of the household and an occupant of the residence.

D. Foster Family Home. A private home, licensed under Act 116 of the Public Acts of 1973, in which at least one, but not more than four minor children who are not related to an adult member of the house by blood or marriage, or who are not placed in the household pursuant to the Adoption Code (Act 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, as amended), are given care and supervision 24 hours per day, four or more days per week for two or more
consecutive weeks, unattended by a parent or guardian. The person issued the license is a permanent resident of the home.

E. **Foster Family Group Home.** A private home, licensed under Act 116 of the Public Acts of 1973, in which more than four, but fewer than seven minor children, who are not related to an adult member of the house by blood or marriage, or who are not placed in the household pursuant to the Adoption Code (Act 288 of the Public Acts of 1939, as amended), are given care and supervisions 24 hours per day, four or more days per week for two or more consecutive weeks, unattended by a parent or guardian. The person issued the license is a permanent resident of the home.

**Frontage.** See *Lot Frontage.***

**Section 5.10 Definitions G-H**

**Grade.** The elevation of the ground adjacent to a structure. Existing or natural grade is the elevation that exists or existed prior to manmade alterations. Finished grade is the elevation established after filling or excavation.

**Greenbelt.** A strip of land providing visual relief between properties, reserved for landscaping, berms, walls or fencing; often between abutting uses of differing intensities or along the street frontage.

**Height of Building or Structure.** The vertical distance measured from the average elevation of the finished lot grade at the front of the building, to the highest point of a flat roof; to the deck line of a mansard roof; to the average height between the eaves and ridge for a gable, hip and gambrel roof, or to an equivalent point on any other roof. When the lot is developed and permits a walkout entry at the rear of the building, the height shall be measured from the average elevation of the finished lot grade at the rear of the building.

**Home Occupation.** An occupation or profession that is customarily incidental and secondary to the use of a dwelling. It is conducted within a dwelling, carried out by its occupants utilizing equipment typically found in a home and is not evident from the outside.

**Hospital.** A facility providing health care services primarily for in-patient and surgical care of the sick or injured, including related facilities that are an integral part of the facility such as laboratories, out-patient departments, clinics, central service facilities and staff offices.

**Household.** All persons occupying a house, apartment, group of rooms or a single room occupied as separate living quarters, regardless of their relationship to one another.

**Housing, Independent Living and Assisted Living.** A building or buildings containing individual dwelling units designed for and restricted to occupancy by persons of a specified age who are retired or are nearing retirement and wish to live in a community environment, but do
not require nursing or medical supervision. Group dining facilities and non-medical personal care services may also be provided. Such housing does not include a nursing home.

Section 5.11 Definitions I-J

Impervious Surface. Any material that substantially reduces or prevents the infiltration of storm water into the earth.

Inoperable Vehicle. An unlicensed and/or uninsured motor vehicle that is incapable of being operated under its own power.

Junk. Including, but not limited to inoperable vehicles; solid waste; motor vehicles, machinery, appliances, products, or merchandise with missing parts; scrap metals or materials that are damaged or deteriorated; or vehicles or machines in a condition preventing them from being used as manufactured.

Section 5.12 Definitions K-L

Loading Space. A designated off-street space on the same lot as a building or group of buildings, used to temporarily park a commercial vehicle while loading and unloading merchandise or materials.

Lot. A parcel of land intended for individual ownership and use, separately described on a deed or other instrument recorded in the office of the Kent County Register of Deeds, whether by metes and bounds, as part of a platted subdivision or site condominium. See Lot of Record (see Figure 2-4).

A. Lot Area. The area of land included within a lot as defined by lot lines, but excluding any public rights-of-way.

B. Lot Coverage, Buildings. The lot area, stated as a percentage of the total, covered by all buildings and areas under roof.

C. Lot Coverage, Pavement and Buildings. The lot area, stated as a percentage of the total, covered by all buildings and paved surfaces, including driveways, patios and walkways. One-half the area of permeable surfaces, approved by the Director of Public Works, are also counted toward this calculation.

D. Lot Frontage. The length of the front lot line measured at the street right-of-way; except as defined for flag lots.

E. Lot Width. The horizontal distance between side lot lines measured at the two points where the required front setback intersects the side lot lines.
F. **Lot, Corner.** A lot with at least two contiguous sides abutting two intersecting streets, and where the interior angle of the intersecting streets is less than 135 degrees. Also, a lot located on a curved street or streets if tangents of the curve, at the points of beginning with the lot or the points of intersection of the side lot lines with the street line, intersect at an interior angle of less than 135 degrees.

G. **Lot, Interior.** A lot other than a corner or through lot.

H. **Lot, Double Frontage or Through.** An interior lot bordered by two, more or less, parallel streets.

**Lot Lines** (see Figure 2-4)

A. **Front Lot Line.**

1. For an interior lot, the front lot line shall be the line abutting the street right-of-way or private street easement.

2. For a corner lot, the front lot line shall be the line that abuts the street right-of-way or private street easement that is designated on the plat of subdivision or was determined to be the front lot line at the time a permit was issued for the principal building on the lot. If there is no indication on the plat or in the records of original permits, the front lot line shall be determined by the Director of Public Works in accordance with Section 5.62.

3. For a through lot, each line abutting the street right-of-way or private street easement shall be considered a front lot line for purposes of determining minimum setbacks.

B. **Rear Lot Line.** The lot line opposite and most distant from the front lot line. In the case of an irregular, triangular or flared lot, the rear lot line shall be a line at least 10 feet in length entirely within the lot, parallel to and at the maximum distance from the front lot line. A through lot does not have a rear lot line.

C. **Side Lot Line.** A lot line that is neither a front lot line nor a rear lot line.

D. **Street Line.** Any lot line separating a lot from a public or private street right-of-way. A front street line shall be the street line that is also the front lot line, as defined in this section.

**Lot of Record.** A parcel of land separately described on a plat, condominium document or metes and bounds description recorded in the office of the Kent County Register of Deeds, which was in existence on the effective date of this ordinance.

**Section 5.13 Definitions M-N**

**Manufactured Home.** A factory-built, single family structure that is manufactured under the National Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards Act. It is transportable in one or more sections, built on a permanent chassis or foundation and used as a dwelling. It is not
constructed with a permanent hitch or other device allowing its transport, other than for its delivery to a permanent site and does not have wheels or axles permanently attached to its body or frame.

**Master Plan.** The plan adopted by the City of East Grand Rapids in accordance with the Michigan Planning Enabling Act, Act 33 of 2008, as amended

**Marihuana.**

A. **Marihuana, also known as Marijuana, also known as Cannabis.** The term shall have the meaning given to it in Section 7601 of the Michigan Public Health Code, 1978 PA 368, as amended, MCL 333.7106 et seq., as is referred to in Section 3(d) of the Michigan Medical Marihuana Act, PA 2008, Initiated Law 1, MCL 333.26423(d). Any other term pertaining to marihuana used in this Ordinance and not otherwise defined shall have the meaning given to it in the Michigan Medical Marihuana Act and/or in the General Rules of the Michigan Department of Community Health issued in connection with that Act.

B. **Marihuana Dispensary or Dispensary.**

1. Medical marihuana dispensary means any business, facility, association, cooperative, location, or operation, whether fixed or mobile, where medical marihuana is made available to, sold, traded, used, grown, processed, delivered, or distributed by or to one or more of the following:
   
   a. A primary caregiver (as defined by Michigan Initiated Law 1 of 2008, as amended).
   
   b. A qualifying patient (as defined by Michigan Initiated Law 1 of 2008, as amended).
   
   c. Members of the public.

2. A medical marihuana dispensary shall also include any place, location, facility, or operation, whether fixed or mobile, where medical marihuana is smoked or consumed by three or more persons at one time.

3. A medical marihuana dispensary shall not include the dispensation of medical marihuana by a primary caregiver personally dispensing to not more than five qualified patients in strict accordance with Michigan Initiated Law 1 of 2008, as amended, so long as the lawful amount of medical marihuana is delivered to the qualifying patient where the qualifying patient resides and it is done in full compliance with this Ordinance, all other applicable City ordinances, and applicable Michigan and federal laws, rules, and regulations.”

C. **Medical Use of Marihuana.** The acquisition, possession, cultivation, manufacture, use, internal possession, delivery, transfer or transportation of marihuana or paraphernalia relating to the administration of marihuana to treat or alleviate a registered qualifying patient’s debilitating medical condition or symptoms associated with the debilitating
medical condition, as defined under the Michigan Medical Marihuana Act, PA 2008, Initiated Law 1, MCL 333.26421 et seq.

**Mezzanine.** A partial story between two main stories of a building.

**Mini-Warehouse/Self Storage Facility.** A building or a group of buildings in a controlled-access compound where individual compartments, stalls, or lockers are rented out to tenants to store goods.

**Mobile Home.** A manufactured home.

**Motel/Hotel.** A building or group of buildings on the same lot, containing sleeping or dwelling units in which lodging is provided for compensation on a transient basis. The term includes motor lodges, hotels, and similar facilities.

**Motor Home.** See Recreational Vehicle.

**Nonconforming Structure.** A building or any of its parts, lawfully existing on the effective date of this Ordinance, or subsequent amendment, that does not conform to the current provisions of the district in which it is located.

**Nonconforming Lot.** A lot lawfully existing on the effective date of this Ordinance, or subsequent amendment, that does not meet the current area and/or width requirements of the zoning district in which it is located.

**Nonconforming Use.** A use or activity lawfully existing on the effective date of this Ordinance, or subsequent amendment, that does not conform to the current use provisions of the Zoning Ordinance.

**Nursery School.** See Day Care Facility.

**Nursing Home.** A nursing care facility, including a county medical care facility, but excluding a hospital, or a facility created by Act No. 152 of the Public Acts of 1985, as amended, being Sections 36.1 to 36.12 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, which provide organized nursing care and medical treatment to seven or more unrelated individuals, suffering or recovering from illness, injury or infirmity.

**Section 5.14 Definitions O-P**

**Office.** A room, suite of rooms, or building in which a person transacts the affairs of a business, profession, service, industry, or government.

**Office, Serviced.** Also known as drop-in offices or virtual offices. An office space available for short-term rental or use, including periods as short as one hour or less. Users are provided with connections to wireless networks, and may also be provided access to telephones, printers and other office machines. A serviced office also may or may not provide shared clerical and other administrative services.

**Open Space.** A parcel, or area of land or water, that may or may not be improved and that is reserved for public or private use.

**Ordinary High Water Mark.** A line identified as a topographic elevation contour between upland and bottomland which persists through successive changes in water levels, below which the presence and action of water is so common or recurrent that the character of the bottomland
is markedly distinct from that of the upland and is apparent in the soil itself, the configuration of the surface of the soil and the vegetation. For purposes of this definition, a specific contour elevation of 732.2 is established as the ordinary high water mark.

**Outdoor Display, Sales.** The outdoor placement, storage or keeping, for display purposes, of equipment, vehicles, trailers and other similar goods for sale on a premises.

**Outdoor Storage.** The outdoor placement of goods such as, building or construction materials, equipment, vehicles, trailers and other supplies, for future use, production, assembly, preservation or disposal.

**Parking Lot.** An open area, outside a public right-of-way, used for the parking of motor vehicles and accessory conveyances for a fee or as an accommodation for clients, customers, residents or employees.

**Parking Space.** A defined space used to park a motor vehicle.

**Patio.** An uncovered at-grade courtyard or outdoor platform.

**Permeable Surface.** A porous material that permits storm water to percolate or infiltrate into the soil below. Examples of permeable materials include: pervious concrete, porous asphalt, paving stones or concrete or plastic-based pavers.

**Personal Service Establishment.** A business providing services involving the care of a person, or the care or repair of personal goods or apparel.

**Personal Trailer.** A wheeled vehicle that is not self-propelled, but capable of transporting contents. It is designed to be towed by a motor vehicle, but not designed or intended to be used as a living quarters.

**Pet, Domesticated or Household.** An animal commonly domesticated as a companion and kept in a home or yard. Examples include dogs, cats, birds, fish, rabbits, small rodents and similar animals, which do not present an unusual risk to a person or property.

**Planning Commission.** The City of East Grand Rapids Planning Commission.

**Plants.**

A. **Plants, Ground Cover.** Low-growing plants such as perennial flowers, grasses and vines. Chipped wood, bark mulch, concrete, gravel and similar materials, or artificial plants, are not considered ground cover.

B. **Plants, Shrubs.** Woody plants with several stems arising from the base.

**Plat.** A map of a subdivision of land, recorded with the Kent County Register of Deeds, pursuant to the Subdivision Control Act, PA 288 of 1967, Land Division Act, PA 591 of 1996 (MCL 560.101 et seq.), as amended.

**Principal Building.** See **Building, Principal.**

**Principal Use.** See **Use, Principal.**
Section 5.15 Definitions Q-R

Radio and Television Broadcasting Station. An establishment consisting of a studio, transmitter and antennas engaged in transmitting audio or video programs to the public.

Recreation Facility, Indoor. A facility, open either to the general public or to members and their guests, located in an enclosed building designed to accommodate sports, recreational activities, training or related enterprises. Also included are accessory uses that clearly support the primary use, such as sporting goods shops, food service and party/banquet facilities serving patrons of the indoor recreation use, spectator accommodations, changing/locker rooms and employee offices.

Recreation Facility, Outdoor. A recreation facility operated primarily for outdoor recreation uses, and related buildings and structures that are accessory to the primary outdoor nature of the activities. Included are golf courses and related support facilities, court games, field sports, shooting ranges, winter sports, swim clubs, campgrounds and resorts, or combination of such uses.

Recreational Vehicle/Recreational Unit.

A. Recreational Vehicle. A travel, camping or tent trailer; motor home; truck camper or similar vehicle designed primarily as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping or travel use. It is either self-powered or mounted on or drawn by another vehicle. It does not include a manufactured home. For purposes of this ordinance, utility trailers shall also be considered recreational vehicles.

B. Recreational Unit. A vehicle used primarily for recreation, such as a boat, jet ski, snowmobile, all-terrain vehicle, dune buggy or similar vehicle or equipment. A recreational unit mounted on a personal trailer is considered a single recreational unit.

Section 5.16 Definitions S-T

Screening or Buffering. A way of visually shielding or obscuring one abutting or nearby structure or use from another, using a fence, wall, berm or vegetation.

Screen Wall. A solid wall or fence erected to shield, buffer, and/or screen incompatible uses.

Self-Storage Facility. See Mini-Warehouse/Self Storage Facility.

Service Area. An outdoor area related to a nonresidential use that is used for loading and unloading operations and to receive and temporarily store goods, materials and equipment.

Serviced Office. See Office, serviced.

Setback. The minimum required horizontal distance, measured from the lot lines (see Figure 2-5) for structures on a lot to be separated from the lot lines, as follows:

Figure 2-5: Setbacks
A. **Front Setback Line.** The line marking the required distance from the street right-of-way or easement which establishes the minimum front yard setback.

B. **Rear Setback Line.** The line marking the required distance from the rear lot line which establishes the required rear yard setback.

C. **Side Setback Line.** The lines marking the required distance from the side lot lines, which establishes the required side yard setbacks.

**Sign.** Any device, panel, banner or structure constructed or maintained with words, numbers, or characters thereon for the purpose of an advertisement, announcement, or giving information. (See City Sign Ordinance)

**Single Ownership.** A parcel of land in separate and distinct ownership from adjacent parcels.

**Site Plan.** A plan of a proposed project that shows all relevant features necessary to determine if it meets the requirements and standards of this Ordinance.

**Story.** The part of a building, except a mezzanine or basement, that is between the surface of one floor and the surface of the next floor above it. If there is no floor above, then a story is the space between the floor and the above ceiling. *See also Basement and Mezzanine.*

**Story, Half.** The uppermost habitable story under a sloped roof with a usable floor area that does not exceed 50 percent of the floor area of the story immediately below; provided, the area contains at least 200 square feet with a clear height of at least seven and a half feet.

**Street.** A public or private thoroughfare, used or intended to be used for passage or travel by motor vehicles. “Street” also includes the term “Road.”

A. **Street, Private.** A privately owned and maintained street serving three or more lots, parcels, buildings or dwellings, and constructed on a privately owned easement.

B. **Street, Public.** An easement, right-of-way or other interest that has been conveyed to and accepted by a governmental body for the purpose of providing access to abutting land.

**Structure.** Anything constructed or erected requiring a permanent location in, or on the ground, or that must be attached to something having such a permanent location. Structures include, but are not limited to: parking lots; access drives; buildings; swimming pools and signs.

**Temporary Storage Unit.** A transportable, box-like container or structure designed and used primarily for temporary storage of personal property, household goods and other such materials for use on a temporary basis. A temporary storage unit is not considered an accessory structure and does not include a truck trailer, or other part of a motor vehicle, nor any type of wheeled vehicle or conveyance, except when attached to a truck for delivery and removal. A temporary storage unit may also be termed a portable storage container (PSC).

**Temporary Use.** See Use, Temporary

**Trailers.** See Recreational Vehicle.

**Tree, Canopy.** A deciduous shade tree.

**Tree, Evergreen.** A tree with foliage that persists and remains green throughout the year.
**Tree, Ornamental.** A small deciduous tree grown for its foliage and/or flowers.

**Section 5.17 Definitions U-V**

**Use.** Any purpose for which land or a structure is designed, arranged, intended, used, maintained or occupied.

A. **Accessory Use.** A use customarily incidental and subordinate to the principal use of the structure or premises.

B. **Use Permitted By Right.** A principal or accessory use that is permitted within a zoning district as a matter of right; provided, all dimensional and other general requirements of that district are met.

C. **Principal Use.** The primary purpose for which land or a structure may be used.

D. **Special Land Use.** A principal or accessory use that may be permitted within a zoning district, subject to compliance with certain procedures, requirements and conditions necessary to ensure its compatibility with other uses allowed in the district or surrounding area.

E. **Temporary Use.** A use or uses that occur on private property which are inherently temporary or which are proposed to be engaged in for only a short period of time. Examples include: Parade-of-Homes type events, street fairs, art exhibits, weddings and gatherings or events in residential neighborhoods involving large groups of people. Temporary uses do not include garage sales which are regulated separately, nor would they include events or activities which occur entirely within a park, street or other property owned or controlled by the city or the schools in the event the activity has been approved by the city or the schools.

**Variance.** An allowed modification to the requirements of this Ordinance, as authorized by the Zoning Board of Appeals under the provisions of this Ordinance and Act 207 of the Public Acts of 1921, as amended.

**Vehicle Service Station.** An establishment where motor vehicle fuel is sold, along with accessory uses such as minor vehicle repair services; the sale of related products and accessories which may also be installed on the premises and the sale of convenience items. Convenience retail sales include such things as snacks, food and beverages and/or fast food where food is prepared and ordered either indoors, or via a drive-through and consumed on or off the site.

**Section 5.18 Definitions W-Z**

**Warehouse.** A building primarily used to store goods, materials and commodities including associated driveways and vehicle circulation and parking areas. A warehouse may include goods, materials and commodities stored on a wholesale basis before being distributed for retail sale and also a self-storage warehouse where customers deliver and store goods and remove them when storage is terminated.

**Wind Energy Conversion System (WECS).**
A. A wind energy conversion system (see Figure 2-6) is a combination of:

1. A surface area (typically a blade, rotor or similar device), either variable or fixed, for utilizing the wind for electrical power; and

2. A shaft, gearing, belt or coupling utilized to convert the rotation of the surface area into a form suitable for driving a generator, alternator or other electricity-producing device; and

3. The generator, alternator or other device to convert the mechanical energy of the surface area into electrical energy, generally housed in a nacelle; and

4. The tower, pylon, building mount or other structure upon which any, all or some combination of the above are mounted.

5. Other components not listed above, but that are associated with the normal construction, operation and maintenance of a WECS.

6. A WECS may have a horizontal axis, with a rotor that spins perpendicular to the ground or a vertical axis, with a rotor that spins parallel to the ground.

B. WECS Height. The distance measured between the ground (at normal grade) and the highest point of a WECS (for a horizontal axis WECS, the measurement shall be to the tip of the rotor blade when the blade is in the full vertical position). The height of a building mounted WECS shall be measured from the grade of the building upon which it is attached.

C. On-site Service WECS. A single WECS placed upon a lot or parcel with the primary intent to service the energy needs of only the structures and uses on the same lot or parcel.

Wireless Telecommunication Tower. A freestanding structure or one that is attached to another structure, supporting one or more antennas for telephone, radio or other communication.

Yard. The open spaces on a lot located between a building and a lot line. The term “required yard” refers to the portion of the yard lying between the lot lines and required setback lines (see Figure 2-7).

A. Yard. Front. The space extending the full width of the lot and measuring the shortest horizontal distance between the front lot line
and the nearest wall of the principal building or a covered porch, deck or patio attached to it.

B. **Yard, Rear.** The space extending the full width of the lot, the depth of which is the shortest horizontal distance between the rear lot line and the nearest wall of the principal building or a covered porch, deck or patio attached to it. A through lot is not considered to have a rear yard.

C. **Yard, Side.** The space between a principal building and the side lot line, extending from the front yard to the rear yard, the width of which is the shortest horizontal distance from the side lot line to the nearest wall of the principal building or a covered porch, deck or patio attached to it.

D. **Yard, Required.** The area within the required setback, on all four sides of a building.


**Zoning Board of Appeals.** The City of East Grand Rapids Zoning Board of Appeals.

**Zoning District (Zone).** A portion of the City within which certain uses of land or buildings are permitted and within which certain regulations and requirements apply under the provisions of this Ordinance.

**DIVISION 2: ZONING DISTRICTS**

**Article 3**  **ZONING DISTRICTS AND MAP**

**Section 5.19**  **Districts Established**

The following zoning districts are established:

A. **Residential Districts**

1. **Single Family Districts**
   a. **R-1 Single Family Residential**
   b. **R-2 Single Family Residential**
   c. **R-3 Single Family Residential**

2. **MFR Multiple Family Residential**

B. **Commercial District: C-1 Commercial District**
Section 5.20  Zoning Map

The locations and boundaries of these descriptions are hereby established on a map entitled “City of East Grand Rapids Zoning Map” which is hereby adopted and declared to be a part of this Ordinance.

A. Regardless of any published copies of the zoning map, the official zoning map shall be located in the office of the city clerk and shall be the final authority as to the current zoning status of all land in the city. A record is to be kept by the city clerk of all changes made or required to be made to the official zoning map.

B. The official zoning map shall be identified by the signature of the city clerk.

C. The official zoning map shall be kept up to date and accessible to the general public. Once a change to the map becomes effective it shall be reflected on the official zoning map.

Section 5.21  District Boundaries Interpreted

Where the boundaries of a zoning district, as shown on the official zoning map, are uncertain the following rules shall apply:

A. Where boundaries approximately follow streets, alleys or highways, their centerlines or those lines extended shall constitute the zoning district boundaries.

B. Where boundaries approximately follow lot lines, they shall be construed as following those lot lines.

C. Where boundaries approximately follow city limits lines, they shall be construed as following those lines.

D. Where boundaries are approximately parallel to the centerline of a street or highway, they shall be construed as being parallel to the centerline and at the distance from the centerline as indicated on the official zoning map. If a distance is not given, the location on the map shall be determined by using a scale.

E. Where boundaries follow the shoreline of a stream, lake, or other body of water, they shall be construed to follow that shoreline. In the event the shoreline changes, the boundaries shall be construed as moving with the shoreline. Boundaries indicated as approximately following the centerline of streams, rivers, drainage ditches or other bodies of water shall be construed to follow those centerlines.

F. Where the application of these rules leaves a reasonable doubt as to the boundaries between two districts, the Zoning Board of Appeals shall interpret the boundary location.

G. If a parcel or lot is divided by a zoning district boundary, the entire parcel or lot shall be subject to the requirements of the district encompassing the larger area within the parcel or lot.
Section 5.22  Zoning of Vacated Areas

When a street, alley or other public way is vacated by governmental action, and when the lands within the boundaries of such a facility are attached to and become a part of the lands adjoining the vacated street, alley, or public way, the lands formerly within the boundaries of the facility shall be subject to the same zoning regulations as apply to the adjoining lands.

Section 5.23  Zoning of Annexed Areas

Upon annexation of any land to the city, the annexed property shall be zoned R-1 upon annexation. The property owner, City Commission or Planning Commission may thereafter initiate a rezoning amendment to rezone the annexed property into the appropriate district.

Section 5.24  Reserved

Section 5.25  Reserved

Article 4  RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS

Section 5.26  Intent

A. Single Family Districts. The single family dwelling districts are established to encourage a suitable environment for the development of single family neighborhoods and compatible and supportive recreational, institutional and educational uses. These districts are intended to protect single family neighborhoods from encroachment by uses that are incompatible with the density and character of established single family neighborhoods. The following single family residential districts are established:

1. R-1 Single Family Residential District.
2. R-2 Single Family Residential District
3. R-3 Single Family Residential District

B. Multiple Family Districts: MFR Multiple Family Residential District. The MFR District is designed primarily for medium density garden-type apartments, row housing, and group housing, regulated so as to cover a minimum of ground area and to provide a maximum of open space. This zone also serves a useful function as a buffer along some major streets and neighborhood shopping areas.

Section 5.27  Schedule of Uses

Uses permitted in the districts are listed in Table 5.27. Additional requirements related to a specific use, if any, are referenced in the “Specific Requirements” column. Any use not specifically listed shall be prohibited, unless the use is determined to be a similar use according to Section 5.75(a). The requirements in footnotes are an integral part of this chapter and shall apply in all instances.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P = Permitted use by right</th>
<th>S = Special Land Use (See Article 11 for procedures and requirements)</th>
<th>R-1</th>
<th>R-2</th>
<th>R-3</th>
<th>MFR</th>
<th>Additional Requirements</th>
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<td>Section 5.70(A)</td>
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<td>Home occupation</td>
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<td>Section 5.70(B)</td>
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<td>Home occupation, with no more than one employee who is not a member of the family</td>
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<td>Section 5.70(B)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Foster family home</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foster family group home</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Residential</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple family dwellings, three to four units</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Section 5.28(A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple family dwellings, four to 24 units</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.28(A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single family dwellings</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-family dwellings</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independent and assisted living</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.74(A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recreation/Cultural</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public facilities (government buildings, public museums, public galleries, public libraries, etc.)</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parks and recreational facilities, publicly owned</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Public and Institutional</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Convalescent and nursing homes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.73(B)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospital</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.77(A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private or parochial school</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.73(C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churches and places of worship</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.73(A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Services</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child care center</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Other Uses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Essential services</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Section 5.66</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Similar uses</td>
<td>P/S</td>
<td>P/S</td>
<td>P/S</td>
<td>P/S</td>
<td>Section 5.75(A)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wind energy conversion systems</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Section 5.75(C)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless telecommunications facilities</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.75(D)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Section 5.28 Area, Height and Placement Requirements**

A. **Dimensional Requirements.** Building height, setbacks, lot coverage and minimum lot area for development in the residential districts shall conform to the requirements of Table 5.28-1 for the R-1, R-2 and R-3 districts, and Table 5.28-2 for the MFR District. The requirements in footnotes are an integral part of this chapter and shall apply in all instances.
Table 5.28-1 Dimensional Requirements: Single Family Residential Districts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement/District</th>
<th>R-1</th>
<th>R-2</th>
<th>R-3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum area (sq. ft.)</td>
<td>12,000</td>
<td>7,200</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distance from street line in which minimum area must be met (ft.)&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum lot width (ft.)</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum yard setback (ft.)&lt;sup&gt;2&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side&lt;sup&gt;3&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Least side</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjoining a street</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear&lt;sup&gt;4&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum building height</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feet</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stories</td>
<td>2½</td>
<td>2½</td>
<td>2½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum lot coverage (%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings&lt;sup&gt;5&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pavement and buildings</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5.28-2 Dimensional Requirements: MFR Multiple Family Residential District

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Single family</th>
<th>Two family</th>
<th>Multiple family</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum area per unit (sq. ft.)</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum lot width (ft.)</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum yard setback (ft.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Least side</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjoining a street</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum building height</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feet</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stories</td>
<td>2½</td>
<td>2½</td>
<td>2½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum lot coverage (%)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings&lt;sup&gt;5&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pavement and buildings</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>1</sup> Density of multiple family units shall not exceed 18 units per gross acre.

B. **Established Front Yard Setback (See Figure 1).** In the R-1, R-2 and R-3 districts, if 25 percent or more of all of the parcels on one side of a street between two intersecting streets contain a principal structure, the minimum front yard setback shall be the average of the front yards established by the principal structures located on lots on the same side of the street within the same block that are within 200 feet in each direction from the subject property (not including corner lots where the front setback is on the intersecting street), provided:

---

<sup>1</sup> The minimum lot area shall be determined by measuring from the front street line the specified distance along the side lot lines from the intersection of each side lot line with the front street line, and connecting the points thus determined with a single straight line. The minimum lot area shall be met within the polygon thus created.

<sup>2</sup> See additional requirements or exceptions in Section 5.28(B), (C) below.

<sup>3</sup> The stated side yard setbacks shall apply only to the principal dwelling on single family lots. For all other permitted principal buildings, the side yard shall not be less than the stated requirement or 20 feet, whichever is greater.

<sup>4</sup> A corner lot that adjoins a lot in a residential district has no rear yard; see Section 5.28(C).

<sup>5</sup> Includes principal and accessory buildings and structures, including covered walkways; but does not include unroofed structures such as porches, patios or decks.
1. If this average results in a setback that is greater than the established front yard setbacks of the principal structures on both of the lots adjacent to the property in question, the required setback shall be the average of the established setback of the adjacent lots.

2. For a double frontage (through) lot, the requirements of this subsection shall apply only to the established setbacks from the street upon which the lot is addressed. The setback from the opposite street shall be subject to the minimum front yard setback requirements of the zoning district. In the case of a row of three or more contiguous double frontage lots, these requirements shall apply only to the established setbacks from the street upon which the majority of the lots are addressed.

3. If less than 25 percent of the parcels on one side of a street between two intersecting streets contain a principal structure, the required front setback shall be as required for the zoning district.

C. **Corner Lots.** Where the rear yard of a corner lot in the R-1, R-2 or R-3 district adjoins any residential district, no part of the principal building within 25 feet of the common lot line shall be nearer the side street than the established front yard on the adjoining

---

**Figure 4-1: Established Front Setback, Single Family Districts**

**Figure 4-2: Corner Lot Setbacks**
lot; however, any portion of the principal structure on the corner lot that lies beyond the established front yard on the adjoining lot may be erected to the minimum least side yard requirement of that zone district (See Figure 2).

D. **Waterfront Lots.** It is recognized that the City’s lakes and other water resources are of great importance to the quality of life in the community, the value of abutting property and the economic prosperity of local businesses. Therefore, it is in the best interest of the community as a whole to take measures to protect these rich assets by reducing runoff of storm water, chemicals and pollutants directly into the water.

1. **Applicability.** The requirements of this subsection shall apply to any lot that abuts Reeds Lake, Fisk Lake or the Reeds Lake/Fisk Lake channel, when any new construction, including principal buildings, additions, accessory buildings, decks, patios, pavement or similar buildings and structures adds more than 100 square feet of impervious surface within 50 feet of the Ordinary High Water Mark.

2. **Requirements.** When the condition stated in subsection D.1. occurs, a permit shall be required and the following regulations shall apply:

   a. An application shall be filed with the Director of Public Works, along with a drawing showing the lot lines, proposed new construction location and dimensions, distance from the Ordinary High Water Mark, and a landscape plan showing the proposed plantings in the required vegetative buffer strip.

   b. A 35 foot building setback shall apply from the ordinary high water mark within any side or rear yard abutting the water.

   c. A minimum 25 foot setback from the ordinary high water mark shall apply for all impervious surfaces, such as decks and patios.

   d. A minimum five foot wide vegetative buffer strip, as approved by the Director of Public Works, shall be installed along the edge of the property where the yard abuts the water. The vegetative buffer shall be an area of natural or established vegetation, not including lawn.

   i. Within this strip, the Director of Public Works may permit a space to be selectively trimmed and pruned to allow for the placement of a walkway or path no wider than five feet and generally perpendicular to the water. Because the intent of the protective strip is water quality protection, porous materials such as, but not limited to, wood chips or gravel shall be used.

   ii. Access to a boat launch ramp may be permitted within the required vegetative buffer, provided, the access is no wider than ten feet, is generally perpendicular to the water and is constructed of pervious material approved by the Director of Public Works.
iii. Individual trees within the vegetative buffer may be removed which are in danger of falling, causing damage to dwellings or other structures, or causing blockage of the lake or channel.

iv. The vegetative buffer shall not be used for parking or storage of any kind, including boats, lawn equipment or furniture, fire pits or trash.

Section 5.29 Standards Applicable to Single Family Dwellings

All dwelling units located outside of manufactured housing communities shall comply with the following requirements:

A. All dwelling units shall provide a minimum height between the interior floor and ceiling of seven and one-half feet or if a manufactured home, it shall meet the requirements of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Regulations, entitled Mobile Home Construction and Safety Standards, effective June 15, 1976, as amended.

B. The minimum width of any single-family dwelling unit shall be 24 feet for at least 67 percent of its length, measured between the exterior part of the walls having the greatest length.

C. All dwellings without basements shall provide a crawl space below the entire floor of the dwelling four feet in depth, with a vapor barrier consisting of two inches of concrete on the floor of the crawl space. The crawl space shall also be provided with adequate drains to drain any accumulation of water in the crawl space. The Building Official may allow an alternative building plan to be utilized if consistent with the approved construction code of the City.

D. All dwellings shall be firmly attached to the foundation so as to be watertight as required by the construction code adopted by the City or, if a manufactured home, shall be anchored to the foundation by an anchor system designed and constructed in compliance with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Regulations entitled “Mobile Home Construction & Safety Standards.”

E. The wheels, pulling mechanism, and tongue of any manufactured home shall be removed prior to placement on a foundation.

F. All dwellings shall be connected to a public sanitary sewer and water supply system.

G. All dwellings shall provide steps or porch areas, permanently attached to the foundation where there exists an elevation differential of more than one foot between any door and the surrounding grade. All dwellings shall provide a minimum of two points of ingress and egress.

H. All additions to dwellings shall meet all the requirements of this Ordinance.
I. Prior to issuance of a building permit for any dwelling unit, construction plans, including a plot plan adequate to illustrate compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance, shall be submitted to the Building Official. If the dwelling unit is a manufactured home, there shall also be submitted adequate evidence to assure that the dwelling complies with the standards applicable to manufactured homes set forth in this section.

J. All manufactured homes shall meet the standards for manufactured home construction contained in the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Regulations entitled “Mobile Home Construction & Safety Standards” effective June 15, 1976, as amended. All other dwellings shall meet the requirements of the construction code adopted by the City.

K. A minimum of 150 square feet of enclosed storage space, excluding closets, shall be provided for each dwelling. The required enclosed storage space may consist of a basement, garage, shed or other structure approved by the Director of Public Works.

Section 5.30 Reserved
Section 5.31 Reserved
Section 5.32 Reserved
Section 5.33 Reserved
Section 5.34 Reserved

Article 5 C-1, COMMERCIAL DISTRICT

Section 5.35 Intent

The C-1 Commercial District is designed primarily to provide services to the adjacent residential area and to provide shopping and entertainment that appeals to an area-wide market.

Section 5.36 Schedule of Uses

Uses permitted in the nonresidential districts are listed in Table 5.36. Additional requirements related to a specific use, if any, are referenced in the “Specific Requirements” column. Any use not specifically listed shall be prohibited, unless the use is determined to be a similar use according to Section 5.75(A).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 5.36 Schedule of Uses: Commercial District</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>P = Permitted use by right</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accessory</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory uses clearly ancillary to the principal use (accessory structures are not permitted)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory outdoor customer service activities such as delivery of products to customers’ vehicles, grocery cart use, escorting of customers and home delivery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory outdoor dining</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory outdoor sales and display (including temporary sales)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory outdoor storage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dining and Entertainment</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microbrewery or brew pub</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restaurants, including standard service and carry-out, excluding drive-through service and entertainment/floor shows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soda fountain, ice cream shop or candy store</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recreation/Cultural</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Art gallery/studio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parks and recreational facilities, publicly owned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public facilities (government buildings, public museums, public galleries, public libraries, etc.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Residential</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential dwellings above the ground floor of a commercial building</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retail</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail sales other than food/groceries, up to 10,000 sq. ft. gross floor area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail food/grocery, up to 50,000 sq. ft. gross floor area, which may also include food items prepared on site for sale on the premises</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Services</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Automatic teller machines, walk-up only, accessory to or separate from a bank or similar financial institution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banks and similar financial institutions, without drive-through facilities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barber or beauty salon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business service establishments, including printing/copy centers, postal centers, travel agents, graphics services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dance or music studio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive-through facilities for banks and pharmacies, but not including any other uses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry cleaner/laundry (including pick-up stations and self-service laundries)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health clubs and fitness centers, not including physical therapy clinics staffed by medical professionals</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 5.36 Schedule of Uses: Commercial District

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P = Permitted use by right</th>
<th>S = Special Land Use</th>
<th>C-1</th>
<th>Additional Requirements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal service establishments, including small electronics/ appliance repair, shoe repair, dressmakers/tailors, tanning salons, decorating and upholstery shops</td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Photographer</td>
<td></td>
<td>P</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other Uses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Essential services</th>
<th>P</th>
<th>Section 5.59</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Radio and television broadcasting stations</td>
<td>S</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Similar uses</td>
<td>P/S</td>
<td>Section 5.75(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wireless telecommunications systems</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.75(D)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offices</th>
<th>On ground floor</th>
<th>Above ground floor</th>
<th>Specific Requirements (special land uses only)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medical/dental offices and clinics of physicians, dentists, psychologists, chiropractors, optometrists, physical therapists and similar or allied professions (not including veterinary establishments)</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Section 5.72(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-profit professional, civic, social, fraternal, political and religious organizations</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Section 5.72(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional office services such as: insurance, real estate, legal, sales and similar or allied professions</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>P</td>
<td>Section 5.72(A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serviced offices</td>
<td></td>
<td>S</td>
<td>Section 5.72(B)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.37 Area, Height and Placement Requirements

All lots in the nonresidential districts shall conform to the requirements of Table 5.37. The requirements in footnotes are an integral part of this article and shall apply in all instances.

Table 5.37 Dimensional Requirements: C-1 Commercial District

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>C-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Minimum area per unit (sq. ft.)</td>
<td>5,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum lot width (ft.)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum yard setback (ft.)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjoining C-1 or MFR</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjoining R-1, R-2, or R-3</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjoining a street</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6 Buildings shall be located at the right-of-way line; provided, the planning commission (and if applicable, the city commission) may approve a site plan for a commercial building in the C-1 District that is set back no more than 15 feet from the right-of-way line, if one or more of the following conditions is present:

A. The proposed building or addition is in line with a setback established by existing buildings located on either side of the subject property;

B. The setback is necessary to provide for clear vision around corners or at driveway entrances;

C. The proposed use is a restaurant that will provide outdoor seating in the front yard.
Table 5.37 Dimensional Requirements: C-1 Commercial District

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>C-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adjoining C-1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjoining Residential</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum building height</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feet</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stories</td>
<td>2½</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum lot coverage</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 5.38  Uses Specifically Prohibited

Although any use not listed in Table 5.36 is not permitted, the following uses are specifically determined to be contrary to the intent and character of the C-1 District and shall not be permitted:

A. **Drive-through and drive-in restaurants.**

B. **Medical Marihuana Dispensaries.** No medical marihuana dispensary shall be commenced, conducted, operated, or utilized from any property in the C-1 District. Any person who violates this section shall be subject to a fine and/or imprisonment as provided in Section 1.13 of the City Code of Ordinances. In addition, any medical marihuana used or possessed in violation of this section shall be seized and forfeited to the city.

Section 5.39  Additional Requirements Applying to the Commercial District

A. All sales of products on the premises, whether primary or incidental, shall be at retail.

B. All business and service activities or uses shall be conducted entirely within a completely enclosed building, except accessory outdoor uses according to Section 5.70.

C. The production, fabrication or processing of goods within the C-1 District is prohibited unless specifically permitted in the Schedule of Uses or under the following conditions:

1. Production, fabrication or processing of goods may be carried on as an accessory use to a permitted principal use;

2. The entire output shall be sold at retail on the premises; and

3. A maximum of 25 percent of the floor area occupied by the principal use may be used for production, fabrication or processing.

---

7 Where an alley separates the C-1 District from property in a residential district, the full alley width may be counted as part of the required rear yard.
Section 5.41  Intent

A. The intent of this article is to offer an alternative to conventional development by permitting flexibility in the regulations for development. The standards in this article are intended to promote and encourage development on parcels of land that are suitable in size, location and character for the uses proposed while ensuring compatibility with adjacent land uses.

B. The PUD rezoning process is provided as a design option to allow for one or more of the following:

1. Encourage innovation in land development in terms of variety, design, layout and type of structures constructed;

2. Promote the efficient use of land to facilitate a more economic arrangement of buildings, circulation systems, land use and utilities;

3. Encourage the adaptive re-use of significant or historic buildings;

4. Provide the opportunity to mix compatible uses or residential types;

5. Preserve and protect significant natural features, open space and cultural/historic resources;

6. Ensure that new development is consistent with the character of the community;

7. Promote efficient provision of public services and utilities;

8. Minimize adverse traffic impacts and accommodate safe and efficient pedestrian access and circulation;

9. Encourage development of convenient recreational facilities; and

10. Encourage the use and improvement of land where site conditions make development under conventional zoning difficult or less desirable.

11. Allow a density for any residential portion of a planned unit development that is greater than would otherwise be allowed by the Zoning Ordinance, yet is still appropriate and compatible with other uses both within the planned unit development and adjacent to it and with the density of adjacent properties.

C. The PUD process and standards provide for flexibility in design and permit variation of the specific bulk, area, and in some situations, the density requirements of this chapter on the basis of the total PUD plan, subject to the approval of the PUD by the Planning
Commission in accordance with the requirements set forth herein. A PUD shall not be sought primarily to avoid the standards and requirements of other zoning districts.

Section 5.42 Qualifying Conditions

The following criteria shall apply to all planned unit developments (PUDs):

A. **Unified Control.** The planned unit development shall be under the control of one owner or group of owners and shall be capable of being planned and developed as one integral unit.

B. **Recognizable Benefit.** The applicant shall demonstrate that the PUD provides at least four of the following site design elements, which could not be attained through a project designed under conventional zoning:

1. Mixed-use development with residential, and non-residential uses or a variety of housing types;
2. Pedestrian/transit-oriented design with buildings oriented to the sidewalk and parking to the side or rear of the site;
3. High quality architectural design beyond the site plan requirements of this chapter;
4. Extensive landscaping beyond the site plan requirements of this chapter;
5. Preservation, enhancement or restoration of natural resources (trees, slopes, wetland areas, views to Reeds Lake, etc.);
6. Preservation or restoration of significant or historic resources;
7. Provision of open space or public plazas or features;
8. Efficient consolidation of poorly dimensioned parcels or property with difficult site conditions (e.g. topography, shape etc.);
9. Effective transition between higher and lower density uses, and/or between non-residential and residential uses; or allowing incompatible adjacent land uses to be developed in a manner that is not possible using a conventional approach;
10. Shared vehicular and pedestrian access between properties or uses;
11. Mitigation to offset impacts on public facilities (such as street improvements); or
12. Significant use of sustainable building and site design features such as: water use reduction, water efficient landscaping, innovative wastewater technologies, low impact stormwater management, optimize energy performance, on-site renewable energy, passive solar heating, reuse/recycled/renewable materials, indoor air quality or other elements identified as sustainable by established groups such as
the US Green Building Council (LEED) or ANSI National Green Building Standards.

C. **Compatibility with Adjacent Uses.** The proposed location of uses or structures that are of a significantly different scale or character than the abutting residential districts, such as access drives, parking areas, waste receptacles, swimming pools, tennis courts and facilities of a similar nature, shall not be located near the perimeter of the PUD or so as to negatively impact the residential use of adjacent lands.

D. **Public Utilities.** All uses within the PUD shall be served by public water and sewer systems.

E. **Master Plan.** The proposed PUD shall be consistent with the East Grand Rapids Master Plan.

### Section 5.43 Permitted Uses

A. Any use permitted by right or by special land use allowed in any district may be permitted in a planned unit development, provided that all of the objectives and standards of this article are determined to be met and there is compliance with the procedures of this article.

B. Residential and non-residential uses may be permitted in combination to create an integrated, mixed-use development based upon the recommendations of the East Grand Rapids Master Plan.

C. Approval of a PUD shall include the identification of the specific uses permitted within the PUD, and only those uses so approved shall be permitted.

### Section 5.44 General Development Requirements

A. **Residential Density.** The PUD concept plan shall state the residential zoning district, as provided in Article 4, upon which the proposed density is based. For projects that include single family developments, the PUD concept plan narrative shall state a minimum lot size for single family development based on the minimums for single family dwellings listed in this chapter for the R-1, R-2, R-3 and MFR districts. For projects that include multiple family dwellings, the density of the multiple family development shall be based upon the lot area per multiple family unit as required for the MFR District. Any deviation from these minimums shall be included in the Table of Modifications as required in **Section 5.47(A).**

B. **Dimensional Requirements.** The area, height and placement requirements for each portion of the PUD shall be based upon a stated zoning district, as provided in Articles 4 and 5. The PUD concept plan narrative shall state the area, height and placement requirements for each portion of the PUD, based upon the appropriate zoning district and the residential density determined in **Section 5.44(A),** above.
1. Residential developments shall meet the area, height and placement requirements of the R-1, R-2, R-3 or MFR districts, depending upon the type and character of the development.

2. Commercial developments shall meet the area, height and placement requirements of the C-1 District.

3. Each use in mixed use developments (containing both residential and commercial development) shall meet the height, area and placement requirements of the zoning district that corresponds to each element of the proposed development, as listed in subparagraphs (B)1 and 2, above.

4. Deviations from the minimums set forth above shall be included in the Table of Modifications as required in Section 5.47(A).

C. Modifications. To encourage flexibility and creativity consistent with the intent of the PUD, the City Commission, after recommendation from the Planning Commission, may permit modifications from the density, area, height and placement requirements for the stated district(s).

1. Any regulatory modification shall be approved through a finding by the City Commission, after recommendation by the Planning Commission, that the modification results in a higher quality of development than would be possible using conventional zoning standards.

2. All deviations from dimensional requirements shall be listed in the Table of Modifications required in Section 5.47(A). Unless modifications are specifically requested and approved by the city, the site plan shall comply with the appropriate requirements of the identified zoning districts, as specified in Section 5.44(A) and Section 5.44(B), above.

Section 5.45 PUD Review Procedures

A. Overview of PUD Review and Approval Process. The PUD review and approval process includes the following three steps:

1. Pre-Application. Pre-application conference with city staff and consultants to review the PUD concept and discuss the review process.

2. Concept Plan.

   a. Planning commission review of PUD concept plan and scheduling of public hearing;

   b. Planning commission public hearing; review and recommendation on PUD rezoning and PUD concept plan;
c. City commission public hearing; approval of PUD rezoning and PUD concept plan.

3. Final PUD Plan.
   a. Planning commission review of final site plan and PUD Agreement;
   b. City commission approval of final site plan and PUD Agreement.

Section 5.46 Pre-Application Conference

A pre-application conference shall be held with city staff for the purpose of determining the eligibility of the request for consideration as a PUD.

A. A request for a pre-application conference shall be made to the Director of Public Works. As part of the pre-application conference, the applicant shall submit at least five (5) copies of a sketch plan that shows the property location, boundaries, significant natural features, vehicular and pedestrian circulation, and land use for the entire site.

B. The city shall advise the applicant of the conformance of the PUD concept with the intent and objectives of a PUD in the city, whether the concept qualifies under the requirements of this article, and whether the general concept is substantially consistent with the city’s master plan.

C. Formal action shall be not taken at a pre-application conference, and statements made at the pre-application conference shall not be considered binding commitments or an approval of the concept.

Section 5.47 PUD Concept Plan Review

A. PUD Concept Plan Submittal.

   1. PUD Concept Site Plan. The PUD concept site plan shall be drawn to an engineer’s scale of not less than 1 inch = 50 feet for property less than three acres, or one inch = 100 feet for property 3 acres or more in size, that includes all of the following:
      a. Title block with sheet number/title; name, address and telephone number of the applicant and firm or individual who prepared the plans; and date(s) of submission and any revisions;
      b. Scale and north-point;
      c. Location map drawn to a separate scale;
      d. Legal description of property;
      e. Zoning classification of site and all abutting parcels;
f. Net acreage (minus rights of way) and total acreage;
g. Existing lot lines, building lines, structures, parking areas and other improvements on the site and within 100 feet of the site;
h. Proposed lot lines, lot dimensions, property lines, setback dimensions and other improvements;
i. Location and height of all proposed buildings or structures;
j. Location of existing and proposed streets, driveways, parking lots, sidewalks and pathways on or within 250 feet of site;
k. Proposed off-street parking lots and number of spaces;
l. Conceptual landscape plan;
m. The general location of existing plant material;
n. Location of existing drainage courses, floodplains, rivers and MDEQ regulated wetlands;
o. Location of existing and proposed sanitary sewers;
p. Location of existing and proposed water mains;
q. Storm water retention and detention pond locations and existing, or proposed storm sewers;
r. Number, type and location of residential units;
s. Density calculations by type of residential unit; and
t. Location and size of recreation and open space areas.

2. **Concept Plan Narrative.** The PUD concept plan shall be accompanied by a narrative that describes the proposed PUD, the proposed timeframe of development, the zoning district(s) upon which the proposed density and the area, height and placement requirements are based, and documentation indicating how the qualifying conditions in Section 5.42 and the standards of Section 5.47(F) are met.

3. **Table of Modification.** The application shall include a table detailing all modifications from the use, density, area, height and placement requirements of the zoning district identified in the concept plan narrative. The table shall also detail all modifications from off-street parking regulations, general provisions, or subdivision regulations that would otherwise be applicable to the uses and development proposed in the absence of the proposed PUD. This table shall
clearly identify the allowed regulation in comparison to the requested modification.

4. **Phasing Plan.** For projects proposed to be developed in phases, the PUD concept for the entire site shall be submitted for PUD concept approval. A map showing boundaries of individual phases shall be submitted, along with a proposed timeline for development of each phase.

5. **Additional Information.** Any additional information requested by the Planning Commission to better assist in the determination of PUD qualification such as, but not limited to: market studies, fiscal impact analysis, traffic impact studies, and environmental impact assessments.

B. **PUD Concept Plan Planning Commission Review.**

1. **Review and Public Hearing.** The Planning Commission shall review the draft PUD concept plan at a regular or special meeting. Upon determination by the Planning Commission that the application meets the requirements of this article, a public hearing shall be set for a date certain. Notice of the public hearing shall conform to the requirements of the Zoning Act.

2. **Recommendation.** The Planning Commission shall review the PUD concept plan in consideration of public hearing comments, technical reviews from city staff and consultants, correspondence from applicable review agencies and compliance with the standards of this article and other applicable standards and requirements of this chapter. The Planning Commission shall recommend approval, approval with conditions or denial of the PUD to the City Commission. The recommendation shall be based on the following:
   a. Whether all applicable provisions of this article and this chapter are met;
   b. Whether the proposed PUD meets the intent of this article, as outlined in **Section 5.41**;
   c. Whether the qualifying conditions in **Section 5.42** are met;
   d. Whether the standards of approval in **Section 5.49** are met.

C. **City Commission Review of PUD Zoning and PUD Concept Plan.**

1. **City Commission Action.** Following receipt of a recommendation from the Planning Commission on the PUD rezoning and PUD concept plan, the City Commission shall, after a public hearing, review the rezoning and concept plan and either approve, deny, or approve with conditions.

2. **Rezoning.** Upon approval by the City Commission, the property subject to the PUD shall be rezoned to PUD, which shall become effective after notification and
publication according to the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act (P.A. 110 of 2006, as amended).

D. **Conditions.** In accordance with the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, reasonable conditions may be attached to the approval of a PUD for the purpose of ensuring that public services and facilities affected by a proposed land use or activity will be capable of accommodating increased service and facility loads caused by the land use or activity; protecting the natural environment and conserving natural resources; ensuring compatibility with adjacent uses of land; promoting the use of land in a socially and economically desirable manner; and furthering implementation of the City of East Grand Rapids Master Plan. Conditions attached to the approval shall be incorporated into the PUD agreement required to be submitted with the final PUD site plan.

E. **Time Limits for Concept Plan Approval.** Approval of the PUD concept plan by the City Commission shall confer upon the owner the right to proceed through the subsequent final planning phase for a period not to exceed two years from date of approval. If application for final site plan approval for the PUD or a phase of the PUD is not requested within this time period, the PUD concept plan approval shall automatically become null and void and all rights thereunder shall terminate. The City Commission may for good cause approve one extension of up to one year, if requested in writing by the applicant prior to the expiration date of the original concept plan approval or subsequent one year extension. Upon expiration of a PUD concept plan, the City Commission may direct the Planning Commission to conduct a public hearing and make a recommendation to revoke the PUD zoning and rezone the property to its original designation or other district as appropriate.

**Section 5.48 Final PUD Site Plan Review**

A. **Final Plan.** Following PUD concept plan approval, a final PUD site plan for the entire PUD or individual phases of the PUD shall be submitted in accordance with Section 5.86, Site Plan Review Submittal Requirements.

B. **Conformance with Concept Plan.** All final PUD site plans subsequently submitted shall conform with the PUD concept plan, all conditions attached to preliminary approval, the PUD agreement and the requirements of this chapter.

C. **PUD Agreement.** The final PUD site plan shall be accompanied by a PUD agreement for review and recommendation by the Planning Commission after review by the city attorney. The agreement shall provide:

1. A survey of the acreage comprising the proposed development;
2. The manner of ownership of the developed land;
3. The manner of the ownership and of dedication or mechanism to protect any areas designated as common areas or open space;
4. Provision assuring that open space areas shown on the plan for use by the public or residents of the development will be or have been irrevocably committed for that purpose; the city may require deed restrictions, conveyances or other documents to be placed in escrow to accomplish this;

5. Satisfactory provisions shall be made to provide for the future financing of any improvements shown on the plan for site improvements, open space areas and common areas which are to be included within the development and that maintenance of such improvements is assured by a means satisfactory to the Planning Commission;

6. The cost of installing, improving and maintaining streets and the necessary utilities has been assured by a means satisfactory to the city;

7. Provisions to ensure adequate protection of natural features;

8. Statements binding the agreement and approved final PUD site plan to any future owner; and

9. Any other commitment determined necessary to ensure that the PUD is developed and operated in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. The final PUD site plan shall be incorporated by reference and attached as an exhibit.

D. The Planning Commission shall review the final PUD site plan and PUD Agreement and shall determine that the plan and agreement are in conformance with the approved PUD concept plan.

1. Minor changes from the approved PUD concept plan may be approved according to Section 5.50(A), below.

2. Any changes from the approved concept plan not determined to be minor shall require that a new PUD concept plan be submitted and approved according to Section 5.47, above, before further consideration of the changed plan(s).

E. If the Planning Commission determines that the final PUD site plan and PUD agreement are in conformance with the approved PUD concept plan, it shall recommend approval to the City Commission. The Planning Commission may recommend and the City Commission may approve, additional conditions, if it determines that the conditions are necessary to ensure conformity with the approved PUD concept plan.

F. The City Commission shall consider the recommendation of the Planning Commission and shall approve the final PUD site plan and PUD Agreement if they conform to the requirements of this article. Upon approval, the final PUD agreement shall be executed by all parties (including the city) and shall be recorded with the Kent County Register of Deeds.
Section 5.49 Standards of Approval

A PUD shall only be approved if it complies with each of the following standards as well as applicable standards established elsewhere in this chapter:

A. The proposed PUD complies with the Intent and all Qualifying Conditions of Sections 5.41 and 5.42 of this article, respectively.

B. The uses conducted within the proposed PUD, the PUD’s impact on the community, and other aspects of the PUD are consistent with the city’s master plan.

C. The proposed PUD shall be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained in a manner harmonious with the character of adjacent property, the surrounding uses of land, the natural environment, and the capacity of public services and facilities affected by the development.

D. The PUD shall not change the essential character of the surrounding area.

E. The PUD shall not be hazardous to adjacent property or involve uses, activities, materials, or equipment which will be detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of persons or property through the excessive production of traffic, noise, smoke, fumes, or glare.

F. The PUD shall not place demands on public services and facilities in excess of current or anticipated future capacity.

Section 5.50 Deviations from Approved Final PUD Site Plan

Changes to an approved PUD shall be permitted only under the following circumstances:

A. Minor Changes. The holder of an approved final PUD site plan shall notify the Director of Public Works of any desired changes to the approved PUD. A minor change may be approved administratively, according to the requirements of this section. A change that would alter any specified conditions imposed as part of the original approval or any condition of the approved PUD agreement may not be considered as a minor change.

B. Minor Changes Approved by the Director of Public Works. The following minor changes may be approved administratively by the Director of Public Works. The director shall determine that the change will not alter the basic design or intent of the approved PUD.

   1. Reduction of the size of any building and/or sign.
   
   2. Movement of buildings or signs by no more than three (3) feet, provided setbacks are not reduced.
   
   3. Landscaping approved in the final development plan that is replaced by similar landscaping to an equal or greater extent.
4. Changes in floor plans of up to five (5) percent of the total floor area which do not alter the character of the use or increase the amount of required parking.

5. Internal rearrangement of a parking lot which does not affect the number of parking spaces, access locations or design.

6. Changes required or requested by the city, Kent County, or other state or federal regulatory agency to conform with laws or regulations.

C. **Other Minor Changes.** A minor change that is not listed in Paragraph (B) above may be submitted to the Planning Commission to determine if the change is minor in scope and/or effect and that the change would not alter the basic design or intent of the approved PUD. If Planning Commission determines that the proposed change is minor, the Director of Public Works shall be authorized to approve it administratively.

D. **Major Changes.** A change that the Director of Public Works or Planning Commission determines is not minor must be submitted as an amendment to the PUD and shall be processed in the same manner as the original PUD application.

**Section 5.51 Expiration and Extension**

Each development shall be under meaningful construction within one year after the date of approval of the final PUD site plan, except as follows:

A. **Expiration.** If meaningful construction does not commence during the one-year period or any approved extension, the final PUD site plan and PUD agreement shall be null and void.

B. **Extension.** The City Commission may grant extensions of up to one year each, if the applicant applies for the extension, in writing, prior to the expiration of the original PUD final site plan approval or any subsequent extension. In order to qualify for an extension, the applicant shall present reasonable evidence that the development has encountered unforeseen difficulties beyond the control of the applicant and the PUD requirements and standards have not changed.

C. **PUD Zoning Designation.** If a final PUD site plan expires, the property shall remain zoned PUD unless the city rezones the property to a different zoning designation. If any applicant thereafter intends to develop a PUD on the property, the applicant shall be required to submit a new PUD application and follow the same process as the original approval.

**Section 5.52 Appeals and Variances**

A. The Zoning Board of Appeals shall have no jurisdiction to hear appeals of or make interpretation of any decisions regarding this Article or a proposed PUD concept plan or site plan.
B. This shall not prevent an individual lot owner from seeking a variance following the final approval of the PUD according to the procedures and standards of Article 12; provided that:

1. The Zoning Board of Appeals may only grant variances from area, height and placement requirements imposed by the PUD.

2. A variance shall not be considered that would affect any condition of the approved PUD, any requirement of the approved and recorded PUD agreement, or would increase the residential density of the project.

Section 5.53 Reserved

Section 5.54 Reserved

Section 5.55 Reserved

DIVISION 3: SITE DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

Article 7 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 5.56 Compliance with Provisions

Except as specified in this chapter, no building, structure or premises shall be used or occupied, and no building or part of any building or other structures shall be erected, razed, moved, placed, reconstructed, extended, enlarged or altered, except in conformity with the provisions of this chapter.

Section 5.57 Uses per Lot

Except as otherwise provided in this chapter (including approved planned unit developments), there shall be only one principal use per lot of record.

Section 5.58 Access

All lots and parcels shall have frontage upon and be accessed from a public right-of-way or private street easement. All parcels or lots created after the effective date of this article shall provide the required frontage by meeting the minimum lot width requirement along the public or private street, as required for the zoning district within which the parcel or lot is located.

Section 5.59 Height Exceptions

A. The following structures may exceed the height requirements of the district by not more than 15 feet:

1. Belfries;
2. Chimneys;
3. Church spires;
4. Cooling towers;
5. Cupolas;
6. Elevator bulkheads;
7. Public monuments;
8. Radio and television antennas and towers;
9. Roof structures housing necessary mechanical appurtenances;

B. Parapet walls may exceed the height requirements of the district by not more than four feet. In any case, a parapet wall shall not exceed four feet in height, measured from the adjoining roof.

Section 5.60 Setback Requirements

All setbacks shall be measured from the property lines. In the case of a private street or similar access easement, setbacks shall be measured from the easement line. A building shall not be erected, converted, enlarged, reconstructed, or structurally altered, except in conformity with the setback requirements of the district in which it is located.

Section 5.61 Encroachments into Required Yard Setbacks

The following elements and appurtenances may encroach into or over a required yard setback as provided in Table 5.61:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 5.61 Encroachments into Required Yard Setbacks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front Yard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory structures, residential, detached</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessible ramps, wheelchair lifts and similar structures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air conditioning units, generators and other mechanical equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arbors, trellises and pergolas (attached to principal building)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awnings and canopies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balconies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bay windows</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 5.61 Encroachments into Required Yard Setbacks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Allowed Encroachment into a Setback</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Front Yard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chimneys</td>
<td>3 ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaves and gutters</td>
<td>1 foot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fences and walls</td>
<td>See Section 8.61 of the City Code of Ordinances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flagpoles</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light poles (not including ground-mounted lights)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paved patios and similar at-grade structures (not including driveways and sidewalks), un-roofed and unenclosed (^2)</td>
<td>10 ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Porches, decks and stoops, uncovered and unenclosed (^2)</td>
<td>5 ft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signs</td>
<td>See City Code Chapter 83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stairways (not including steps to main floor entry) and below-grade stairwells</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swing sets and similar play structures (attached)</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Window wells and egress windows, below grade</td>
<td>3 ft.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Footnotes:
1. See Section 5.68 for screening requirements.
2. Any covered or roofed porch, deck, patio, stoop or similar structure shall be considered part of the principal building and shall comply with the required setbacks for the principal building.

### Section 5.62 Corner Lots

**A.** A corner lot shall have a front lot line and front yard, a street side lot line and street side yard, an interior side lot line and interior side yard and a rear lot line and rear yard, except as noted in Section 5.28. The front lot line and front yard shall be determined by the Director of Public Works or designee, according to one or more of the following considerations:

1. The narrower of the street lines shall be the front lot line;
2. The front lot line shall be adjacent to the street upon which the building is addressed;
3. The front lot line shall be adjacent to the street upon which the front of the building, including its main entrance, is oriented;
4. A street line has been designated on the plat of subdivision as the front lot line.

**B.** If the Director of Public Works or designee cannot determine the front lot line according to the above criteria, the Zoning Board of Appeals shall determine the front lot line under its powers to interpret the meaning and intent of this chapter, according to Article 12.
Section 5.63 Through Lots

A. A through lot shall have two front lot lines and two front yards, two interior side lot lines and two interior side yards, and no rear lot line or rear yard.

B. A through lot that is also a corner lot (i.e., a lot with streets on three sides) has two front lot lines and two front yards, a street side lot line and street side yard, an interior side lot line and interior side yard, and no rear lot line or rear yard.

Section 5.64 Temporary Uses and Special Events

The requirements of this section are intended to provide for regulation of certain listed temporary uses and associated events on private property. Where expressly permitted by this section, temporary uses and special events may take place outdoors, notwithstanding any limitation or prohibition against outdoor activity otherwise provided by the zoning regulations of the City of East Grand Rapids. A temporary use shall meet all of the following requirements:

A. **Nuisance, hazardous features.** The temporary use shall not result in any hazard or nuisance to the adjacent users or uses of property or otherwise be contrary to the public health, safety, or welfare of the community.

B. **Traffic and circulation.** The temporary use shall not create hazardous vehicular or pedestrian traffic conditions on or adjacent to the site of the temporary use or event, or result in traffic in excess of the capacity of the street serving the use. The temporary use shall not:

1. unreasonably interfere with the use of the street or sidewalk for pedestrian or vehicular traffic;

2. unreasonably interfere with the view of, access to, or use of property adjacent to the street;

3. interfere with street cleaning or snow removal activities.

4. cause damage to the sidewalk or street or to trees, benches, landscaping, or other objects lawfully located in the right of way;

5. cause violation of any state or local laws, or

6. reduce the effectiveness or access to any utility pole, street lighting, sign, or other traffic control device.

C. **Public facilities and services.** Adequate utility, drainage, refuse management, sanitary facilities, emergency services and access, and similar necessary facilities and services must be available for the temporary use.

D. **Natural environment.** The temporary use shall not have a substantial adverse impact on the natural environment.
E. **Site suitability.** The site must be suitable for the temporary use, considering flood hazard, drainage, soil, and other conditions which might constitute a danger to life, health, or property.

F. **Building, electrical, and other codes.** The temporary use and all associated temporary improvements, including, but not limited to, tents, stands, temporary electrical systems, temporary heating systems, and temporary lighting systems must comply with all applicable provisions of the building code, the electrical code, and such other codes as are from time to time adopted or amended pursuant to the City of East Grand Rapids Code.

G. **Duration.** A temporary use shall occur only for as short a time as practicable. In no case shall a temporary use exist for a period in excess of 30 days in any 12 month period nor shall any property be used for a temporary use in excess of 30 days during any 12 month period.

H. **Maintenance and cleanup of premises.**
   1. The area occupied by the temporary use must be kept in a neat and well kept manner at all times.
   2. Within 24 hours after the closing of the sale or event, the owner or operator of the temporary use shall remove and properly dispose of all temporary improvements, signs, trash, and debris resulting from the temporary use. It shall be unlawful for the owner or operator of the use to abandon the premises without such cleaning and removal. If any owner or operator fails to do such cleaning and removal, the city may enter upon the premises, do such cleaning and removal, and charge the cost thereof to the owner or operator of the event.

I. **Uses of public property; approval required; liability insurance required.**
   1. No portion of a temporary use may take place on the public right-of-way or other publicly-owned property, unless the applicant shall have first obtained approval for such use from the public body or department having jurisdiction over the property.
   2. Prior to receiving approval for a temporary use that will take place, wholly or in part, on publicly-owned property, the applicant shall obtain comprehensive general liability insurance of amounts of at least $500,000 per occurrence for bodily injury and property damage and $1,000,000 in the aggregate, with a company or companies authorized to do business in Michigan. The insurance shall insure the applicable against liability for death or bodily injury to persons or damage to property which may result from the temporary use or conduct incident thereto, and shall name the city as an additional insured party. The insurance shall remain in full force and effect in the specified amounts for the duration of the temporary use. Proof of such insurance shall be furnished to the city.
Section 5.65 Hours of Operation

No business shall be open to the public between the hours of 12:00 o’clock a.m. (midnight) and 5:00 o’clock a.m.; provided, however, that on New Year’s Eve, businesses may be open until 1:00 o’clock a.m. on January 1.

Section 5.66 Essential Services

Essential services shall be permitted in all districts, subject to prior review of all plans by the Planning Commission to determine that the yard, parking and landscaping (if any) requirements are met, and that all planned facilities are designed to be compatible with surrounding uses.

Section 5.67 Voting Place

The provisions of this chapter shall not interfere with the temporary use of any property as a voting place in connection with a federal, state, county, city or other public election.

Section 5.68 Mechanical Equipment Screening

A. Mechanical units located on the ground shall be located in the rear or side yard not closer than three feet to adjoining property. When attached to a building, the mechanical equipment shall be architecturally integrated or appropriately screened by shrubbery or fencing so as to not be visible from neighboring property. Fences shall comply with the requirements of Section 8.61 of the City’s Code of Ordinances.

B. If located on the roof of a building or in a location that cannot otherwise be screened, the equipment shall be enclosed or designed in a manner that is architecturally integrated with the building where it is located.

C. A permit shall be required for any mechanical equipment proposed to be placed within a side yard, in accordance with the following:

1. A request shall be filed with the Director of Public Works on a form provided for that purpose, along with a filing fee in an amount established by the City Commission.

2. In evaluating the permit request, the Director of Public Works shall consider the following:

   a. The proposed type and quality of screening;
   
   b. The adjacent land use;
   
   c. The width of the side yard and distance to neighboring buildings;
   
   d. The proximity of residential uses;
e. The level of noise or sound to be emitted by the mechanical equipment; and

f. Such other factors relevant to the specific proposed location.

Section 5.69  Lighting

Outdoor light fixtures, except for architectural lighting that provides accent lighting directly on a building façade, shall be direct cut-off fixtures, designed to prevent light spill or trespass beyond the boundaries of the property where the fixture is located.

Article 8  ADDITIONAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Section 5.70  Accessory Buildings, Structures and Uses

A. Accessory Buildings and Structures.

1. An accessory building or structure attached to a principal building shall be considered a part of the principal building and shall be subject to all height and setback requirements of the principal building; however, certain attached accessory structures may be permitted to encroach within required yard setbacks, according to Section 5.61.

2. Detached accessory buildings and structures are not permitted in the C-1 Commercial District, except for mechanical appurtenances such as air conditioning units and similar devices serving a principal building or use; provided, such devices may not be located within any front yard or any right-of-way and shall otherwise comply with the requirements of Section 5.68.

3. A maximum of two detached accessory buildings shall be permitted on any lot less than two acres in area. Up to three detached accessory buildings shall be permitted on lots of two or more acres.

4. The total floor area of all detached accessory buildings on any residential lot shall be limited, as follows:

   a. Lots less than two acres in area: 864 square feet, if the principal dwelling does not contain an attached garage; 576 square feet, if the principal dwelling contains an attached garage for one vehicle; 336 square feet, if the principal dwelling contains an attached garage for two or more vehicles.

   b. Lots of two or more acres: 1,296 square feet.

   c. Regardless of the sizes specified above, the total floor area for all detached accessory buildings on a lot, shall not exceed 25 percent of the total area of the rear yard.
5. A detached accessory building less than 200 square feet in area shall not exceed a maximum of height of 12 feet. All other accessory buildings may be up to one and one-half stories or 16 feet in height, whichever is less; provided, the height of the accessory building shall not exceed the height of the principal building on the site.

6. A detached accessory building shall be located at least ten feet from any principal building situated on the same lot and at least six feet from any other accessory building on the same lot.

7. A detached accessory building shall be located at least three feet from both side and rear lot lines. provided, that where a yard abuts the shoreline of Reeds Lake, Fisk Lake or the Reeds Lake/Fisk Lake channel a minimum accessory building setback of 35 feet shall be required from the ordinary high water mark.

8. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, accessory buildings shall be erected only in the rear yard.

   a. A detached garage may be located in a rear or side yard not closer to the street than the principal building on the lot, or the principal building on the lot immediately abutting the location of the garage, whichever is greater.

   b. A detached building accessory to a swimming pool that is constructed in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 82 of the city code may be located in a side yard if it is adjoining the pool and is located at least 60 feet from any street right-of-way line.

9. No portion of any accessory building may be used as a dwelling unit, and all accessory buildings may only be used in a manner which is appropriate, subordinate, and incidental to that of the principal building or premises.

10. On a lot with a residential use, a covered walkway may be constructed between a detached garage and the principal building, provided that the minimum separation and setback requirements in subsections 6 and 7, above, are met. The covered walkway may not exceed five feet in width, shall consist of a roof supported by posts or columns and must remain perpetually unenclosed; however, a railing and/or kneewall, constructed no higher than 36” above the walkway surface, is permitted. The walkway surface may not be constructed more than six inches above grade, excluding any steps necessary to access the garage and/or the principal building. The covered walkway may not be used for living space, gathering space (i.e. a deck), or for storage purposes. A garage attached to a principal building via a covered walkway meeting these requirements shall not be considered to be attached to the principal building and may meet the reduced setback allowed for accessory buildings.

11. A carport shall not be used for storage of materials other than a vehicle, unless the items stored are completely enclosed in a closet or specially designed compartment.
B. **Home Occupations.** It is the intent of this section to establish a general threshold of acceptable, nonresidential business activity, beyond which the activity shall not be permitted. A home occupation is permitted if the activity meets all of the following criteria:

1. No person other than members of the immediate family residing on the premises shall be engaged in the home occupation. One additional person who is not a member of the immediate family residing on the premises may also engage in the home occupation if approved as a special land use pursuant to Article 11 of this chapter.

2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, any occupation that includes or requires customers or patrons to visit the home to engage in the business is prohibited. This prohibition shall not include instruction by an occupant of a residence in a craft or fine art, when conducted within the residence; provided, all other requirements of this section are met.

3. The use of the dwelling unit for the home occupation shall be clearly incidental and subordinate to its use for residential purposes by its occupants. Not more than 25 percent of the gross floor area of the dwelling unit shall be used in the conduct of the home occupation.

4. The home occupation shall be conducted entirely within the dwelling unit involved, and there shall be no change in the outside appearance of the dwelling or other visible evidence of the conduct of such home occupation on the property. Outside operations or storage associated with the home occupation, including outside storage of vehicles related to the business, is prohibited.

5. Mechanical, maintenance and repair work on motor vehicles and repair of small engines and mechanical devices is prohibited except for such work on items owned or leased by the occupant for his/her personal use.

6. There shall be no traffic generated by a home occupation in greater volume or intensity than would normally be expected in a residential neighborhood.

7. There shall be no equipment or process used in a home occupation that creates noise, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors detectable to the normal senses, or which creates visual or audible interference that disturbs radio, television or other telecommunications receivers off the premises. In addition, the home occupation must also comply with the provisions of chapters 91 and 97 of the city code dealing with noise.

8. There shall be no business sign displayed.

9. The home occupation shall be conducted entirely within the principal dwelling; however, a passenger vehicle or light truck used for the business may be stored within an accessory garage.
C. **Accessory Outdoor Customer Service, Outdoor Dining and Outdoor Sales and Display (Including Temporary Sales).**

1. All business and service activities or uses shall be conducted entirely within a completely enclosed building, except the following uses may occur outdoors:
   a. Limited outdoor customer service activities such as delivery of products to customers’ vehicles, grocery cart use, escorting of customers and home delivery.
   b. Outdoor table, bench and waiter/waitress services for restaurants, provided that adequate accessible maneuvering space on the public sidewalk is provided.
   c. Outdoor displays of products, provided that adequate accessible maneuvering space is maintained on the sidewalk, and any products are removed and taken indoors at the end of each business day.
   d. Temporary outdoor or sidewalk sales, provided that such sales are of a limited duration and that adequate accessible maneuvering space is maintained on the sidewalk.

2. Prior to establishment of an outdoor use or activity upon city-owned property or the public right-of-way, the owner or applicant shall annually submit a site plan for review and approval and issuance of a permit by the city manager or his/her designee. The city may require that uses located upon the public right-of-way provide proof of insurance in an amount approved by the city, and that the city be named as an additional named insured on the proprietor’s liability insurance policy.

D. **Outdoor Storage.**

1. Outdoor storage shall only be permitted as a special use, accessory to principal uses in the C-1 District.

2. The outdoor storage area shall be screened from view of adjoining properties, in accordance with the following specifications:
   a. A solid, sight-obscuring fence or wall shall surround the storage area;
   b. The fence or wall shall not contain any openings other than a gate of access, which shall be closed at all times when not in use;
   c. The fence or wall shall be constructed of masonry, treated wood or other material approved as part of the special use approval; provided, the material is determined to be durable, weather resistant, rust proof and easily maintained. Chain link and barbed wire fences shall not be permitted.
3. If approved as part of the special use approval, the required screening may be comprised of suitable plant material, upon a determination that the alternate materials will provide the same degree or better of opacity, screening and compatibility with adjoining properties as a fence or wall.

**Section 5.71 Dining and Entertainment Uses**

**A. Brew pub.**

1. Revenue from food sales shall constitute more than 50 percent of the total business revenues.

2. No more than 50 percent of the total gross floor area of the establishment shall be used for the brewery function including, but not limited to, the brewhouse, boiling and water treatment areas, bottling and kegging lines, malt milling and storage, fermentation tanks, conditioning tanks and serving tanks.

3. Except as otherwise specifically permitted by this subsection, retail carryout of beer shall not be permitted.

4. Brewpubs may sell beer in keg containers larger than a U.S. gallon (3,785 ml / 128 US fluid ounces) only for the following purposes and in the following amounts:
   
   a. An unlimited number of kegs for special events, the primary purpose of which is the exposition of beers brewed by brewpubs and microbreweries, which include the participation of at least three such brewers;

   b. An unlimited number of kegs for city co-sponsored events where the purpose of the event is not for commercial profit and where the beer is dispensed by employees of the brewpub and not wholesaled to the event co-sponsors.

5. All mechanical equipment visible from the street (excluding alleys), an adjacent residential use or residential zoning district shall be screened using architectural features consistent with the principal structure;

6. Loading bays shall not face toward any street, excluding alleys;

7. Loading bays facing an adjacent residential use or residential zoning district, shall have the doors closed at all times, except during the movement of raw materials, other supplies and finished products into and out of the building;

8. Loading and unloading of materials and equipment shall be permitted only between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday;

9. Outdoor storage shall not be allowed. This prohibition includes the use of portable storage units, cargo containers and tractor trailers.
B. Microbrewery.

1. The microbrewery shall produce no more than 15,000 barrels (465,000 US gallons / 17,602.16 hectoliters) of beer per year;

2. This use shall be permitted only in conjunction with a restaurant, in accordance with the following:
   
   a. No more than 75 percent of the total gross floor space of the establishment shall be used for the brewery function including, but not limited to, the brewhouse, boiling and water treatment areas, bottling and kegging lines, malt milling and storage, fermentation tanks, conditioning tanks and serving tanks;

   b. The façade of any accessory use(s) shall be oriented toward the street, excluding alleys, and, if located in a multi-tenant building, to the common space where the public can access the use;

   c. Pedestrian connections shall be provided between the public sidewalks and the primary entrance(s) to any accessory use(s).

3. All mechanical equipment visible from the street (excluding alleys), an adjacent residential use or residential zoning district shall be screened using architectural features consistent with the principal structure;

4. Access and loading bays are discouraged from facing toward any street, excluding alleys;

5. Access and loading bays facing any street, adjacent residential use or residential zoning district, shall have the doors closed at all times, except during the movement of raw materials, other supplies and finished products into and out of the building;

6. Loading and unloading materials and equipment shall be permitted only between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Monday through Saturday;

7. Outdoor storage shall not be allowed, including the use of portable storage units, cargo containers and tractor trailers.

Section 5.72 Office Uses

A. Professional Offices on the Ground Floor. In approving a special use for an office use on the ground floor, the Planning Commission shall find that all the following standards are met:

1. A special use may be granted to a property that does not provide the required off-street parking, if the Planning Commission finds that there are no opportunities to meet the off-street parking requirement on or nearby the site and patrons have
adequate parking choices elsewhere within the C-1 District that are reasonably accessible and convenient, especially during the expected peak times of the use, without a negative impact to parking spaces serving retail and entertainment uses.

2. If a building has both retail/service/entertainment uses and office uses on the ground floor, the retail/entertainment/service use(s) shall be located in the storefront, adjacent to the public sidewalk; however, a single entry door in the façade that leads to the office use shall be permitted.

3. The structure containing the office use shall maintain a retail character, with ground floor display windows, facades, signs and lighting similar in nature to and compatible with that provided by retail uses.

   a. For existing structures, existing windows, doors or other wall openings shall not be eliminated or enclosed, unless the Planning Commission finds that any eliminated windows/doors are compensated by new windows, doors or other wall openings and that the retail character and nature of the building is retained.

   b. For new structures, any ground floor wall facing a street shall have transparent areas, equal to at least seventy percent (70%) of its portion of the façade, between one (1) and eight (8) feet from the ground. Walls on upper floors facing a street shall have transparent areas equal to at least thirty-five percent (35%) of its portion of the façade.

   c. Glass shall be clear or lightly tinted only. Opaque applications shall not be applied to the glass surface, except for window signs as permitted in Chapter 81, Signs.

4. The special use shall be limited to the floor area of office space approved via the site plan review process. Any expansion (except for an expansion into a floor above the ground floor) shall be considered an amendment to the special use and shall be approved via the same process as for the original approval.

B. Serviced Offices (drop-in office).

   1. Parking shall be provided at the ratio required for professional offices.

   2. The serviced office shall not be located on the street level.

Section 5.73 Public and Institutional Uses

A. Churches and Places of Worship. The purpose of these requirements is to integrate churches into the fabric of the city’s neighborhoods, but not at the expense of the residential character of those areas. Therefore, the scale of the church, parking lots and related uses shall be compatible with abutting homes and in character with the surrounding neighborhood.
1. The minimum lot area shall be one acre.

2. The minimum lot width shall be 150 feet.

3. At least one property line shall abut and have direct access to an arterial or collector street.

4. To the extent possible, shared parking arrangements should be employed with other uses in the vicinity, consistent with Section 5.78(B)1. to minimize the number of spaces required on the church property.

B. Convalescent and Nursing Homes.

1. The required minimum lot size shall be determined by multiplying the number of persons comprising the approved resident capacity of the facility by 2,500 square feet; provided, the lot shall be no less than two acres in any event.

2. Parking shall be provided at a ratio of one space per employee, plus one space for each resident (based on approved capacity).

3. The building shall be at least 25 feet from all side and rear property lines for one story buildings and 40 feet for all buildings or portions of buildings two or more stories in height.

4. The facility shall be licensed in accordance with all applicable requirements of the State of Michigan.

C. Private or Parochial School. The purpose of these requirements is to integrate schools into the fabric of the city’s neighborhoods, but not at the expense of the residential character of those areas. Therefore, the scale of the school, parking lots and related uses shall be compatible with abutting homes and in character with the surrounding neighborhood.

1. The minimum lot area shall be one acre.

2. The minimum lot width shall be 150 feet.

3. At least one property line shall abut and have direct access to an arterial or collector street.

4. All buildings, parking areas and outdoor activity areas (ball fields, playgrounds, bleachers, etc.) shall be set back a minimum of 40 feet from any side or rear property line abutting a residential district.

5. A six-foot high fence shall be constructed along any side or rear property line abutting a residential district.
6. Lighting for night time activity areas shall be directed and shielded so the light source is not visible from any residential use within 150 feet of the light fixture. All lighting, including building and security lighting, shall be located to prevent glare on adjacent properties and streets.

Section 5.74 Residential Uses

A. Independent and Assisted Living.

1. The minimum required lot size shall be five acres or 2,500 square feet per dwelling unit, whichever is greater.

2. Parking shall be provided at a ratio of one space per employee, plus one space per dwelling unit.

3. The building shall be at least 25 feet from all side and rear property lines for one story buildings and 40 feet for all buildings or portions of buildings two or more stories in height. A front setback of at least 25 feet shall be provided.

B. Residential Dwellings Above the Ground Floor in a Commercial Building.

1. Dwelling units shall not be located on the street level.

2. Nonresidential uses, including storage, shall not be located on the same floor as a dwelling unit.

3. One on-site parking space shall be provided for each dwelling unit; provided, the required parking may be permitted to be located off-site if the following requirements are met:
   a. The required parking spaces are located off-street within 300 feet of the entrance to the dwelling unit;
   b. The parking area meets all applicable requirements of this ordinance for off-street parking;
   c. The owner provides written assurance that the spaces will be permanently available; and
   d. A maintenance agreement is provided to ensure the continued upkeep of the parking area.

Section 5.75 Other Uses

A. Similar Uses. Since every potential use cannot be addressed in this ordinance, each district provides for similar uses, referencing this section. All applications for a use not specifically listed in any zoning district shall be submitted to the Director of Public Works for review and decision, based on the following standards:
1. The Director of Public Works shall find that the proposed use is not listed as a named permitted or special land use in any zoning district.

2. If the use is not addressed in any district, the Director of Public Works shall review the uses listed as permitted and special land uses in the zoning district in which the use is proposed and determine if a use listed in the district closely resembles the proposed use. This determination shall be based upon criteria such as potential impact on property values, nature of use, traffic generated, aesthetics, noise, vibration, dust, smoke, odor, glare, and other objectionable impacts on the health, safety, and welfare in the city.

3. If a use is determined to be similar to a named use within the district, the proposed use shall comply with any specific standards or other ordinance requirements that apply to the named use. If the named use is a special land use, the similar use may only be approved according to the requirements of Section 5.94.

4. The Director of Public Works may, at his/her discretion, submit the proposed use to the Planning Commission for determination of the appropriateness of the use.

5. Where the Director of Public Works or Planning Commission determines a proposed use is not similar to any named use addressed within the district, the applicant may petition for an amendment to this ordinance.

6. The determination as to whether a proposed use is similar in nature and class to another named permitted or special land use within a district shall be considered as an interpretation of the use regulations, and not as a use variance; this determination may be appealed as provided in Article 12.

7. Upon determination by the Director of Public Works or Planning Commission that a use is similar to a named use, the Director of Public Works shall initiate an amendment to this chapter to list the similar use in the schedule of uses for the zoning district.

B. Temporary Storage Units.

1. Registration of Temporary Storage Units.
   a. Prior to or within 72 hours of the initial delivery of a temporary storage unit or units, the property owner, occupant of the premises (if not the owner) or storage unit supplier shall register the placement of the storage unit with the Director of Public Works; provided, however, such registration shall not be required if the storage unit is removed within 72 hours of its delivery.
   b. Registration requires the following:
i. Completing the required application form and providing the property owner’s or occupant’s name (if not the owner), number and size of the temporary storage units to be registered, the address at which the storage unit(s) will be placed, delivery date, removal date and a sketch illustrating the location and placement of the storage unit(s);

ii. Written approval of the application by the Director of Public Works.

c. The effective date of the registration shall be the date of the Director of Public Works approval.

2. Placement Requirements.

a. It shall be unlawful to place or permit the placement of a temporary storage unit on property located within the City of East Grand Rapids unless it is registered with the Director of Public Works, as required in subsection 1, above.

b. Temporary storage units shall only be placed upon or within a driveway or a parking area or, if access exists at the side or rear of the lot, the side or rear yard.

c. No temporary storage unit shall be placed upon or within public property or a public place, including without limitation, a street, sidewalk or outlawn.

d. The temporary storage unit shall not be located at the registered address for more than 30 consecutive days, including the days of delivery and removal.

e. Each lot is limited to a maximum of one registration per six month period.

f. The temporary storage unit shall not exceed eight feet in height, eight feet in width and 16 feet in length.

g. The temporary storage unit shall be secured in a manner that does not endanger the safety of persons or property in the vicinity of the unit.

h. The temporary storage unit shall be maintained in good condition, free from evidence of deterioration, weathering, discoloration, graffiti, rust, ripping, tearing or other holes or breaks at all times.

i. No temporary storage unit shall be used for human occupancy or to store solid waste, construction debris, demolition debris, business inventory, commercial goods, goods for property other than the property where the storage unit is located or any other illegal or hazardous material. Upon
reasonable notice, the City of East Grand Rapids may inspect the contents of any temporary storage unit at any reasonable time to ensure compliance with these requirements.

j. Any temporary storage unit which is not removed at the end of the time for which it may lawfully remain in place, may be removed by the city immediately, without notice, and the cost of such removal may be assessed against the property on which the unit was located.

k. A sign identifying the storage unit supplier, mounted on the temporary storage unit, shall not require a sign permit; provided, the storage unit is in compliance with this Section 5.76(B) and all other applicable ordinances.

C. Wind Energy Conversion Systems. In addition to the uses specified elsewhere in this section, this subsection establishes On-Site Service Wind Energy Conversion Systems (WECS) as a special use in the R-1 and R-2 districts and provides standards for the installation and operation of a WECS within the City of East Grand Rapids.

1. Definitions.

a. Wind Energy Conversion System (WECS): shall mean a combination of:

i. A surface area capable of being set into motion by the wind (typically a blade, rotor, or similar device), either variable or fixed, for utilizing the wind for electrical power; and

ii. A shaft, gearing, belt, or coupling that converts the movement of the surface area into a form suitable for driving a generator, alternator, or other electricity-producing device; and

iii. The generator, alternator, or other device to convert the mechanical energy of the surface area into electrical energy, generally housed in a nacelle; and

iv. The tower, pylon, building mount or other structure upon which any, all, or some combination of the above are mounted.

v. Other components not listed above but associated with the normal construction, operation, and maintenance of a WECS.

vi. A WECS may have a horizontal axis, with a rotor that spins perpendicular to the ground, or a vertical axis, with a rotor that spins parallel to the ground.

b. WECS Height: The distance measured between the ground (at normal grade) and the highest point of a WECS (for a horizontal axis WECS, the measurement shall be to the tip of the rotor blade when the blade is in the
full vertical position). The height of a building-mounted WECS shall be measured from the grade of the building upon which it is attached.

c. On-site Service WECS: A WECS placed upon a lot or parcel with the primary intent to service the energy needs of the structures and uses on the same lot or parcel.

2. Review Requirements.

a. An On-Site Service WECS shall be allowed as a special land use in the R-1 and R-2 residential districts, subject to the requirements of this Section.

b. Application and Site Plan Requirements. An application and site plan shall include the following information:

i. Name of applicant, name of site plan preparer, name of WECS manufacturer and name of WECS installer, with contact information;

ii. A scaled drawing of the property, showing dimensions of all property lines and the area of the lot in square feet;

iii. Location and setback of all structures on the site, including any overhead utility lines;

iv. Proposed location of the WECS on the building;

v. Setbacks of the WECS, in accordance with the setback requirements of this Section, from property lines;

vi. A scaled elevation drawing of the WECS installation (including the building) showing WECS height, rotor diameter and all other applicable elements to confirm conformance with the requirements of this Section;

vii. Certification that the WECS system and mount meet all applicable standards.


a. Only building-mounted On-site Service WECS shall be allowed.

b. Power rating of the WECS turbine shall not be greater than 20 kW.

c. The WECS shall provide energy only to the structures and uses on the same property upon which the WECS is located and must be owned or leased by the owner of the same property; however, this does not prevent the distribution to the local utility company, through net metering, of any...
power that is generated beyond the needs of the structures or uses on the property.

d. No sound attributed to the WECS in excess of 35 dBA shall be discernible at the property line.

e. There shall be no signs on the WECS other than the name of the manufacturer and applicable safety information. There shall be no lighting on or directed to the WECS.

f. The WECS shall be painted in a neutral matte color, or may be painted in similar colors to those on the building.

g. A WECS shall have an automatic braking, governing, or feathering system to prevent uncontrolled rotation or over speeding. Emergency shut-off information shall be in a location easily accessible and viewable.

h. A WECS shall be designed to prevent unauthorized access.

i. A WECS shall not be installed in any location where its proximity to existing fixed broadcast, re-transmission or reception antenna for radio, television or wireless phone or personal communication systems would produce electromagnetic interference with signal transmission or reception.

j. Abandonment. A WECS shall be removed when the device or equipment is no longer operating or when it has been abandoned. A WECS shall be deemed abandoned when it has not produced electrical energy for six (6) consecutive months.

k. Repair and Maintenance. An existing and approved WECS may be repaired and maintained; however, a WECS may only be replaced with a new or replacement WECS upon approval of the Director of Public Works, provided that the new WECS is of the same or more restrictive height, rotor diameter, setback, etc. as the WECS it replaces. For the purposes of this paragraph, a “new or replacement WECS” shall mean all of the WECS, excluding the tower or support structure.

4. Site and Location Requirements.

a. Number. There may be more than one (1) building mounted on-site service WECS on a single property, provided that each individual WECS meets all of the requirements in this section, and each WECS shall be separated from any other WECS no less than ten (10) feet, measured between the maximum extension of the rotors.

b. Attachment. A building mounted WECS shall be attached to the principal structure. The WECS shall not be mounted to the vertical face of a gable
end, dormer or other façade visible from the street, or visible from the lakeside on a waterfront lot, other than a roof surface. To the greatest degree possible, the WECS shall be mounted to the building in the least visible location from the street, or from the lakeside of any waterfront lot.

c. **Setback.** The WECS shall be mounted so that it is set back from adjoining property lines a distance equal to the WECS height. The setback shall be measured from the property line (considered as a plane extending from the ground to the highest point of the WECS) to the closest extension of the rotor relative to the property line (see graphic).

![Diagram of Building Mounted WECS: Height, setback, rotor diameter]

**Building Mounted WECS: Height, setback, rotor diameter**

| Height measured to rotor tips at point of highest vertical extension. |
| Closest extension of rotor blade relative to property line. |

**d. WECS Height.** The WECS height shall be limited by available setbacks as required in subparagraph 4. c, above; however, no WECS shall exceed the maximum permitted height for principal buildings in the district, plus twenty (20) feet; nor shall any WECS extend more than twenty (20) feet above the highest point on the roof of the building upon which it is mounted.

e. **Rotor Diameter.** The diameter of the rotor shall not exceed fifteen (15) feet.

5. **Discretionary Conditions.** The City Commission may impose other terms and conditions regulating the construction, installation, use, maintenance, repair and removal of any WECS. Such other terms and conditions may include, but are not limited to, the following:

a. The preservation of existing trees and other existing vegetation not required to be removed for installation of a WECS.

b. The reasonable replacement of trees or other vegetation removed or destroyed during the construction or installation of a WECS.
c. Altering the location of the WECS to prevent impacts on neighboring properties, provided that all other requirements of this Section are met.

d. Requiring a performance bond or letter of credit, in favor of the City, and conditioned upon the timely and faithful performance of all required conditions of the special land use, including but not limited to the timely and complete removal of a WECS, regulated under the terms of this section, when required. Such performance bond or letter of credit shall remain in effect during and after the operation of a WECS until its operations have ceased and it has been removed.

D. **Wireless Telecommunications Facilities.**

1. The application for special use approval for a wireless telecommunications tower shall be submitted jointly by the owner/operator of the tower and the owner of the property on which the tower is to be located. In addition to the application submittal requirements specified in Section 5.94, a visual impact analysis shall be submitted which includes graphic depictions of the anticipated appearance of the tower from important vantage points in the surrounding area. Methods used in preparing the analysis shall be reviewed and approved by the Director of Public Works.

2. A wireless communications tower shall be exempt from building height limitations; provided, however, that the tower height shall be no higher than the minimum height necessary to serve its intended function and, in no case shall exceed 199 feet.

3. If the height required for the tower to serve its intended function decreases from the installed height, due to technological advancement, additional tower installations at other locations, or other factors, the tower shall be lowered to such decreased minimum height.

4. The wireless communication tower shall be set back from all property lines a distance equal to the height of the tower, including antennae.

5. It shall be the responsibility of the applicant to demonstrate to the satisfaction of the City Commission that it is not feasible to provide equivalent service by locating the antenna on an existing tower or other existing structure in the city.

6. The tower shall not have an adverse impact on significant views from properties within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the tower site. For purposes of this section, a “significant view” is defined as a view from a residential property that has one or more of the following characteristics:

   a. A view from a residence and its immediate perimeter which encompasses landscape features substantially free of manmade alteration, as a result of the unique topographic siting of the home.
b. A view which is a dominant feature of a residential building site and which contributes significantly to its value, as evidenced by the siting of a home on the property, the size, number, and orientation of windows on the home, and the location and orientation of improved outdoor spaces, such as patios and decks, on the home site.

c. The fact that the proposed tower may be visible from a residence shall not alone be considered an adverse impact on a significant view.

7. The tower and any ancillary building housing equipment needed for operation of the tower shall be of a size, type, color, and exterior materials that are aesthetically and architecturally compatible with the surrounding area, and as unobtrusive as possible. Landscape screening may be required by the City Commission to accomplish screening of equipment buildings.

8. The applicant shall provide documentation of any lighting to be installed on the tower. If tower lighting is required or proposed, the tower location may not be approved unless the City Commission determines that it will not have a significant adverse impact on properties and residents of the surrounding area.

9. The tower shall be designed to accommodate, and the owner/operator of the tower shall agree to permit, use of the tower by other communications services providers, including local government agencies, on reasonable terms, so long as such use does not conflict with the owner/operator’s use of the tower.

10. If, for any reason, the tower ceases operation or is abandoned, the city may order its removal from the site by the owner of the tower and/or the owner of the property on which the tower is located. The tower shall be removed within 90 days of the date of such notification. If the tower is not removed within 90 days of notification by the city, the city may arrange for the removal of the tower and shall bill the cost of removal, plus ten percent of the cost, to the owner of the tower and the owner of the property on which the tower is located.

11. These parties shall be jointly liable for removal of the tower. If the charges are not paid within 30 days after billing, they shall be collected as a single lot assessment in accordance with the City Charter and Section 5.117 of this Code.

Article 9 OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS

Section 5.76 Off-Street Parking, Loading, Access and Circulation Requirements

A. Except as may be exempted below, there shall be provided in all districts, at the time of erection or enlargement of any main building or structure, vehicular off-street parking space, with unrestricted access to all spaces, in accordance with the requirements of this Article.
B. If the computation of the minimum number of parking spaces results in a fraction, any fractional amount of .5 or greater shall be rounded up to the next whole number. All other fractional results shall be rounded down to the previous whole number.

C. For any use not specifically listed, the Director of Public Works shall determine if the use is similar to any listed uses, and shall apply that parking requirement. If the use is not similar to any listed uses, the Planning Commission shall determine a reasonable parking space requirement, based upon a parking generation study provided by the applicant. The Planning Commission, in reviewing this study, may require it to be reviewed by a traffic engineer, transportation planner or similar professional prior to making a decision.

D. Required parking shall be installed prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

Section 5.77 Minimum Parking Requirements

A. Residential and Institutional Uses. The minimum number of off-street parking spaces by type of use shall be determined in accordance with the “Residential and Institutional Parking Space Requirements” table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use</th>
<th>Minimum Number of Parking Spaces Per Unit of Measurement</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Residential Uses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single family and two family residential uses</td>
<td>Two (2) spaces per dwelling unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple family residential uses</td>
<td>Two (2) spaces per dwelling unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Institutional Uses</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Churches and similar places of worship</td>
<td>One (1) space for each three (3) seats or six (6) feet of pews in the main unit of worship</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitals</td>
<td>Two (2) for each one (1) inpatient bed, plus four (4) spaces per each 1,000 square feet of usable floor area dedicated to administrative offices, pharmacies, medical clinics and similar uses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private and parochial elementary and junior high schools</td>
<td>One (1) space for each teacher, employee, or administrator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private and parochial senior high schools</td>
<td>One (1) space for each teacher, employee, or administrator, and one (1) space for each ten (10) students</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. No person shall park a vehicle, as defined in Section 79 of the Michigan Vehicle Code (P. A. 300 of 1949, MCL 257-79), in the front yard of any residential lot except on an improved driveway. For purposes of this section, “improved driveway” shall mean a driveway constructed of concrete, asphalt or a permeable surface approved by the Director of Public Works. No improved driveway shall occupy more than 40 percent of the front yard.
2. The following requirements shall apply to all parking areas located within residential zones, except for parking spaces that service one and two family dwellings:

   a. Parking areas shall conform to the front yard setback requirements of the residential zone in which it is located; provided, where a setback line has been established by existing residential buildings occupying 50 percent or more of the frontage within the same block, such established setback shall apply.

   b. Parking areas shall have a minimum side yard greenbelt of ten feet on any side that is adjacent to property in single family residential districts. All required front and side yards shall be planted and landscaped and properly maintained to screen the adjoining properties. These parking areas shall be enclosed by a fence or wall six feet in height sufficient to screen the parking lot from adjoining residential areas.

   c. Parking areas shall be used solely for the parking of passenger automobiles and other vehicles of less than 7,000 pounds gross vehicle weight. No commercial repair work or services or storage of any kind shall be conducted on such parking lot.

   d. No sign, other than entrance, exit and condition of use signs shall be maintained; all signs shall conform to the provisions of Chapter 81, Signs, of the City Code.

   e. Where the parking lot access adjoins a commercial zone, access shall be from the street on which the commercial zoned property has frontage, wherever practical, and shall be at least 20 feet from any adjacent property line in a R-1 district and five feet from any adjacent property in a R-2 district.

B. **Business Uses.** Except as otherwise modified or exempted in Section 5.78, uses in the C-1 Commercial District shall comply with the parking space requirements in the “C-1 District Parking Space Requirements” table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use</th>
<th>Required Parking Spaces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Permitted residential uses</td>
<td>One and one-half (1.5) spaces per dwelling unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail stores except as otherwise specified in this table</td>
<td>One (1) space for each three hundred (300) square feet of usable floor area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banks</td>
<td>One (1) space for each two hundred (200) square feet of usable floor area, including employee work space</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Beauty parlor or barber shop</td>
<td>Two (2) spaces for each beauty or barber shop chair</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry cleaners, laundries and drop-off stations</td>
<td>One (1) space for each five hundred (500) square feet of usable floor area</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
C-1 District Parking Space Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use</th>
<th>Required Parking Spaces</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal and business service establishments except as otherwise</td>
<td>One (1) space for each three hundred (300) square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>specified in this table</td>
<td>feet of usable floor area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furniture and appliance, household equipment, repair shops, showroom</td>
<td>One (1) space for each eight hundred (800) square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of a decorator or similar trade</td>
<td>feet of usable floor area. For floor area used in</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>processing, one (1) additional space shall be</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>provided for each two (2) processing employees</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offices for business, professional or service uses, except medical</td>
<td>One (1) space for each three hundred thirty (330)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>square feet of usable floor area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offices for doctors, dentists or similar medical professions</td>
<td>One (1) space for each two hundred (200) square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>feet of usable floor area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Restaurants</td>
<td>One (1) space for each one hundred (100) square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>feet of usable floor area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supermarkets/grocery stores/convenience stores and other retail food</td>
<td>One (1) space for each two hundred fifty (250)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sales</td>
<td>square feet of usable floor area</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health and fitness clubs, dance studios or other similar uses</td>
<td>One (1) space for each two hundred (200) square</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>feet of usable floor area, plus one (1) space per</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>employee, plus two (2) spaces for each indoor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>tennis or racquetball court</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. Every parcel of land used as a community or private parking area in the C-1 zone shall be developed and maintained in accordance with the following requirements:

   a. Off-street parking areas shall be effectively screened on any side adjoining or facing a residential zone district or institutional use by a solid, uniformly painted fence or wall not less than four nor more than six feet in height, maintained in good condition; provided, where the adjacent owners agree in writing, a screening of hedge or other natural landscaping may be substituted for the required fence or wall. Fences or hedges adjacent to parking spaces shall be protected from vehicles by curbs or wheel stops.

   b. All off-street parking areas and loading areas shall be surfaced and maintained with an approved asphalt, bituminous or Portland cement binder pavement, to provide a durable and dustless surface and shall be graded and drained to dispose of all surface water. Permeable surface materials may satisfy this requirement, if approved by the Director of Public Works.

   i. Surface water from any off-street parking or loading area of 1,000 square feet or more must be disposed of through an underground drainage system. The underground system must include such catch basins, manholes, storm sewer connection and other structures necessary to properly dispose of surface water. In the event that a
public storm sewer system is not available for connection, then plans for disposal of storm water shall be approved by the Director of City Services. No off-street parking or loading area drainage system may be connected to a sanitary sewer system.

ii. Off-street parking and loading areas shall be enclosed by fences, walls or barriers necessary to insure that motor vehicles may not enter or exit at points other than those expressly provided for that purpose and that motor vehicles using the parking area or loading area may not encroach on adjacent public rights-of-way or private property.

iii. Lighting provided for off-street parking or loading areas shall be arranged to reflect away from the adjoining residence buildings or streets.

2. Application for the approval of construction or paving of parking or loading areas shall be made in accordance with the requirements of Article 10, Site Plan Review.

Section 5.78 Modifications and Exemptions

A. **Exemptions.** Uses within certain locations in the Gaslight Village business district shall be exempt from the parking requirements otherwise applicable, as specified in the C-1 District Parking Space Requirements table.

1. **Exempt Zone Defined.** For the purposes of this section, the “exempt zone” shall include all properties zoned C-1 within the following described areas:

   a. all properties that have frontage on the south side of Wealthy Street;
   
   b. the properties with frontage on the north side of Wealthy Street, beginning at the northeast corner of Wealthy Street and Lovett Street, extending 133 feet southeasterly along the north side of Wealthy Street;
   
   c. the east side of Lovett Street;
   
   d. the east and west sides of Croswell Street; and
   
   e. the east and west sides of Bagley Street.

2. **Non-exempt Uses.** Regardless of location, however, the following uses shall not be exempt from the C-1 District Parking Space Requirements table:

   a. Any permitted residential use shall comply with the requirements of the table.
   
   b. Special land uses shall provide off-street parking as required in the table, subject to all other specific conditions applicable to that use.
3. **Existing Parking.**

   a. Any public or private off-street parking space existing on or created after the effective date of this Article shall comply with all applicable requirements of this Article with respect to required size and location of parking facilities.

   b. Any public or private off-street parking spaces existing on the effective date of this Article shall be maintained and the number of existing parking spaces on any property shall not be reduced, unless approved by the Planning Commission. In making a determination that a reduction is warranted, the Planning Commission shall find that the property meets one or more of the requirements of Section 5.79(B), Modifications to Parking requirements.

**B. Modification of Parking Requirements.** The minimum number of parking spaces required by this Article may be modified by the Planning Commission in consideration of the following factors:

1. Shared parking by multiple uses is feasible where there will be a high proportion of multipurpose visits, or uses have peak parking demands during differing times of the day or days of the week.

   a. Shared parking areas shall be on the same lot, upon an adjacent lot or lots, or within 300 feet (measured from the nearest edge of the parking lot to the front door of the business) of the business(es) served by the shared parking area. However, the City may approve a shared parking agreement that does not meet this requirement, provided the following conditions are met:

      i. The applicant(s) shall provide a parking study showing how the use of on-site, adjacent and/or remote lots meet the requirements of this ordinance;

      ii. Remote parking spaces shall be designated for use by employees only. The City Commission, after recommendation by the Planning Commission, may permit remote spaces to be occupied by vehicles belonging to non-employees if the applicant provides a valet service from the place of business.

      iii. The applicant shall provide a means of motorized transit between remote lots and the place of business, when any remote lot is more than 500 feet from the place of business (measured from the nearest pedestrian access of the parking area, along the nearest public pedestrian pathway, to the front door or employee entrance of the business).
b. Pedestrian, and vehicular connections shall be maintained between the lots and the business(es) served.

c. Shared parking agreements shall be filed with the county register of deeds and the city.

2. Convenient municipal off-street parking is available to meet peak time parking demands of the use. The City Commission may require payment of fees to offset acquisition, construction and maintenance costs in accordance with the Community Parking provisions of this Article.

3. On-street parking spaces located along the site’s frontage are available.

4. Walk-in trade can reasonably be expected due to sidewalk connections to adjacent residential neighborhoods, employment centers or other nearby commercial uses, where it can be determined that some portion of the patronage of these businesses comes from other uses (e.g., employees of area offices patronizing restaurants, etc.).

   a. The site design shall incorporate pedestrian connections to the site and on-site pedestrian circulation providing safe and convenient access to the building entrance.

   b. The reduction in the required number of spaces allowed under this subsection shall not exceed twenty percent.

5. Other forms of travel such as transit are available and can reasonably be expected to off-set some parking demand. The Planning Commission may require the site design incorporate pedestrian connections to nearby transit stops or bicycle parking facilities.

6. A parking study, prepared by a qualified traffic engineer or transportation planner, has been submitted by the applicant demonstrating that another standard would be more appropriate based on actual number of employees, expected level of customer traffic or actual counts at a similar establishment. The Planning Commission may require a parking study to document that any one of the criteria 1 through 5 above would be met.

C. Mixed uses. In the case of mixed uses, the total requirements for off-street parking areas shall be the sum of the requirements of the individual uses computed separately. Collective provision for off-street parking areas for two or more buildings or uses shall be permitted; provided, the total off-street parking spaces shall not be less than the sum of the requirements for the various uses computed separately. Cumulative parking requirements for mixed-use occupancies or shared facilities may be reduced by the Planning Commission, in accordance with the provisions of Section 5.79(B).

D. Community Parking. The provisions of this Article relative to nonresidential off-street parking may be met by participation in a municipal or community parking program
designed to serve the area in which the use is located. Any community parking program shall be established by city ordinance, which shall designate the parking area; the area to be served by the parking program and the allocation of the cost of the program. The ordinance shall provide for open space to be distributed throughout the parking area, as the City Commission deems necessary for the public health, safety and general welfare.

E. **Maximum Parking.** In order to minimize excessive areas of pavement that detract from aesthetics, contribute to high rates of storm water runoff and generate added heat, the minimum parking space requirements of this article shall not be exceeded by more than ten percent, unless approved by the Planning Commission as part of site plan review. In considering additional parking, the Planning Commission shall determine, based on documented evidence, that the parking is needed to accommodate the use on a typical day.

### Section 5.79 Off-Street Parking Facility Location and Design

**A. Location.** Off-street parking facilities shall be located as hereinafter specified:

1. For all residential uses and for all nonresidential uses within residential zones, required parking shall be provided on the same parcel as the building.

2. For all nonresidential uses in the C-1 zone, required parking spaces shall be provided within 300 feet of the building being served, measured along public rights-of-way from the nearest point of the parking facility to the nearest point of the building.

   a. Required parking may be provided off-site, on a lot or lots where there is a lease or shared parking agreement to accommodate parking, provided such arrangement is approved by the Planning Commission. Any lease or shared parking agreement shall include a provision that requires notification to the building official of any change in the terms or expiration. The building official may allow modifications to parking agreements where parking compliance is achieved in some other manner or a parking variance is granted by the Zoning Board of Appeals.

   b. All off-street parking required to meet the standards of this Article shall be provided within the same zoning district as the principal use and shall be within a convenient walking distance of the building entrances, as determined by the Planning Commission, except that valet parking may be provided elsewhere.

**B. Parking Design.** Wherever off-street parking is provided, it shall be laid out in accordance with the following table:
The location and design of entrances, exits, surfacing, landscaping, marking and lighting shall be subject to the approval of the Director of Public Works to ensure adequate regulation to traffic safety and protection of the adjacent residential area.

2. If parking spaces are adjacent to and accessed from a two-way parking maneuvering lane, the minimum width of the lane shall be 24 feet, regardless of the parking angle.

3. Except for one and two family dwellings, all parking spaces shall be designed so ingress and egress to each space is unobstructed at all times. On properties with a one or two family dwelling, the parking spaces may be designed so a space is blocked by a vehicle occupying another space.

4. All parking spaces and driveways shall be hard surfaced and drained. Permeable surfaces approved by the Director of Public Works may be used to satisfy this requirement.

Section 5.80 Off-Street Loading Requirements

In all districts, every building, or part thereof, hereafter erected, which is to be occupied by a retail store or block of stores of over 10,000 square feet, hospital, laundry, dry cleaning or other uses similarly requiring the receipt or distribution in vehicles of materials or merchandise, there shall be provided and maintained on the same premises with the same building, off-street loading spaces in relation to gross floor area as follows:

A. Up to 20,000 square feet GFA: 1 space

B. 20,001 to 50,000 square feet GFA: 2 spaces

C. 50,001 to 100,000 square feet GFA: 3 spaces

D. One additional space for each additional 100,000 square feet GFA or part thereof, provided that:

1. Each loading space shall have the following dimensions:

a. For conventional trucks - At least ten feet in width, 25 feet in length and fourteen 14 feet in height.
b. For tractor/trailers - At least ten feet in width, 50 feet in length and fourteen 14 feet in height.

2. A loading space may occupy all or any part of any required yard or court space, except that no loading space may be located in the front yard.

3. No such space shall be located closer than 50 feet to any lot in any residence district unless wholly within a completely enclosed building or enclosed on all sides by a wall or uniformly painted solid board or masonry fence of a uniform appearance not less than six feet in height.

Section 5.81 Storage and Repair of Vehicles

A. Recreational Vehicles and Recreational Units in Residential Districts. No recreational vehicle or recreational unit may be kept or stored outdoors on any property in a residential district for a period longer than 72 hours, except in compliance with all of the following conditions:

1. The recreational vehicle or unit is owned by the occupant of the property on which it is stored.

2. Storage shall be in the rear yard only.

3. The vehicle shall be kept in good repair and in a sightly condition.

4. Recreational vehicles and recreational units shall be shielded from view from streets or adjacent lots, by shrubbery or fencing compatible with the general appearance of the neighborhood and the requirements of this Article.

B. Inoperable Vehicles. No unlicensed, inoperable, partially dismantled, wrecked, junked or discarded motor vehicle, recreational vehicle or recreational unit shall be parked or stored on any premises in any residential district for longer than seven days, except if stored in a fully enclosed building.

C. Mechanical Work. Within a residential district, mechanical work on vehicles not owned or leased by the occupant of a dwelling for his/her personal use is prohibited. In any case, such mechanical work that is permitted shall only occur within an enclosed garage.

Section 5.82 Commercial Vehicles

Commercial vehicles shall not be located on any property within a residential zone, unless parked or stored within a completely enclosed garage or building. This shall not prevent the temporary location of any such vehicle on property while engaged in a delivery, pickup or service run to the property where located.
Article 10    SITE PLAN REVIEW

Section 5.83    Intent

The purpose of this Article is to establish a uniform set of requirements for the planning and design of developments within the city in order to achieve the following objectives: to determine compliance with the provisions of this ordinance; to promote the orderly development of the city; to prevent depreciation of land values; to ensure a consistent level of quality throughout the community; to ensure a harmonious relationship between new development and the existing natural and manmade surroundings; to achieve the purposes of the City of East Grand Rapids Master Plan; to promote consultation and cooperation between applicants and the city in order that applicants may accomplish their objectives in the utilization of land, consistent with the public purposes of this ordinance and the master plan.

Section 5.84    Uses Requiring Review

A. Commission Review. Site plan review by the Planning Commission and City Commission shall be required for the creation of a use or construction of a building under the following circumstances:

1. Any use permitted by right in the C-1 District,
2. Any use, other than a single or two-family dwelling, in a Residential District,
3. Any special land use,
4. Site condominiums in any district,
5. The creation of three or more lots or condominium units from a single parcel or lot within a five year period,
6. Any private park, common area or jointly used property which is used or designed for recreational use or lake or stream access and which is designed, used or available for use by the owner or occupants of any other lot of record, and
7. Any change, alteration to or expansion of any of the above, except as included under Administrative Review.

B. Administrative Review. The Director of Public Works shall have the authority to review and approve site plans under the following circumstances:

1. Expansion of an existing building or structure by not more than 1,000 square feet or 25 percent of the existing gross floor area, whichever is less.
2. The reconfiguration of an existing parking area that does not alter the number of parking spaces.
3. Addition or relocation of:
   a. Driveways and entrances
   b. Landscaping
   c. Lighting
   d. Refuse containers
   e. Retention/detention ponds
   f. Sidewalks
   g. Signs

Section 5.85 Site Plan and Sketch Plan Review Procedures

The process for reviewing a site plan shall be as follows:

A. Application. A complete site plan (either sketch plan or final site plan), in sufficient number as required by the city, and an electronic version, in a format specified by the city, shall be submitted to the Director of Public Works, along with an application for that purpose and a fee, as established by the City Commission.

B. Completeness. The Director of Public Works shall review the application and plans for completeness and, if all requirements are met, will process them as follows. Incomplete applications shall be returned to the applicant without further processing.

C. Distribution. Upon determining that the application and plans are complete, the Director of Public Works shall review the plan, if a sketch plan, or transmit the plan to the Planning Commission, if a site plan, for consideration at its next meeting. The Director of Public Works shall not be required to submit any site plan for Planning Commission review which was submitted less than 20 days prior to the next regularly scheduled Planning Commission meeting. In addition, at his sole discretion, the Director of Public Works may provide copies to city departments and/or consultants for review.

D. Decision. The Director of Public Works or Planning Commission, as applicable, shall consider the respective sketch plan or site plan along with comments from departments and consultants, if any.

   1. If the plan is a sketch plan, the Director of Public Works shall provide comments to the applicant based on the plan’s conformance with applicable zoning requirements, compatibility with neighboring property, vehicular access and internal circulation, and other relevant considerations. Following revisions to the plan, if any, or based on the originally submitted plan, the Director of Public Works shall, based on the applicable standards of Section 5.88, either:
      a. approve the sketch plan, as submitted;
b. approve the sketch plan with conditions; or

c. deny approval of the sketch plan, if the applicable requirements and standards have not been met.

2. If the plan is a site plan, the Planning Commission shall, based on the standards of approval of Section 5.88, either:

a. Recommend approval of the site plan to the City Commission, as submitted;

b. Recommend approval of the site plan to the City Commission, with conditions; or

c. Recommend denial of the site plan to the City Commission, if applicable requirements and standards have not been met.

3. Upon receiving the recommendation of the Planning Commission, the City Commission shall consider the site plan, the Planning Commission recommendation and the standards of Section 5.88 and approve, approve with conditions or deny the site plan application.

E. Acceptance. If approved, two copies of the sketch plan or site plan shall be signed and dated by the Director of Public Works and the applicant. One copy shall be kept on file with the city and one copy shall be returned to the applicant or his designated representative. If the plan is approved with conditions, a revised plan shall be submitted reflecting those conditions and signed by the applicant and the Director of Public Works, prior to issuance of any permits.

**Section 5.86 Submittal Requirements**

Each sketch plan or site plan shall contain the following information, as applicable, unless waived by the Director of Public Works as unnecessary or not applicable to the proposed project. Incomplete plans will be returned to the applicant without further processing:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required Information</th>
<th>Sketch Plan</th>
<th>Site Plan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Information</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date, north arrow, and scale</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name and firm address of the professional individual responsible for preparing site plan</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name and address of the property owner or petitioner</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location sketch showing site, adjacent streets and properties within 500 feet</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal description of the subject property</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size of subject property in acres (square feet, if less than one acre)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required Information</td>
<td>Sketch Plan</td>
<td>Site Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boundary survey</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparer’s professional seal</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Existing Conditions</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Existing zoning classification of subject property</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property lines and required setbacks (dimensioned)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location, width and purpose of all existing easements</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location and dimension of all existing structures on the subject property</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location of all existing driveways, parking areas and total number of existing parking spaces on subject property</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abutting street right-of-way width</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location of all existing structures, driveways, and parking areas within 300 feet of the subject property’s boundary</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Existing water bodies (lakes, rivers, creeks, wetlands, etc.)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Existing landscaping and vegetation on the subject property</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size and location of existing utilities</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location of all existing surface water drainage facilities</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Proposed Development</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location and dimensions of all proposed buildings</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driveways, interior streets and parking areas (including number of parking spaces required and proposed)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location of all proposed drives (including dimensions and radii), acceleration/deceleration lanes, sidewalks, walls, fences, signs (location, number and size), exterior lighting (location and type of fixture), curbing, parking areas (including dimensions of a typical parking space and the total number of spaces required and to be provided), and unloading areas</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recreation areas, common use areas, dedicated open space and areas to be conveyed for public use</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flood plain areas and basement and finished floor elevations of all Buildings</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Landscape plan (showing location of proposed materials, size and type)</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Layout and typical dimensions of proposed parcels and lots</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of proposed dwelling units (by type), including typical floor plans for each type of unit</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number and location (by code, if necessary) of efficiency and one or more bedroom units</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All deed restrictions or covenants</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Required Information</td>
<td>Sketch Plan</td>
<td>Site Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brief narrative description of the project including proposed use, existing floor area (square feet), size of proposed expansion (square feet), and any change in the number of parking spaces</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering**

| Proposed method of handling sanitary sewage and providing potable water | X |
| Location and size of proposed utilities, including connections to public sewer and water supply systems | | X |
| Location and spacing of fire hydrants | | X |
| Location and type of all proposed surface water drainage facilities | X |
| Grading plan at no more than five foot contour intervals | | X |
| Proposed streets (including pavement width, materials, and easement or right-of-way dimensions) | X |

**Building Details**

| Description of building materials | X | X |
| Typical elevation views of all sides of each building type | | X |
| Gross and net floor area | | X |
| Elevation views of building additions | X | X |
| Building height | X | X |

**Additional Information**

| Any other information required by the Director of Public Works, Planning Commission or City Commission to demonstrate compliance with other applicable provisions of this ordinance | X | X |

**Section 5.87 Standards for Approval**

A site plan shall be approved only upon a finding of compliance with the following standards:

A. The site plan must comply with all standards of this Article and all applicable requirements of this ordinance and all other applicable laws and regulations.

B. The site must be designed in a manner that is harmonious, to the greatest extent possible, with the character of the surrounding area.

C. The site must be designed so as to minimize hazards to adjacent property, and to reduce the negative effects of traffic, noise, smoke, fumes and glare to the maximum extent possible.
D. Unless a more specific design standard is required by the city through a different ordinance, all uses and structures subject to site plan review shall comply with the following design standards:

1. **Traffic Circulation.** The number, location, size of access and entry points, and internal vehicular and pedestrian circulation routes shall be designed to promote safe and efficient access to and from the site, and circulation within the site. In reviewing traffic features, the number, spacing, and alignment of existing and proposed access points shall be considered relative to their impact on traffic movement on abutting streets and adjacent properties.

2. **Storm water.** Storm water detention and drainage systems shall be designed so the removal of surface waters will not adversely affect neighboring properties or public storm water drainage systems. Unless impractical, storm water shall be removed from all roofs, canopies and paved areas by underground surface drainage system.

3. **Landscaping.** The landscape shall be preserved in its natural state, insofar as practicable, by minimizing unnecessary tree and soil removal, and any grade changes shall be in keeping with the general appearance of neighboring developed areas. Provision or preservation of landscaping, buffers or greenbelts may be required to ensure that the proposed uses will be adequately buffered from one another and from surrounding property.

4. **Screening.** Where non-residential uses abut residential uses, appropriate screening shall be provided to shield residential properties from noise, headlights and glare.

5. **Lighting.** Lighting shall be designed to minimize glare on adjacent properties and public streets. As a condition of site plan approval, reduction of lighting during non-business hours may be required.

6. **Utility Service.** All utility service shall be underground, unless impractical.

7. **Exterior Uses.** Exposed storage areas, machinery, heating and cooling units, service areas, loading areas, utility buildings and structures, and similar accessory areas shall be located to have a minimum negative effect on adjacent properties, and shall be screened, if reasonably necessary, to ensure compatibility with surrounding properties.

8. **Emergency Access.** All buildings and structures shall be readily accessible to emergency vehicles.

9. **Water and Sewer.** Water and sewer installations shall comply with all city specifications and requirements.

10. **Signs.** Permitted signs shall be located to avoid creating distractions and visual clutter.
11. **Building Design.** New or substantially remodeled buildings shall be reasonably compatible in appearance with, or shall enhance, the established general character of other buildings in the immediate vicinity.

**Section 5.88 Conditions of Approval**

Conditions intended to ensure compliance with the intent of this ordinance and all other regulations of the City of East Grand Rapids may be imposed upon the approval of a site plan.

**Section 5.89 Validity of Approved Plans**

Site plan approval shall expire one year after the date of approval, unless substantial construction has commenced and is being carried on. The Director of Public Works, in the case of a sketch plan, or the City Commission, in the case of a site plan, may grant one extension of up to one additional year; provided, the applicant requests, in writing, an extension prior to the date of expiration of the plan. The extension shall be approved if the applicant presents reasonable evidence to the effect that the development has encountered unforeseen difficulties beyond the control of the applicant, and the project will proceed within the extension period. If the above provisions are not fulfilled or the extension has expired prior to construction, the site plan approval shall become null and void.

**Section 5.90 Amendment to Approved Plans**

A. Any proposed change to an approved sketch plan may be approved by the Director of Public Works; provided, at his/her sole discretion, the request for a change may be referred to the Planning Commission for action.

B. Minor changes to an approved site plan may be approved by the Director of Public Works without requiring a resubmittal to the Planning Commission; provided that the applicant or property owner notifies the Director of Public Works of any proposed amendment to the plan prior to making the change on the site, and the Director of Public Works determines the proposed minor revision does not alter the basic design nor any specified conditions imposed as part of the original approval. Minor changes shall include the following:

1. Reduction in building size or increase in building size up to five percent of the total approved floor area.

2. Movement of buildings or other structures by no more than ten feet.

3. Replacement of plant material specified in the landscape plan with comparable materials of an equal or greater size.

4. Changes in building materials to a comparable or higher quality.

5. Building additions, of up to 25 percent of the total floor area but not more than 1,000 square feet, which do not alter the character of the use.
6. Changes required or requested by county, state or federal regulatory agencies in order to conform with other laws or regulations.

C. Where the modifications are not determined to be minor, the site plan shall require resubmittal in accordance with Section 5.85 for Planning Commission and City Commission review, as required for the original approval.

**Article 11 SPECIAL LAND USES**

**Section 5.91 Intent**

Special uses are generally consistent with the purpose of the zoning district in which they are permitted, but, due to unique operational characteristics, may not be desirable or compatible in all locations. Factors such as traffic, hours of operation, noise, odor or similar potential effects require that the special use be evaluated relative to its appropriateness on a case-by-case basis. Therefore, special uses may be permitted within a zoning district, with city approval, following a review of the use and its potential impact on its surroundings. This article establishes the review procedures for special uses and the general standards that must be met for all special uses. Some specific uses are also subject to additional standards and requirements to mitigate their potential negative impacts.

**Section 5.92 Scope**

A special use shall be permitted only when the City Commission has approved the proposed use and the associated site plan, as provided by this article and other applicable provisions of this ordinance. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this ordinance, the general procedures, standards, and requirements in this article shall apply to all special uses and shall be in addition to any other requirements applicable to particular special uses. In those cases where the specific requirements of this article are more restrictive than other provisions of this ordinance, the special use requirements shall apply.

**Section 5.93 Procedures**

A. **Application.** A person owning or having an interest in a property may apply for a special use as provided in this ordinance.

B. **Filing.** An application shall be filed with the Director of Public Works at least 30 days prior to the Planning Commission meeting at which it is first to be considered. Further consideration and scheduling before the Planning Commission shall not occur unless the application is found to be complete.

C. **Fees.** A non-refundable fee shall be paid when an application is filed. The application shall not be considered until all fees, established by resolution of the City Commission, have been paid in full.

D. **Application requirements.** A completed application, signed by the property owner, must be accompanied by the following:
1. Copies of a site plan that meet the standards and requirements of Article 10.

2. A statement indicating that the proposed use complies with the general standards for approval in Section 5.94, any specific requirements for the use and with all other applicable ordinance requirements.

3. Any additional information deemed necessary to determine the impact of the proposed special land use on adjacent properties, public infrastructure, and the community as a whole. Information may include, but is not limited to traffic impact analyses, environmental impact assessments, market studies (to determine market demand and feasibility), fiscal impact analyses or reports and/or testimony by officials representing state, county or local departments of public safety (police and fire), health, highways or streets and/or environment. Any additional studies deemed necessary may be completed by an individual or firm of the city’s choosing, but at the applicant’s expense.

E. **Scheduling for special use and site plan review.** The Director of Public Works will review the application and if determined to be complete, shall schedule the special use request before the Planning Commission.

F. **Review and Action.**

1. The Director of Public Works or designee shall review the application and, if determined to be complete, shall schedule a public hearing to consider the special land use. The public hearing shall be noticed as required by the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act.

2. The Planning Commission shall conduct a public hearing and also review the site plan submitted with the application.

3. Following the public hearing, the Planning Commission shall consider the comments heard in relation to the special use standards of Section 5.94 and the standards of Section 5.87 for site plan approval and shall recommend to the City Commission approval, approval with conditions, or denial of the special use application.

4. The Planning Commission recommendation shall be forwarded to the City Commission for final action. Prior to making its decision, the City Commission shall conduct a public hearing, notice of which shall be in accordance with the requirements of the Zoning Act. Following the hearing, the City Commission shall consider the application, public comment, the recommendation of the Planning Commission, the accompanying site plan and the standards of Section 5.94 and shall approve, approve with conditions or deny the special use request.

5. Upon approval or approval with conditions of both the special use request and the site plan, the Director of Public Works shall issue a special use permit, which
shall be subject to the conditions of approval, if any, and all other applicable requirements for the proposed use and the zone district.

Section 5.94  Review Standards

A special use application and shall be approved only when it meets all of the standards of this section and any specific standards that apply to the use as listed in Article 8.

A. The proposed use will comply with the general objectives and land use policies of the City of East Grand Rapids Master Plan.

B. The proposed use will be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained so it is appropriate and harmonious with the intended character and appearance of the surrounding area; will be compatible with the intent of the zone district; and will not change the essential character of the surrounding area.

C. The establishment, maintenance, location, or operation of the use will not impede the normal and orderly development and improvement of surrounding property for uses permitted in that zone district.

D. The establishment, maintenance, location, or operation of the proposed use will not be detrimental to or endanger the health, safety, or general welfare of any persons; will not be injurious to or conflict with the use or enjoyment of neighboring property for the purposes permitted; and will not result in any significant adverse impact on the natural environment.

E. The proposed use will not involve activities, processes, materials, and equipment or conditions of operation that will be detrimental to any persons, property, or the general welfare by reason of excessive production of traffic, noise, smoke, fumes, glare, or odors.

F. Adequate utilities, highways, streets, access, drainage structures, police and fire protection, refuse disposal, schools, and other necessary services or facilities have been or will be provided to serve the proposed use; the proposed use will not place undue demands on public services or facilities that result in exceeding their capacity.

G. The proposed use will, in all other respects, conform to the applicable regulations of the zone district in which it is located, specific requirements of Article 8, all conditions of approval, and all other applicable provisions of law, ordinance, or statute.

Section 5.95  Validity of Permit

The special use or activity must commence within one year of approval or it shall expire. The City Commission may approve one extension for up to one additional year, if a request is made by the applicant in writing prior to the initial expiration.
Section 5.96 Amendments, Expansions and Change in Use

The site plan approved in conjunction with the special land use shall become part of the approval record. Any improvements relative to the authorized use shall be consistent with the approved site plan, unless a change is approved, in accordance with Section 5.90. Any change in use shall be subject to the applicable requirements of the zoning district in which the property is located and site plan review in accordance with Article 10.

Section 5.97 Revocation of an Approved Special Land Use

The City Commission shall have the authority to revoke a special use permit when the applicant has failed to comply with any of the applicable requirements of this article, other applicable sections of this ordinance, or the conditions of approval. The City Commission may revoke a previous approval if it finds that a violation exists and has not been remedied. The special use permit may be suspended or revoked according to the following procedures:

A. Conditions that may result in a suspension or revocation include, but are not limited to, the following:
   1. The special use was not constructed in conformance with the approved plans, or the property is not being used in conformance with the approved special use, or
   2. Compliance with the special use permit and any conditions have not been consistently demonstrated, and administrative attempts to secure compliance have been unsuccessful; or
   3. The special use permit has been issued erroneously based on incorrect or misleading information supplied by the applicant and/or his/her agents; or
   4. The operation of the use granted by the special use permit has created a risk or danger to the public health, safety or welfare; or
   5. The special use violates any provision of this ordinance or other city, county, state or federal regulations.

B. If the Director of Public Works determines that a special use permit should be suspended or revoked he/she shall prepare a report specifying the factual details of the violation and the reasons to suspend or revoke the permit.

C. The Director of Public Works shall file the report with the City Commission and provide a copy to the owner, authorized agent or employee by certified mail, return receipt requested.

D. Within 30 days of filing the report with the City Commission, a hearing date will be set for the City Commission to consider the alleged violation(s) to determine if the special use permit should be suspended or revoked. The owner or authorized agent shall be notified personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested, not less than 15 days before the scheduled hearing.
E. The owner shall have an opportunity to respond to any allegations made by: questioning adverse witnesses; presenting witnesses on his/her behalf; and presenting arguments, personally or through legal counsel in his/her own behalf.

F. The City Commission shall prepare a written report of its findings within 30 days of completing all hearings and provide them to the owner either personally or by certified mail, return receipt requested. If the City Commission concludes that the special use permit must be suspended or revoked, the owner shall immediately cease to conduct, operate or carry on the business or use for which the special use permit was granted.

Section 5.98 Appeals

The City Commission’s decision regarding approval or denial of a special use application may not be appealed to the Zoning Board of Appeals. However, prior to consideration of a special use, a variance to a dimensional requirement related to the building or property in question may be filed with the Zoning Board of Appeals.

Section 5.99 Restrictions on Resubmittal of a Special Land Use Request

A special use application that has been denied may not be re-submitted for one year from the date of denial, except when new evidence or information found sufficient by the Director of Public Works justifies an earlier re-application.

Article 12 ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

Section 5.100 Creation and Membership

A. The City Commission shall act as a Zoning Board of Appeals upon all questions arising under this chapter. The mayor shall be the chairman of the Zoning Board of Appeals and shall appoint a vice-chairman and such other officers deemed necessary. The city clerk shall be the secretary of the Zoning Board of Appeals.

B. The concurring vote of a majority of the members of the board shall be necessary to reverse any order, requirement, decision or determination of any administrative official, or to decide in favor of the applicant upon any matter which the board is required to pass under this chapter or to effect any variation in this chapter, except that a concurring vote of two-thirds (2/3) of the members of the board shall be necessary to grant a variance from uses of land permitted in this chapter.

C. In the event that any members of the board are absent from a meeting at which the required concurring vote is not obtained, and if the affirmative vote of such absent members would have resulted in the required concurring vote, the matter shall be continued on the agenda of the board for consideration and decision at the next subsequent meeting when all members of the board are present.

D. The board shall adopt rules of procedure. These rules shall be available for public inspection at the office of the board.
**Section 5.101 Proceedings**

A. Meetings shall be held at the municipal offices and shall be open to the public.

B. A record of the proceedings of each meeting shall be kept by the board, relating evidence presented by the applicant and the resolution by the board, the vote of each member on each question, or, if absent or failing to vote, indicating such fact. These shall be a public record and immediately filed in the office of the board.

C. The board shall receive reasonable assistance from other departments in carrying out the functions of the board.

D. The Zoning Board of Appeals shall not consider any application or appeal without the payment of an application fee in an amount established by the City Commission. The application or appeal shall be filed with the Director of Public Works, who shall transmit the application, together with all plans, specifications, and other papers pertaining to the application or appeal, to the secretary of the board.

E. An appeal from any ruling of the Director of Public Works or other administrative officer administering any portion of this chapter may be taken by any person, including the city, affected or aggrieved. Notice of such appeal shall be filed with the city clerk and shall specify the grounds of such appeal, and it shall be filed within 15 days after the order, requirements, decision or determination appealed from is made.

F. An appeal shall stay all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed from unless the building inspector certifies to the board, after notice of appeal shall have been filed, that by reason of facts stated in this certificate, a stay would, in his or her opinion, cause imminent peril to life or property. In such case, proceedings shall not be stayed otherwise than by restraining order which may, on due course shown, be granted by the board or by the circuit court on application, after notice to the Director of Public Works.

G. When an application or appeal has been filed in proper form and with the required data, the secretary of the board shall immediately place the application or appeal upon the calendar for hearing and cause notices stating the time, place and object of the hearing to be served. Such notices shall be published in a newspaper of general circulation in the city and served personally or by mail at least 15 days prior to the day of such hearing, upon the applicant or the appellant, the Director of Public Works and the owners of record and occupants of property within 300 feet of the premises in question, which notices, if by mail, shall be addressed to the respective property owners of record at the address given in the last assessment roll. Any party may appear at the hearing in person or by attorney.

H. Upon the day for hearing any application or appeal, the board may adjourn the hearing in order to permit the obtaining of additional information, or to cause such further notice as it deems proper to be served upon such other property owners as it decides may be interested in said application or appeal. In the case of an adjourned hearing, persons
previously notified and persons already heard need not be notified of the time of resumption of said hearings unless the board so decides.

I. No application for a variance which has been denied wholly or in part by the board shall be resubmitted except upon proof of changed conditions satisfactory to the Director of Public Works or the director’s designee.

Section 5.102 Powers and Duties

A. The Zoning Board of Appeals, in conformity with the provisions of this chapter and of Act 110 of the Public Acts of 2006, as amended, may reverse or affirm, wholly or in part, or may modify the order, requirements, decision or determination appealed from, and shall make such order, requirement, decision or determination as in its opinion ought to be made in the premises, and to that end shall have all the powers to hear and decide all matters referred to it or upon which it is required to pass under this chapter.

B. The provisions of this article are to be construed as consistent with the applicable provisions of the statutes of the State of Michigan, as established by the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act (PA 110 of 2006, as amended). In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this article and said statutory provisions, the statutory provisions are to prevail.

Section 5.103 Decisions

A. The board shall decide all applications and appeals within 30 days after the final hearing thereon. A copy of the board’s decision shall be transmitted to the applicant or appellant, and to the Director of Public Works. Such decision shall be binding upon the Director of Public Works and observed by him, and he shall incorporate the terms and conditions of the same in the permit to the applicant or appellant whenever a permit is authorized by the board. The decision of the board shall be final.

B. The board, after public hearing, shall have the power to decide applications, filed as hereafter provided, for variances:

1. Where it is alleged by the appellant that there is error or misinterpretation in any order, requirement, decision, grant or refusal made by the Director of Public Works or other administrative officer in the carrying out or enforcement of the provisions of this chapter.

2. Where by reason of the exceptional narrowness, shallowness or shape of a specific piece of property, or by reason of exceptional topographic conditions, or other extraordinary situation or condition of the land, building or structure, or of the use or development of property immediately adjoining the property in question, the literal enforcement of the requirements of this chapter would involve practical difficulties or would cause undue hardship.
3. Where there are practical difficulties or unnecessary hardship in the way of carrying out the strict letter of this chapter relating to the construction, structural changes in equipment, or alterations of building or structures, or the use of land, building or structures so that the spirit of this chapter shall be observed, public safety secured, and substantial justice done.

C. A variance from the provisions or requirements of this chapter shall be authorized only upon an affirmative finding by the board, based upon competent material and substantial evidence on the whole record, that the following criteria are satisfied:

1. That special conditions or circumstances exist which are peculiar to the land, structure or building involved and which are not generally applicable to other lands, structures or buildings in the same district.

2. That the special conditions or circumstances do not result from the actions of the applicant.

3. That authorizing a variance will not be of substantial detriment to the neighboring property and will not be contrary to the spirit and purpose of this chapter.

4. That with respect to use variances, the property cannot reasonably be used in a manner consistent with the existing zoning.

D. A nonconforming use of neighboring lands, structures or buildings shall not, in itself, be considered grounds for granting a variance.

Section 5.104 Time Limit on Variances

Unless otherwise specifically provided by the board as a condition of approval, any variance granted by the Zoning Board of Appeals shall automatically become null and void after a period of 24 months from the date granted, unless the owner or his/her agent has demonstrated that substantial steps have been taken toward effecting the variance.

Section 5.105 Automatic Termination of Use Variance

Any use variance granted by the board shall automatically become null and void if either of the following conditions is found to exist:

A. The use approved by the board ceases or is otherwise discontinued for a period of 12 consecutive months or more.

B. The use to which the property is put is a use allowed by the existing zoning district.
Article 13  AMENDMENTS AND REZONING

Section 5.106  Initiation of Rezoning and Text Amendments

Amendments to this chapter may be initiated by the City Commission on its own motion or, in the manner and pursuant to the procedure herein set forth, may be initiated by any person, firm or corporation filing an application with the city. The Planning Commission may, at its discretion, also initiate amendments to this chapter through the Director of Public Works and also recommend amendments to the City Commission for adoption.

Section 5.107  Application Procedure

Amendments shall be processed as provided for in the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, including notification to adjoining property owners and occupants, where applicable, and a public hearing. If an amendment is requested by a person, firm or corporation, the request shall be filed on a form provided for that purpose and accompanied by an application fee, as set by the City Commission.

Section 5.108  Rezoning and Text Amendment Guidelines

The following guidelines shall be used by the Planning Commission, and may be used by the City Commission in consideration of amendments to the Zoning Ordinance:

A.  Text Amendment:

1. The proposed text amendment would clarify the intent of the ordinance.

2. The proposed text amendment would correct an error or oversight in the ordinance.

3. The proposed text amendment would address changes to the State legislation, recent case law or opinions from the Attorney General of the State of Michigan.

4. The proposed text amendment would promote compliance with changes in other County, State or Federal regulations.

5. In the event the amendment will add a use to a district, that use shall be fully consistent with the intent of the district and the character of the range of uses provided for within the district.

6. The amendment will not create incompatible land uses within a zoning district, or between adjacent districts.

7. The proposed text amendment is supported by the findings of reports, studies, or other documentation on functional requirements, contemporary building practices, environmental requirements and similar technical items.
8. As applicable, the proposed change shall be consistent with the city’s ability to provide adequate public facilities and services.

9. The proposed change shall be consistent with the city’s desire to protect the public health, safety, and welfare of the community.

B. Map Amendment (Rezoning):

1. Whether or not the proposed rezoning is consistent with the goals, policies and future land use map of the City of East Grand Rapids Master Plan; or, if conditions have changed significantly since the Master Plan was adopted, consistency with recent development trends in the area.

2. Whether the proposed district and the uses allowed are compatible with the site’s physical, geological, hydrological and other environmental features. The potential uses allowed in the proposed zoning district shall also be compatible with surrounding uses in terms of land suitability, impacts on the community, density, potential influence on property values and traffic impacts.

3. Whether, if rezoned, the site is capable of accommodating the uses allowed, considering existing or planned infrastructure including streets, sanitary sewers, storm sewer, water, sidewalks, and street lighting.

4. Other factors deemed appropriate by the Planning Commission or City Commission.

Section 5.109 Amendment Considerations

Upon receipt of a report and summary of public hearing comments from the Planning Commission, as provided for in the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, the City Commission may modify and subsequently adopt the proposed amendment, or adopt it as presented by the Planning Commission. The City Commission may refer any proposed modifications back to the Planning Commission for additional comment.

Section 5.110 Conditional Rezoning

It is recognized that there are certain instances where it could be in the best interests of the City, as well as advantageous to property owners seeking a change in zoning boundaries, if certain conditions could be proposed by property owners as part of a rezoning request. It is the intent of this section to permit a process, consistent with the provisions of Section 405 of the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act (MCL 125.3405), by which an owner seeking a rezoning may voluntarily offer conditions regarding the use and/or development of land as part of the rezoning request.
Article 14  NONCONFORMITIES

Section 5.111  Intent

Within the districts established by this chapter or any subsequent amendments, there exist lots, structures, and uses of land and structures which were lawful, either as conforming or nonconforming uses before this chapter was effective, but which would be prohibited, regulated or restricted under the terms of this chapter or amendments hereto.

A. It is the intent of this chapter to permit these nonconformities to continue until they are removed, but not to encourage their continuance. It is further the intent of this chapter that nonconformities shall not be enlarged, expanded or extended, or be used as grounds for adding other structures or uses prohibited elsewhere in the same district, except by appeal to the Zoning Board of Appeals.

B. Such uses are declared to be incompatible with the permitted uses in the districts involved.

C. A nonconforming use of a structure, a nonconforming use of land, or a nonconforming use of a structure and land shall not be extended or enlarged after the passage of this chapter by attachment on a building, structure or premises of additional signs intended to be seen from off the premises, or by the addition of other uses of a nature which would be prohibited in the district involved.

D. To avoid undue hardship, nothing in this chapter shall be deemed to require a change in the plans, construction, or designated use of any building on which actual construction was lawfully begun prior to the effective date of adoption or amendment of this chapter and upon which actual building construction has been continuously and diligently carried on. Actual construction is hereby defined to include the placing of construction materials in permanent position and fastened in a permanent manner; except that where demolition or removal of an existing building has been substantially begun preparatory to rebuilding, such demolition or removal shall be deemed to be actual construction, provided that work shall be continuously and diligently carried on until completion of the building involved.

Section 5.112  Nonconforming Uses

A. A non-conforming use shall not be enlarged or increased, nor extended to occupy a greater area of land than was occupied at the effective date of the adoption or amendment of this chapter.

B. No part of any non-conforming use shall be moved, unless such movement eliminates the non-conformity.

C. If a non-conforming use is abandoned for any reason for a period of more than 12 months, any subsequent use shall conform to the requirements of this chapter. A non-conforming use shall be determined to be abandoned if one or more of the following
conditions exist, and which shall be deemed to constitute an intent on the part of the property owner to abandon the non-conforming use:

1. Utilities, such as water, gas and electricity to the property, have been disconnected;

2. The property, buildings, and grounds, have fallen into disrepair;

3. Signs or other indications of the existence of the non-conforming use have been removed;

4. Equipment or fixtures necessary for the operation of the non-conforming use have been removed;

5. Other actions, which in the opinion of the Director of Public Works, constitute an intention of [on] the part of the property owner or lessee to abandon the non-conforming use.

D. A non-conforming use may be changed to another non-conforming use provided all of the following determinations are made by the Zoning Board of Appeals:

1. The proposed use shall be as compatible or more compatible with the surrounding neighborhood than the previous non-conforming use.

2. The proposed non-conforming use shall not be enlarged or increased, nor extended to occupy a greater area of land or building than the previous non-conforming use.

3. That appropriate conditions and safeguards are provided to ensure compliance with the intent and purpose of this chapter.

Section 5.113 Nonconforming Buildings and Structures

A. Where a lawful building or structure exists at the effective date of this chapter, or an amendment thereto, that does not comply with the requirements of this chapter because of restrictions such as lot area, coverage, width, height, or yards, that building or structure may be continued so long as it remains otherwise lawful, subject to the following provisions:

1. The building or structure shall not be enlarged or altered in a way that increases its nonconformity, except in cases in which the setback of a building or structure is non-conforming by 50 percent or less of the distance required by this Ordinance. Only in these cases may the non-conforming setback be extended along the same plane as the existing non-conforming setback, provided that in so doing, the setback itself is not further reduced.

2. If a nonconforming building or structure is destroyed or significantly damaged, the following shall apply:
a. If destroyed or damaged to an extent of more than 60 percent of its replacement value, exclusive of the foundation, the building or structure shall be reconstructed only in conformance with the applicable requirements of the zoning district in which it is located.

b. If a nonconforming building or structure is destroyed or damaged to an extent less than 60 percent of its replacement value, it may be reconstructed as it existed at the time of such destruction or damage, if reconstruction commences and progresses meaningfully within six months of the destruction or damage. Otherwise, it shall be reconstructed only in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance.

3. If a non-conforming building or structure is moved for any reason and for any distance, it shall be moved to a location which complies with the requirements of this chapter.

B. None of the provisions of this section are meant to preclude normal repairs and maintenance, or improvements of any non-conforming building or structure which do not increase the non-conforming condition; or to prevent strengthening or correcting of any unsafe condition of the building or structure.

Section 5.114 Nonconforming Lots

A. Subject to the requirements of subsection B of this section, if a lot in any zone district in which single-family dwellings are permitted does not satisfy the requirements stated in this chapter for a conforming lot in that zone district, a single-family dwelling and accessory buildings may be erected on any lot of record that existed on the effective date of adoption or amendment of this chapter, subject to the following conditions:

1. Lot coverage by the dwelling and accessory buildings shall not exceed thirty-five percent, regardless of the zoning district.

2. Lot coverage by buildings and pavement shall not exceed forty percent, regardless of the zoning district.

3. Height of the structure shall not exceed two and one-half stories or 25 feet, whichever is less. The height will be measured as provided in this chapter regarding the definition of “building, height of”.

4. Side yards may be reduced by the same percentage that the area of the lot bears to its own district requirements, subject to the following conditions:
   a. The side yard in no instance shall be less than five feet.
   b. In no case shall the side yard setback on the side street of a corner lot be reduced from that required by the zoning district.
c. In no case shall any required setback in any yard abutting Reeds Lake, Fisk Lake, or the Reeds Lake/Fisk Lake channel be reduced.

B. If two or more lots or a combination of lots and portions of lots with continuous frontage in single ownership are of record at the time of passage or amendment of this chapter, and if all or part of the lots do not meet the requirements stated in this chapter for lot width or area for conforming lots in the zone district in which the lots are located, then all of the following conditions apply, unless a variance is granted by the Zoning Board of Appeals:

1. The land involved shall be considered to be an undivided parcel for zoning purposes.

2. No portion of the parcel which does not meet the lot width and area requirements stated in this chapter for a conforming lot in the zone district in which the land is located shall be separately used or occupied.

3. No division of the parcel shall be made which leaves remaining any lot width or area below the requirements stated in this chapter for a conforming lot in the zone district in which the parcel is located, unless a lot is divided and legally combined with an adjacent lot or lots in accordance with the provisions of the East Grand Rapids Subdivision Control Ordinance.

Section 5.115 Nonconforming Resulting from Right-of-Way Dedication

Where a nonconforming front yard setback, parking lot setback or greenbelt is created as a result of additional street right-of-way width being acquired by a street agency, the building or parking lot may be improved or expanded without the need to obtain a variance from the Zoning Board of Appeals, provided the following conditions are met:

A. The building or parking lot complies with the front yard setback prior to the acquisition of the additional street right-of-way.

B. The building or parking lot expansion will not reduce the depth of the front yard setback.

C. All other requirements of this chapter are met and necessary approvals obtained.

Section 5.116 Elimination of Nonconformities

In accordance with the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, the city may acquire private property by purchase condemnation or otherwise for removal of nonconforming uses and structures; provided, the property shall not be used for public housing.
Article 15  ADMINISTRATION AND ENFORCEMENT

Section 5.117  Enforcement

Any building erected, altered, or converted, or any use carried out in violation of any provision of this chapter, is hereby declared to be a nuisance per se. Any person, firm, or corporation who violates, disobeys, omits, neglects or refuses to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter shall have committed a civil infraction and may be ordered to pay a civil fine of not more than $500.00 Each day that a violation occurs or continues shall constitute a separate offense, as follows:

A. The fine for any offense which is a first repeat offense shall be no less than $500.00, plus costs and other sanctions.

B. The fine for any offense which is a second repeat offense or any subsequent repeat offense shall be no less than $1,000.00, plus costs and other sanctions.

Section 5.118  Duties of the Director of Public Works

Except where otherwise stated, the provisions of this chapter shall be administered by the Director of Public Works who shall have the power to:

A. Grant Certificates of Occupancy;

B. Make inspections of buildings and premises necessary to carry out the duties of administration and enforcement of this chapter;

C. Issue and serve appearance tickets on any person with respect to any violation of this chapter where there is reasonable cause to believe that the person has committed such an offense; and

D. Perform such other functions necessary and proper to enforce and administer the provisions of this chapter.

Section 5.119  Plot Plan/Survey

Every application for a building permit shall be made as required by the building code and shall designate the existing or intended use of the structure or premises or part thereof which it is proposed to alter, erect or extend, and the number of dwelling units, if any, to occupy it. The application shall be accompanied by ink, blueprint or photostat copies of drawings in a quantity specified by the Director of Public Works, drawn to scale, showing the actual lines, angles and dimensions of the lot to be built upon or used and the exact size and location on the lot of all existing and proposed structures and uses, together with specifications. The application shall contain other information with respect to the lot and adjoining property as may be required by the Director of Public Works. One copy of both plans and specifications shall be filed in and retained by the office of the Director of Public Works and the other shall be delivered to the applicant when the application has been approved and the permit issued. In cases of minor
alterations, the Director of Public Works may waive portions of the foregoing requirements obviously not necessary for determination of compliance with this chapter.

Section 5.120  Permits

A.  **Zoning Review.** In conjunction with the issuance of a building permit, a zoning review shall be performed prior to erection, alteration, movement or substantial repair of any building, structure, or commercial sign.

B.  **Building Permits.**

1.  A building permit shall not be issued for the erection, alteration, or use of any building or structure or for the use of any land which is not in accordance with all provisions of this chapter.

2.  The holder of every building permit for the construction, erection, alteration, repair, or moving of any building or structure shall notify the Director of Public Works immediately upon completion of the work authorized by the permit for a final inspection.

C.  **Certificate of Occupancy.**

1.  Vacant land shall not be used and an existing use of land shall not be changed to a different class of use, unless a Certificate of Occupancy is first obtained for the new or different use.

2.  A building or structure which is hereafter erected or altered shall not be occupied or used unless and until a Certificate of Occupancy has been issued for the building or structure.

3.  Certificates of Occupancy, as required by city’s building code, shall also constitute certification of compliance with the Zoning Ordinance.

4.  A record of all Certificates of Occupancy issued shall be kept on file in the office of the Director of Public Works and copies shall be furnished upon request to any person owning or renting the property which is the subject of the Certificate.

Section 5.121  Fees

A.  The City Commission shall by resolution establish fees for the administration of the city’s zoning ordinance, including all proceedings and matters that may arise. A listing of current fees shall be available for review by the public during office hours at city hall. Such fees may be changed from time to time by resolution of the city commission. The applicant shall pay all applicable fees upon the filing of any application, proposed plan or other request or application under this ordinance, including, but are not limited to the following:

1.  Requests to the Zoning Board of Appeals,
2. Site plan review,

3. Rezoning requests and Zoning Ordinance amendments,

4. Special land use requests,

5. Site condominium review,

6. Planned unit development or amendments to planned unit developments,

7. Sign permits, and other zoning and building permit fees,

8. Private streets,

9. Plat (subdivision) review, and

10. Any other requests or reviews referred to the Planning Commission.

B. In addition to regularly-established fees, the city commission, in its discretion, may also require an applicant to submit to the city (prior to city review of an application or proposed site plan) an amount of money determined by the city to be a reasonable estimate of the fees and costs which may be incurred by the city in reviewing and acting upon such application or related matters, to be known as an escrow fund. The city shall not charge fees or assess costs for the time expended by city employees (except when authorized under appropriate provisions of the Freedom of Information Act) or for incidental costs and expenses, but may charge fees or assess costs for all other reasonable costs and expenses incurred by the city doing and in connection with the review process and other related proceedings, whether or not the application is granted. Such reimbursable costs and expenses may include, but shall not be limited to, city attorney fees, city engineering fees, costs and fees for services of outside consultants, fees and expenses of other professionals who may assist the city, costs and fees for studies and reports pertaining to the matters in question, special meeting costs, and other reasonable costs and expenses. Escrow funds shall be retained by the city for reimbursement of such costs and expenses. Any escrow funds paid or deposited by an applicant which are not used or spent by the city shall be refunded to the applicant. In the event an applicant fails to comply with escrow fund requirements and all matters pertaining thereto, in addition to all other remedies available, the city shall impose a single lot assessment on the subject premises in accordance with Section 1.306 of the City Code of Ordinances.

Section 5.122 Performance Guarantees

A. As a condition of approval of a private street, site plan review, special land use, or planned unit development, the Planning Commission or City commission, whichever is designated as the approving authority, may require a financial guarantee of sufficient sum to assure the installation of features or components of the approved activity or construction which are considered necessary to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public and of users or inhabitants of the proposed development. Those features or components, hereafter referred to as “improvements,” may include, but shall not be
limited to, streets, curbing, landscaping, fencing, walls, screening, lighting, drainage facilities, sidewalks, driveways, utilities, and similar items.

B. Performance guarantees shall be processed in the following manner:

1. Prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy, the applicant shall submit an itemized estimate of the cost of the required improvements subject to the performance guarantee. The estimate shall be reviewed by the Director of Public Works and may, in his/her sole discretion, be forwarded to other departments and/or consultants for review. The amount of the performance guarantee, as approved by the Director of Public Works, shall be 100 percent of the cost of purchasing materials and installing the required improvements, plus the cost of necessary engineering and a reasonable amount for contingencies, not to exceed 125 percent of the estimated cost of materials and installation.

2. The required performance guarantee may be in the form of a cash deposit, certified check, irrevocable bank letter of credit, or surety bond acceptable to the city.

3. Upon receipt of the required performance guarantee, the Director of Public Works shall issue a building permit for the subject development or activity, provided it is in compliance with all other applicable provisions of this Ordinance and other applicable Ordinances of the city.

4. The Director of Public Works, upon the written request of the guarantor, shall rebate portions of the performance guarantee upon determination that the improvements for which the rebate has been requested have been satisfactorily completed. The portion of the performance guarantee to be rebated shall be in the same amount as stated in the itemized cost estimate for the applicable improvements.

5. When all of the required improvements have been completed, the guarantor shall send written notice to the Director of Public Works of completion of the improvements. The Director of Public Works shall then inspect all of the improvements and approve, partially approve, or reject the improvements with a statement of the reasons for any rejections. If partial approval is granted, the cost of the improvement rejected shall be set forth. Where partial approval is granted, the guarantor shall be released from liability pursuant to relevant portions of the performance guarantee, except for that portion sufficient to secure completion of the improvements not yet approved.

C. A record of authorized performance guarantees shall be maintained by the Director of Public Works.
Article 16   ENACTMENT PROVISIONS

Section 5.123   Repeal of Ordinances

Chapter 50, Title V of the Code of Ordinances, known as The City of East Grand Rapids Zoning Ordinance, adopted on May 20, 1974, and all amendments thereto, are hereby repealed. The repeal does not affect any act done or offense committed, or any liability, penalty, forfeiture, or punishment acquired thereunder. The repeal does not include the Official Zoning Map of the City of East Grand Rapids Zoning Ordinance, which is hereby adopted as a part of this chapter. The repeal also does not include any existing approved PUD ordinances.

Section 5.124   Severability

The various parts, sentences, paragraphs, sections, and clauses of this ordinance are hereby declared to be severable. If any part, sentence, paragraph, section, or clause of this ordinance is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court or administrative agency of competent jurisdiction, the unconstitutionality or invalidity shall not affect the constitutionality or validity of any remaining provisions of this ordinance.

Section 5.125   Enactment and Effective Date

A public hearing having been held as required by the Michigan Zoning Enabling Act, the provisions of this chapter are hereby adopted, and shall take effect on the 29th day of November, 2013.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall be effective on November 29, 2013.

Section 3. Notice of adoption of this Ordinance shall be published within ten days after its enactment by publication of a digest, summary, or statement of purpose of the Ordinance as provided by Chapter VII, Section 7.5 of the Charter of the City of East Grand Rapids.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION

Notice is hereby given that on November 18, 2013, the City Commission of the City of East Grand Rapids adopted an ordinance amending Chapter 50, Title V of the City Code. The purpose of this ordinance is to restate Chapter 50 in its entirety. Chapter 50 is the zoning ordinance of the City Code and contains provisions regarding the City’s zoning districts, land development provisions, and administrative provisions, as well as provisions that are included to comply with applicable state and federal laws. The major headings and major sections of the ordinance are as follows:

DIVISION 1: INTRODUCTION

Article 1   Purpose and Title

Article 2   Definitions
DIVISION 2: ZONING DISTRICTS

Article 3  Zoning Districts and Map
Article 4  Residential Districts
Article 5  C-1, Commercial District
Article 6  Planned Unit Development (PUD)

DIVISION 3: SITE DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS

Article 7  General Provisions
Article 8  Additional Use Requirements
Article 9  Off-Street Parking Requirements

DIVISION 4: ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

Article 10 Site Plan Review
Article 11 Special Land Uses
Article 12 Zoning Board of Appeals
Article 13 Amendments and Rezoning
Article 14 Nonconformities
Article 15 Administration and Enforcement
Article 16 Enactment Provisions

The full text of the ordinance is available for inspection by and distribution to the public at the office of the City Clerk and is also available online at www.eastgr.org/notices. No further or additional publication of this ordinance is required or contemplated.

CITY OF EAST GRAND RAPIDS

By   Karen K. Brower
     City Clerk
Resolution To Approve The EMS Consortium Partnership Contract

At a regular meeting of the East Grand Rapids City Commission held in the Commission Chambers, on the 18th day of November 2013.

PRESENT: Commissioners Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Mayor Seibold
ABSENT: None

The following resolution was offered by Commissioner Johnson and supported by Commissioner Miller:

WHEREAS, The East Grand Rapids City Commission adopted a “Resolution To Create A Governance Model For The Purposes of Establishing an Ambulance Consortium For Kent County Communities” on June 3, 2013 for the purpose of creating a governance model to establish an ambulance consortium for communities in Kent County, and,

WHEREAS, Six municipalities have developed the proposed “EMS Consortium Partnership Contract” to ensure and improve the quality of pre-hospital emergency medical services within Kent County.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED THAT, the East Grand Rapids City Commission hereby approves the attached “EMS Consortium Partnership Contract” and authorizes the Mayor and City Clerk to execute the agreement.

YEAS: Commissioners Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Mayor Seibold
NAYS: None
ABSENT: None

CERTIFICATION

I certify the above to be a true copy of a resolution adopted by the City Commission of the City of East Grand Rapids at a regular meeting held at the City Hall on November 18, 2013, at 6:00 p.m., pursuant to all required statutory procedures.

Dated: November 19, 2013, 2013
Karen K. Brower, City Clerk
Resolution Authorizing the SAW Grant Agreement

Minutes of the regular meeting of the City Commission of the City of East Grand Rapids, County of Kent, State of Michigan, (the “Municipality”) held on November 18, 2013.

PRESENT: Commissioners Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Mayor Seibold
ABSENT: None

Commissioner Johnson offered and moved the adoption of the following resolution, seconded by Commissioner Miller:

WHEREAS, Part 52 (strategic water quality initiatives) of the Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended (“Part 52”), provides at MCL 324.5204e that the Michigan Finance Authority (the “MFA”) in consultation with the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (the “DEQ”) shall establish a strategic water quality initiatives grant program; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with the provisions of 2012 PA 511, which provides grants to municipalities for sewage collection and treatment systems or storm water or nonpoint source pollution control; and

WHEREAS, in accordance with the provisions of 1985 PA 227, as amended, Part 52, and other applicable provisions of law, the MFA, the DEQ, and the Municipality that is a grant recipient shall enter into a grant agreement (the "SAW Grant Agreement") that requires the Municipality to repay the grant under certain conditions as set forth in MCL 324.5204e, as amended; and

WHEREAS, the Municipality does hereby determine it necessary to (select one or more) ☒ establish an asset management plan, □ establish a stormwater management plan, □ establish a plan for wastewater/stormwater, □ establish a design of wastewater/stormwater, □ pursue innovative technology, or □ initiate construction activities (up to $500,000 for disadvantaged community).

WHEREAS, it is the determination of the Municipality that at this time, a grant in the aggregate principal amount not to exceed $402,900.00 (“Grant”) be requested from the MFA and the DEQ to pay for the above-mentioned undertaking(s); and

WHEREAS, the Municipality shall obtain this Grant by entering into the SAW Grant Agreement with the MFA and the DEQ.
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

1. Staff Engineer, a position currently held by Joe Slonecki, is designated as the Authorized Representative for purposes of the SAW Grant Agreement.

2. The proposed form of the SAW Grant Agreement between the Municipality, the MFA and DEQ (attached Sample Grant Agreement) is hereby approved and the Authorized Representative is authorized and directed to execute the SAW Grant Agreement with such revisions as are permitted by law and agreed to by the Authorized Representative.

3. The Municipality shall repay the Grant, within 90 days of being informed to do so, with interest at a rate not to exceed 8 percent per year, to the Authority if the Municipality is unable to, or decides not to, proceed with constructing the project or implementing the asset management program for which the funding is provided within 3 years of the Grant award.

4. The Grant, if repayable, shall be a first budget obligation of the Municipality.

5. The Municipality shall not invest, reinvest or accumulate any moneys deemed to be Grant funds, nor shall it use Grant funds for the general Municipality administration activities or activities performed by Municipality employees that are unrelated to the project.

6. The Authorized Representative is hereby jointly or severally authorized to take any actions necessary to comply with the requirements of the MFA and the DEQ in connection with the issuance of the Grant. The Authorized Representative is hereby jointly or severally authorized to execute and deliver such other contracts, certificates, documents, instruments, applications and other papers as may be required by the MFA or the DEQ or as may be otherwise necessary to effect the approval and delivery of the Grant.

7. The Municipality acknowledges that the SAW Grant Agreement is a contract between the Municipality, the MFA and the DEQ.

8. All resolutions and parts of resolutions insofar as they conflict with the provisions of this Resolution are rescinded.

YEAS: Commissioners Dills, Goebel, Graham, Johnson, Miller, Skaggs and Mayor Seibold
NAYS: None

RESOLUTION DECLARED ADOPTED

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and complete copy of a resolution adopted by the City Commission of the City of East Grand Rapids, County of Kent, said meeting was conducted and public notice of said meeting was given pursuant to and in full compliance with the Open Meetings Act, being Act 267, Public Acts of Michigan, 1976, and that the minutes of said meeting were kept and will be or have been made available as required by said Act.

Karen K. Brower, City Clerk
East Grand Rapids City Commission Secretary
County of Kent
MEMORANDUM

TO: Mayor and City Commissioners
FROM: Brian Donovan, City Manager
DATE: November 25, 2013

RE: Swearing-In Ceremony

After the City Commission approves the minutes of its last meeting and the financial disbursements, there will be a ceremony honoring retiring City Commissioner Cindy Johnson.

Following these presentations, the newly elected and re-elected City Commissioners will step forward to be sworn in by the City Clerk. All three will be sworn in individually. This is a great opportunity for photos and video by family and friends. After the swearing in ceremony, the new City Commissioners will take their seats at the table.

The City Commission will then consider the remainder of the agenda.
Date: December 2, 2013

To: Honorable Mayor Amna P. Seibold and City Commissioners

From: Mark A. Herald, Director of Public Safety
Captain Chuck Lark – Chair, Board of Awards
Sergeant Scott Kolster – Board of Awards
Officer Eric Conklin – Board of Awards

Subject: Department Awards – UNIT CITATION

Award Recommendation

The Board of Awards recommends that Staff Sergeant Tim Schweitzer, Sergeant Brian Davis, Detective Pete Gruzin, Officer Beth Moore, Officer Troy Brown, and Officer Jeff DeJonge receive the Departmental Unit Citation for completing a “difficult task or operation in which teamwork was the key ingredient for success.”

Summary

On January 19, 2013, East Grand Rapids officers received a routine call regarding a stolen iPad. PSO Beth Moore received information the iPad was listed on Craigslist. She contacted the suspect attempting to sell the iPad and arranged to meet him. After making contact with the suspect, Officer Moore learned the suspect possessed information on a large scale heroin dealer in Grand Rapids. S.Sgt. Tim Schweitzer and Sgt. Brian Davis immediately contacted the Kent Area Narcotics Enforcement Team to assist in the interview process with Officer Troy Brown. The suspect divulged credible information concerning the heroin operation. Officer DeJonge assisted with administrative duties. Detective Pete Gruzin was contacted and coordinated the criminal investigation related to the stolen iPad and the drug involvement of the suspects.
During that night and in subsequent days and weeks, these officers worked together as a team to arrest a suspect involved in the home invasion and developed a case where they learned the possible motive for the home invasion was to obtain heroin. As a result of this effort, local narcotics enforcement officers successfully executed search warrants in the City of Grand Rapids resulting in multiple arrests and the confiscation of two firearms and over 100 grams of heroin. The amount of heroin recovered was the most seized in Kent County in the last several years.

As a direct consequence of the Kent County investigation, additional search warrants were executed in the City of Detroit which netted 700 grams of heroin, 2 ½ ounces of crack cocaine, 1 ½ pounds of marijuana, 150 illegal prescription pills, at least 20 vehicles, $20,000.00 in cash, and additional arrests.

The outstanding professional teamwork of S.Sgt. Tim Schweitzer, Sgt. Brian Davis, Detective Pete Gruzin, Officer Beth Moore, Officer Troy Brown, and Officer Jeff DeJonge during a seemingly routine home invasion report taken on January 19, 2013, resulted in significant seizures of drugs, property, and cash. And, most importantly, the combined law enforcement effort led to the federal indictment of three heroin dealers from Grand Rapids and Detroit.

Cc: S.Sgt. Tim Schweitzer
    Sgt. Brian Davis
    Detective Pete Gruzin
    PSO Beth Moore
    PSO Troy Brown
    PSO Jeff DeJonge
    Personnel File
MEMORANDUM

TO: Mayor and City Commission
FROM: Tom Faasse, Zoning Administrator
DATE: November 27, 2013
RE: Croswell Avenue Townhouses PUD Application
City Commission Work Session Review to be held December 2, 2013

Action Requested: The City Commission is requested to take the following actions:

- Conduct a work session to review the application materials and give feedback to the developer, and
- Vote to set a public hearing on the application for PUD rezoning for December 16, 2013.

Background: Mosaic Properties filed an application in May 2013 to redevelop four existing residential lots at 664, 700, 706, and 708 Croswell as a Planned Unit Development (PUD) consisting of a mixture of residential condominiums and a commercial mixed-use building. Subsequently, the applicant met with city staff and with the city’s planning consultant, LSL Planning, and modified the application based on the feedback from those meetings before presenting to the August meeting of Planning Commission. He returned with additional modifications at the October Planning Commission meeting, at which time public comments were received along with additional feedback from the Commission. On November 12, 2013, the Planning Commission conducted a public hearing on the application. The Planning Commission voted to recommend approval to the City Commission with the condition that the list of non-permitted uses for the ground floor also be added as non-permitted uses for the second floor of the mixed/use building.

Please refer to the attached report from LSL Planners for a complete review of the issues to be considered in this request for PUD rezoning. The complete application and site plans are also attached in your agenda packet. Please review these materials with an eye toward giving your feedback and comments to the applicant at this meeting.

Brian Donovan, City Manager
November 25, 2013

Mayor Seibold
City of East Grand Rapids
Community Center
750 Lakeside Drive SE
East Grand Rapids, MI 49506

Re: Croswell Planned Unit Development

Mayor Seibold and City Commission Members:

We have been working in conjunction with City Staff to review the proposed Croswell Planned Unit Development (PUD) proposal. The Croswell project is a mixed use PUD plan that includes a three-story live/work unit, 10 townhomes and one single family residential unit. The proposed project is the redevelopment of four existing single family lots comprising approximately .61 acres of land. Four existing homes and five garages will be demolished prior to development. Based on the requirements of Article XIII A of the City of East Grand Rapids Zoning Ordinance in effect at the time of submittal, we offer the following review and recommendation.

PUD Review

Qualification 5.135 (c): The Croswell PUD meets the qualifying conditions outlined in this section for PUD consideration by the City. Specifically, the property: is of single ownership; is generally consistent with the Master Plan; is served by public water and wastewater facilities; accommodates pedestrians; and incorporates coordinated architectural styles and building relationships.

Permitted Uses 5.136: Any use permitted in any district may be permitted within the PUD. In addition to single family residential and townhome products, the applicant has worked with the City Staff to provide a list of permitted and excluded uses for the live/work unit. The intent of these exclusions is to minimize high-traffic uses which would create excessive parking demands.
Ground floor: Commercial uses as permitted in the C-1 Zoning District, but excluding:

i. Office group, aside from banks and financial institutions
ii. Dance studio
iii. Fitness center
iv. Health club
v. Micro-brewery or brew pub
vi. Pawn shop
vii. Pharmacy
viii. Restaurant
ix. Sexually oriented business

Second Floor: Commercial uses as permitted in the C-1 Zoning District, but excluding:

x. Dance studio
xi. Fitness center
xii. Health club
xiii. Micro-brewery or brew pub
xiv. Pawn shop
xv. Pharmacy
xvi. Restaurant
xvii. Sexually oriented business

Third Floor: Residential

Objectives 5.137: The following objectives shall be met, if applicable, by any application for a PUD in order to realize the inherent advantages of coordinated, flexible, comprehensive long-range planning and development. The Croswell PUD generally meets all of the objectives outlined in this section:

a) To provide a more desirable living, shopping and working environment. **Objective met.** The PUD will provide a downtown and urban living option for current and future City residents along with office and retail convenience.

b) To encourage the provision of open space and the development of recreational and other support facilities in a generally central location within reasonable distance of all the living units: **Objective met.** A central courtyard provides open space and a common area for the enjoyment of residents.

c) To encourage developers to use a more creative approach to the development of areas: **Objective met.** The developer proposes an innovative site design approach incorporating a mixture of uses, creative architecture, and central open space.

d) To encourage underground utilities which can be more efficiently designed when master planned a larger area: **Objective met.** Electric services will be underground.

e) To allow phased construction with the knowledge that subsequent phases will be approved as originally planned and approved by the city: **Objective met.** While construction may be phased, the final site plan will encompass the entire site for a review of all three structures and their relationship to each other and adjacent properties.

f) To promote flexibility in design and permit planned diversification in the location of structures: **Objective met.** Variations in zoning standards allow for increased development flexibility for an urban mixed use development. While proposed structure style is diverse, there is a step-down approach in design intensity from north to south, transitioning in intensity further away from the downtown core.
g) To promote the efficient use of land to facilitate a more economic arrangement of buildings, circulation systems, land use, and utilities: **Objective met.** The development proposal includes a harmonious design theme and efficient use of land.

h) To combine and coordinate architectural styles, building forms, and building relationships within a planned unit development: **Objective met.** Preliminary plans propose an architectural theme that will be confirmed and further reviewed at final site plan review.

i) To ensure a quality of construction commensurate with or higher than other developments within the city: **Objective to be met.** Building materials will be reviewed at final site plan review to ensure the highest quality of development and contextual compatibility.

j) To provide for integrated, safe and abundant pedestrian access within the PUD and to adjacent properties: **Objective met.** Sidewalks from the central courtyard connect to the public sidewalk.

k) To develop a project that is consistent with the objective of the East Grand Rapids Master Plan: **Objective partially met.** The Gaslight Village Subarea Plan denotes the property on which the northernmost building is to be located as “Commercial Core.” The proposed retail/office use of this property is, therefore, consistent with the plan. However, the “CC” note on the Subarea Plan map (map 4) indicates that building height should be limited to “2 stories, 28 feet maximum.” The proposed commercial building exceeds this limitation. Likewise, the note related to the Mixed Density designation indicates “2.5 stories, 35 feet maximum.” The proposed townhouse building would be three full stories.

l) To allow a density for any residential portion of a planned unit development that is greater than would otherwise be allowed by the zoning ordinance yet is still appropriate and compatible with other uses both within the planned unit development and adjacent to it and with the density of adjacent properties: **Objective generally met.** Density is similar to adjacent projects but remains higher than 10.89 units per acre, otherwise allowed by right in B-1, multi-family, zoning district or the 18 units per acre allowed in the newly adopted zoning ordinance.

**Procedures 5.138:** The applicant has followed the procedures outlined in the zoning ordinance, including: submittal of a site plan and narrative, pre-application conference attendance (and several staff meetings), and submittal of a complete application for review and a preliminary development plan.

**Standards for Approval 5.139:** A PUD shall only be approved if it complies with each of the following standards as well as applicable standards established elsewhere in this chapter:

a) **The proposed PUD complies with all qualifying conditions of Section 5.135:** Standard met.

b) **The proposed use meets the applicable objective contained in Section 5.137:** Standard generally met.

c) **The uses conducted in the proposed PUD, the PUD’s impact on the community, and other aspects of the PUD are consistent with the city’s master plan:** Standard partially met. While the use is consistent, the height exceeds the maximum anticipated during the subarea planning process.

d) **The proposed PUD shall be designed, constructed, operated and maintained in a manner harmonious with the character of adjacent property, the surrounding uses of land, the natural environment, and the capacity of public services and facilities affected by the development:** Standard generally met. The design approach attempts to blend into the character of the neighborhood and lessens in intensity from north to south (away from the commercial core).

e) **The PUD shall not change the essential character of the surrounding area:** Standard generally met. While a significant development is proposed, the project generally reflects the character of the...
downtown core, serves as an extension of the urban area, and embodies the direction of the City Master Plan.

f) The PUD shall not be hazardous to adjacent property or involve uses, activities, materials, or equipment which will be detrimental to the health, safety, or welfare of persons or property through the excess production of traffic noise, smoke, fumes, or glare: Standard met. The project will not impact health, safety and welfare.

g) The PUD shall not place demands on public services and facilities in excess of current or anticipated future capacity. Standard met. The project has been reviewed by all appropriate city departments and will not place excessive demands on public services.

Variations

The purpose of the PUD process is to provide for flexibility in the regulation of land development to encourage innovation and to provide overall benefit to the City of East Grand Rapids. As such, certain variations of zoning standards have been proposed to allow for development flexibility. Proposed variations are outlined in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standard</th>
<th>Zoning Standards and Variations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Required</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>1 unit per 4,000 SF (10.89 units per acre)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Proposed</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 unit per 2,197 SF (19.7 units per acre)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Setbacks</td>
<td>Front (North) 58’ from centerline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Live/Work Front 40.8’ from centerline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Townhome Front 39.6’ from centerline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Single Family Front 40.9’ from centerline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Side (North) 20’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Live/Work Side 0’</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Single Family Side 3.9’</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Side (South) 7’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rear (East) 24’</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Live/Work Rear 32’</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Townhome Rear 5’</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Single Family 18’</td>
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<td>Rear (East) 25’</td>
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<tr>
<td>Height (B-1)</td>
<td>2 Stories, 35’ feet</td>
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<td></td>
<td>3 stories, 35’ maximum</td>
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<td>Height (C-1)</td>
<td>2.5 Stories, 35’ feet</td>
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<td>Use</td>
<td>B-1 Apartment uses (3 lots)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>B-1 Apartment uses (3 lots)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>C-1 (commercial lot)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C-1 w/ exclusions (commercial lot)</td>
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<tr>
<td>AC Unit Setback</td>
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<tr>
<td>AC Unit Setback</td>
<td>Required</td>
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<tr>
<td>Screening</td>
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<tr>
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</table>
Considerations

During the consideration of the proposed PUD, numerous design and development elements were reviewed and discussed, including:

**Landscaping:** A landscaping plan was provided and reviewed prior to the November Planning Commission. The plan includes 14 columnar hornbeam trees (3” caliper), which are slow growing and oval and upright in form. While the spread of the tree is narrower than other species, it is dense and appropriate for screening in urban areas. Six of these trees are spread along the rear property line within the 5’ setback with three on each side of the AC unit cluster. Eight additional trees are included within the interior courtyard. Shrubs, perennials and grasses are proposed for the courtyard area and directly in front of the proposed structures. The landscape plan provides for sufficient rear yard buffering and an aesthetically pleasing courtyard and front yard area.

Several existing trees are also proposed to be preserved; including four maples (8”, 8”, 9”, and 27”) and one locust (8”).

**Trash Removal:** Common trash enclosures are proposed in the northeast and southeast corners of the site. However, only nine receptacles are shown for 12 dwelling units and the commercial and office uses. This number has been reduced from 16 shown on prior plans. The applicant should ensure sufficient space and screening for trash receptacle storage during final development plan review.

**Building Height and Roof Line:** There was some concern over building height and roof design of the live/work and townhome buildings during review. While the applicant has proposed a full third story, the overall height remains 35’ and below the townhome project to the rear (east). To address concerns of neighbors to the east, the third story of the two easternmost townhome units has been removed to lessen the visual impact of the project.
The live/work unit incorporates a flat roof, which has a more urban look and character. Consideration was given to whether the flat-roofed, contemporary style of the commercial building is compatible with and complementary to the established character, design and materials of the existing commercial uses to the north. However, with a 0’ north (side) setback, a pitched roof would cause rainwater runoff onto the adjacent property. With the flat roof design, the rainwater can be diverted away from the adjacent property.

Density: Density is proposed to be 19.7 units per acre, higher than the old zoning ordinance (10.89 units/acre) and new zoning ordinance (18 units/acre). By comparison, the adjacent Bagley townhomes are approximately 17 units per acre. Density was addressed throughout the review but the Planning Commission supported the increase.

Setbacks: Setbacks have been reduced for all sides of the project.

Driveway Clear Zone: Initial designs included 2nd floor projecting balconies and landscaping features for the townhomes along both driveway areas. Based on concerns of the Planning Commission and Staff, a 24’ clear zone is maintained to accommodate trash pickup, emergency vehicles and internal circulation.

Parking: Parking was a general concern during the review. Based on the ordinance requirements at the time of submittal, office parking should be provided at a ratio of three spaces per 1,000 square feet (6 spaces for 2,000 square feet of office) and one space per 300 square feet for retail (4 spaces for 1,200 square feet). This would necessitate 10 parking spaces. However, the zoning ordinance exempts parking within the C-1 District. In any case, two spaces are provided at the rear of the building, excluding the two garage spaces for the residential unit.

The site plan also shows the addition of two new spaces directly in front of the live/work building (90 degree parking). However, the length of these spaces (14 feet) does not meet the ordinance requirement of 18 feet. In addition, the plan illustrates on-street parallel parking which accommodates approximately four vehicles. While both sides of Croswell are within the “exempt parking” zone, there are eight available parking spaces for commercial use with a shortfall of two, although two spaces do not comply with dimensional requirements. Because of the exemption and the shortfall of only two spaces, the Planning Commission believed the parking plan to be acceptable.

In addition to commercial use parking, there are 2 garage spaces per dwelling unit and one additional space behind the single family dwelling. It should be noted that the parking behind the single family dwelling has been altered (reduced from two spaces to one) from the plan submitted to and recommended for approval by the Planning Commission.

Building Materials: The developer addressed building materials and the Planning Commission expressed the desire for a quality siding material that would blend in with other structures on Croswell. It was concluded that building materials would be addressed during the final site plan review process.
Signage: Signs will adhere to city ordinances, but ground and side wall signage will be prohibited.

Changes/Revisions since Planning Commission Review

Since the Planning Commission review, the applicant has incorporated minor changes into the preliminary development plan, as requested by Staff. However, other changes have also been made that have not been discussed with staff or reviewed by the Planning Commission. While the setback change along the south property line is minimal, other changes are much more substantive including the reduction of parking by one space, further encroachment of the live/work building toward the street and increased building coverage on the site. The unspecified height of the single family unit is a concern, but is not listed as a variation.

Changes by Applicant:
1. Single-Family Unit has increased in size (220 square feet added to footprint) and main front wall moved 2’ closer to street.
2. One on-site parking space has been eliminated behind the dwelling unit.
3. South side yard setback was reduced from 4.1’ to 3.9’.
4. Live/work building increased in length by 2’ (adding 40 square feet to footprint).
5. Front setback of live/work building reduced by 2’ (now 2’ from front lot line).

Conditions of Approval

The applicant was asked to address several inconsistencies and provide some clarity within the narrative and plans. The following items remain outstanding and should be revised or included as conditions of approval.

1. Revise landscape plan on page 3 to reflect plan sheet L100. The image is inconsistent with other plan sheets.
2. Remove side projecting external balcony on page 4. The image is inconsistent with all other plan sheets and images.
3. Revise narrative by proofreading and clarifying second-last paragraph, which states: “The project may be constructed in phases: The attached townhouses and central courtyard may be constructed as phase 1 along with phase 2 utilities and drives; the single-family house and the live/work unit may be constructed as a phase phase. It is the intention to have both phases approved together.”
4. Revise first paragraph on page 8 to 82% impervious coverage and 48% building coverage.
5. Replace “exiting” with “existing” on page 8, line 9.
6. Replace A-1 with A-2 where referencing the Bagley project on page 15.
7. Revise use regulation on page 9 as follows:
   a. Ground floor: exclude pharmacy.
   b. Third Floor: residential.

Recommendation

In view of the substantive changes made by the applicant since the Planning Commission’s recommendation of approval, the City Commission may choose to remand the preliminary development plan back to the Planning Commission for reconsideration. We believe the removal of a parking space and further front setback
encroachment of the live/work building are substantive changes that deserve review by the Planning Commission.

Parking remains a concern due to the lack of guest parking for the residential units and customer/employee parking for the proposed business uses. In addition, the massing and scale of the three story live/work unit will be exacerbated by its positioning on the north lot line and near-zero setback along the sidewalk.

Sincerely,

David M. Jirousek, AICP
Senior Planner

Paul M. LeBlanc, AICP
Planning Manager

CC: Brian Donovan, City Manager
    Ken Feldt, Director of Public Works
    Tom Faasse, Zoning Administrator
    John Huff, Law Weathers
**Zoning Review Application**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Name</th>
<th>Croswell Avenue Townhouses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Property Address</td>
<td>644, 700, 706, 708 Croswell Ave, SE, GR, MI 49506</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Description</td>
<td>Proposed Townhomes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(attach separate sheet if necessary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permanent Parcel Number</td>
<td>41-14-33-253-010, 011, 012, 013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zoning District</td>
<td>B-1 Apartment District</td>
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<td>Current Property Use</td>
<td>Residential</td>
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**Contact Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Contact Person</th>
<th>Daytime Phone</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Applicant</td>
<td>Mosaic Properties Suite B</td>
<td>Brad Rottschaefer</td>
<td>(616) 235-0711 Ext. 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owner</td>
<td>Mosaic Properties Suite B</td>
<td>Brad Rottschaefer</td>
<td>(616) 235-0711 Ext. 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Developer</td>
<td>Mosaic Properties Suite B</td>
<td>Brad Rottschaefer</td>
<td>(616) 235-0711 Ext. 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Designer</td>
<td>Nederweld, Inc. Suite 302</td>
<td>R. Jack Hare</td>
<td>(616) 575-5190</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See the back of this form for items that must be attached to this application at the time of submission.

Property Owner Signature: ____________________________

Applicant Signature (if different): ____________________________

Date: 5-17-13
Croswell Avenue. Live/Work, Town-homes and a Single-family
Introduction.

Mosaic Properties is proposing a mixed-use development on Croswell Avenue located in the heart of downtown East Grand Rapids business district. Our company mission is to positively impact our community by creating neighborhoods and living environments that have great architecture, positive civic space and that are “built to last”. We accomplish this by piecing together the efforts of the most talented land planners, architects and artisans in our industry.

Development Plan.

The development plan is to create an urban designed environment that significantly benefits its future residents and the EGR community. Currently, the site comprises 4 residential homes with both duplex and single-family lots abutting Bella Fur salon to the north boundary.

The plan calls for a small retail and office building and 12 residential units of various types. The townhouses will be designed around a central courtyard. This courtyard is designed around the historical Mews courts in England. In the 18th and 19th centuries, London housing for wealthy people generally consisted of streets of large terraced houses with stables at the back, which opened onto a small service street. The mews had horse stalls and a carriage house on the ground floor, and stable servants' living accommodation above.

Today, many of the garages have been rebuilt into living quarters and the mews courts recreated into landscaped courtyards.

Our goal is to re-create the mews courtyards by our arrangement of structures and using rich materials such as brick or colored concrete. Also, accenting the area with large trees, planters and shrubs.

Croswell Mews Concept.
The proposed plan has respectfully considered surrounding uses by transitioning from commercial on the north boundary moving to townhouses abutting our east boundary and a manor home abutting our south boundary. In one of our original plans, we had 8 townhouse backing up to the Bagley Townhouses. After meeting with the Bagley Townhome residents, we decided to redesign the plan to the configuration below. A cross section comparison can be seen on the attachment marked Exhibit A. Now, we have only two townhouses backing up to a portion of the Bagley Townhouses instead of rear yard configuration, they are now designed as a side yard configuration toward the townhouse, which is consistent with a typical street.

We are excited about our plan and how it is consistent and promotes the PUD goals set forth in the City of East Grand Rapids PUD ordinance (See Pg. 7) If you would like more information about Mosaic Properties and our communities, please visit www.mosaicproperties.com

**Landscape Plan.**

Bagley Townhomes.

[Diagram of landscape plan showing Bagley Townhomes, Bella Fur Salon, and Single-Family Home]
Office 2000 sf

Retail 1200 sf

Penthouse

Live/Work
The following is the technical narrative for the PUD:

Applicant: Mosaic Properties
Brad Rottschafer
2050 Celadon Drive, Suite B
Grand Rapids, Michigan 49525

Project: Croswell Mews
Croswell Avenue
East Grand Rapids, Michigan

Project Description: The Project is to develop the subject property on Croswell Avenue as a high-density mixed-use development containing residential, retail and office building. The plan calls for twelve residential units of various types, and a central courtyard space connected to Croswell Avenue. The residential parking will be con-
tained within two separate parking courts. Current zoning is B-1 Apartment District for this district. The Master Plan identifies the north portion of the property as commercially planned.

**SECTION 5.138(c)(3) Narrative Statement:**

5.138(c)(3)(A) The objectives of the PUD and how it relates to the intent of the PUD district.

Refer to Section 5.137 Objectives:

5.137(a) To provide more desirable living, shopping, and working environments by preserving as much natural character of the property as possible, including, but not limited to, open space, trees, brooks, ponds, floodplains, hills, and similar natural assets.

The existing property is urban in character and does not contain elements of a natural character. The development will contain a central courtyard with hardscaping and landscaping. The courtyard is a private space, but it will also create a visual open space connection to the public realm of Croswell Avenue. The development will also provide street trees as shown on the site plan. The urban character of the development is enhanced by having porches and building entrances facing the street.

5.137(b) To encourage the provision of open space and the development of recreational and other support facilities in a generally central location within reasonable distance of all living units.

This PUD contains a central courtyard that will create an open space connection to Croswell Avenue. In addition, there are two parking courts that contain support activities. Existing open space is also within a short walk from this proposed development.

5.137(c) To encourage developers to use a more creative approach to the development of areas.

This PUD represents a more creative approach to the problem of urban housing than is permitted in the conventional zoning district. Density, variety of house types and options, and urban-scaled setbacks are all part of this creative solution.

5.137(d) To encourage underground utilities which can be more efficiently designed when master planning a larger area.

Within the PUD, utilities will be placed underground in the parking courts to promote efficiency.

5.137(e) To allow phased construction with the knowledge that subsequent phases will be approved as originally planned and approved by the city.

The project may be constructed in phases: The attached townhouses and central courtyard may be constructed as phase 1 along phase 2 utilities and drives; the single-family house and the live/work unit may be constructed as a phase phase. It is the intention to have both phases approved together.

5.137(f) To promote flexibility in design and permit planned diversification in the location of structures.

To promote flexibility and diversification, the PUD is planned with three varieties of residential types: 10 attached townhouses, a single-family home and live/work building containing 1200 sf of retail and 2000 sf of office along with 1 residential unit(Penthouse). These residentially scaled building types provide flexibility and variety for a broader range of citizens.
5.237(g) To promote the efficient use of land to facilitate a more economic arrangement of buildings, circulation, systems, land use, and utilities.

This PUD uses the land more efficiently than can be done under the conventional zoning district. The B-1 has no maximum for land coverage; this PUD has 49.7% coverage. This promotes efficiency of land, utilities, and circulation systems.

5.137(h) To combine and coordinate architectural styles, building forms, and building relationships within a planned unit development.

This PUD allows the entire development to have a coordinated and consistent architectural style and form. The residentially scaled building types planned for this project will be stylistically compatible with surrounding architecture. The building massing and composition will be scaled to fit in to the exiting context. The façade orientation is carefully crafted to continue the residential pattern of the street. The tallest of the buildings is compliant with the 35 foot height requirement at the mid-point.

5.137(i) To ensure a quality of construction commensurate with or higher than other developments within the city.

This PUD will have a quality of construction commensurate with other developments in the city.

5.137(j) To provide for integrated, safe, and abundant pedestrian access within the PUD and to adjacent properties.

This PUD has a central courtyard connected to Croswell Street and the adjacent properties.

5.137(k) To develop a project that is consistent with the objectives of the East Grand Rapids Master Plan.

See 5.13(c)(3)(B) below.

5.137(l) To allow a density for any residential portion of a planned unit development that is greater than would otherwise be allowed by the zoning ordinance yet is still appropriate and compatible with other uses both within the planned unit development and adjacent to it and with the density of adjacent properties.

The proposed density of twelve units for a 0.61 acre parcel (equivalent to 19.7 units per acre) has a greater density than is allowed by the conventional zoning district. However, it is consistent with other developments in the area and with an infill development.

By planning the townhouses around a central courtyard and locating them over garages, this PUD allows a higher density without the appearance that the street is overbuilt. The orientation of the townhouses (narrow porches facing Croswell Ave.) also is consistent with the existing form of the street. These urban housing types provide an effective and smooth transition from the existing commercialized Gas Light Village to the lower-density single-family residential districts to the south.

5.13(c)(3)(B) The relationship of the PUD to the city master plan, including how the PUD complies with the objectives of the master plan.

Refer to the East Grand Rapids Master Plan, Chapter 3: Gaslight Village; and Chapter 6: Subarea Plans, Map 4:

This PUD is located in an area of Gaslight Village Subarea Plan designated as MD Mixed Density overlay district. The MD overlay district calls for single family detached, duplexes, and row-houses. This overlay district also calls for parking to be "shared parking areas behind residential
structures” (Map 4 Note F). Also, one of the Action Plan Findings is that Gaslight Village should maintain a small-scale district.

5.13(c)(3)(C)  **Phases of the development and approximate time frame for each phase.**

It is intended that the development will be constructed in two phases. Phase 1 will be constructed within one year; Phase 2 will be in the future as the market demands.

5.13(c)(3)(D)  **Proposed deed restrictions, covenants, or legal instruments to be used within the PUD.**

The legal structure of the residential portion of the PUD will be as a condominium development – the housing units will be individually owned, while the common facilities will be controlled by an association of condominium owners.

The legal structure of the commercial portion of the PUD will be a condominium with use.

5.13(c)(3)(E)  **Anticipated start and completion of construction.**

It is anticipated phase 1 construction will begin as soon as all approvals are secured, and be complete within one year.

5.13(c)(3)(F)  **Location, type, and size of areas to be dedicated for common open space.**

The PUD will contain a central courtyard approximately 32’ x 85’.

5.13(c)(3)(G)  **Ten copies or the preliminary development plan…**

Ten copies of the preliminary development plan are included with this application.

*Special Notes and Exceptions:*

**Signage.**

The commercial building will follow the East Grand Rapids signage ordinance. Except: It will not allow for ground signage or signage on the sides of the building unless otherwise granted upon a future request.

**Commercial Uses Live/Work:**

1st Level- Commercial uses as permitted in the C-1 Zoning District, but excluding: office group (aside from banks and financial institutions), dance studio, fitness center, health club, micro-brewery or brew pub, pawn shop, restaurant and sexually orientated business.

2nd Level- Commercial uses as permitted in the C-1 zoning district, but excluding: dance studio, fitness center, health club, micro-brewery or brew pub, pawn shop, pharmacy, restaurant and sexually oriented business.
Exhibit A- Elevation Studies.

Croswell Mews  
Bagley Townhouses  
EGR High School

Roof Height Compliance
#1-Changes and Added Information from the August Planning Commission Meeting:

1. The Commercial Building was changed to a Live/Work building. The Live/Work is proposed to have 1200 sf of Retail/Office space and a two-stall garage on the main floor, 2000 square feet of Office Space on the Second Floor and one (1) Residential Penthouse Suite on the Third Level. This effectively reduces the Retail and Office square footage from 4,500 sf to 3200 sf. The two parking spots in the back may be handicap and/or designated to the retail/office space. See floor plans on Page 5.

2. The Manor Home, which was a 2-unit building, was reduced to a Single-Family Home. There is no plan designed since it may be a custom home.

3. Commercial Signage Ordinance and Use outline for discussion purposes, as requested by the Planning Commission.

4. Additional Elevation Studies the Planning Commission requested were added to Exhibit A.
   - High-school Building was added to the Cross-Section drawing.
   - DesignVox building was added to the Croswell Street Scale drawing.

5. A street-view showing Bella Fur Salon and DesignVox was added on Page 14.
#2-Changes and Added Information from the October Planning Commission Meeting:

1. Landscaping Plan is complete and provided.

2. The Commercial Use is now defined for the Live/Work building to be consistent with exceptions to the C-1 zoning district. (Pg. 9)

3. Commercial Signage Ordinance and Use is also consistent with exceptions to the EGR signage ordinance. (pg.9)

4. Revised the Easterly two townhouses abutting Bagley Townhomes. By removing the 3rd level, we were able to lower the roof height to Bagley Townhomes Service Court. It should be noted that we are trying to be good neighbors by modifying these plans. (See Pg. 17 and 18) While the current setbacks for rear yard multi-family in the B-1 district is 25 feet. Bagley Townhomes was granted a number of exceptions to the B-1 districts, which include allowing for a 10 foot side yard vs. the 20 side yard per the B-1 district. It is my understanding that there was some public opposition to the side yard variance but it was approved. Bagley Townhomes were also allowed to rezone a portion of their project from A-1 Residential District to B-1 Multifamily. Compared to our entire project is contained in the B-1 Multi-family District with a portion of our property being Master Planned to be in the C-1 Commercial District. Our hope that these design changes will resolve Bagley Townhome owners concerns.
#3 Changes and Added Information from the November Planning Commission Meeting:

1. Landscaping Plan, Site Plan and Elevations are consistent.

2. The Commercial Uses for the Live/Work were reviewed by the developer and staff. Changes to the narrative were incorporated per our meeting.

3. After review of our single-family, we are removing one of the parking spaces and extending the home back. We also took 2 feet out of the porch for the home but kept the front porch set back at its original setback. The floor plans we are considering now will fit into this building area.
MEMORANDUM

TO: City Commissioners
FROM: Amna Seibold, Mayor
DATE: November 25, 2013

RE: Committee Assignments

Action Requested: That the City Commission approve the appointments to the City Boards and Commissions and other community appointments as outlined in the attached spreadsheet.

Background: The election has created a need to rearrange the committee assignments for City Commissioners. After talking with everyone, I am submitting the attached spreadsheet for approval.

AS/kb/8755
Attachment
## CITY COMMISSION COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS AS ASSIGNED BY THE MAYOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Finance</th>
<th>Infrastructure</th>
<th>Personnel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dills</td>
<td>Dills</td>
<td>Dills</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miller</td>
<td>Goebel</td>
<td>Goebel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skaggs</td>
<td>Graham</td>
<td>Skaggs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graham (alt)</td>
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<td></td>
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</table>

## APPOINTMENTS TO BOARDS AND COMMISSIONS AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MAYOR FOR CITY COMMISSION APPROVAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graham</td>
<td>Miller</td>
<td>Skaggs</td>
<td>Duncan</td>
<td>Dills</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Community Foundation</th>
<th>Joint Facilities Committee</th>
<th>GVMC Board</th>
<th>GVBA</th>
<th>C.A.C.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duncan</td>
<td>Graham</td>
<td>Donovan</td>
<td>Duncan</td>
<td>Duncan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miller</td>
<td>Miller</td>
<td></td>
<td>Skaggs</td>
<td>Seibold</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seibold</td>
<td>Seibold</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste To Energy</th>
<th>GRATA/ITP</th>
<th>Ambulance Consortium</th>
<th>Superintendents Advisory Council</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graham</td>
<td>Seibold</td>
<td>Donovan</td>
<td>Duncan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Aaron Smith *</td>
<td>Goebel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Seibold</th>
<th>Graham</th>
<th>Skaggs</th>
<th>Goebel</th>
<th>Duncan</th>
<th>Miller</th>
<th>Dills</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EGRCF</td>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
<td>Personnel Traffic</td>
<td>GVBA</td>
<td>EGRCF</td>
<td>GVBA</td>
<td>Infrastructure</td>
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<td>Jt. Facilities</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Personnel Planning</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

* Community member

Revised 11/25/2013
MEMORANDUM

TO: Mayor and City Commissioners
FROM: Fred Bunn, Director of Parks & Recreation
DATE: November 20, 2013
RE: Dump Box Trailer Purchase

Action Requested: The City Commission approve the purchase of a 12K dump box trailer from Grandville Trailer in the amount of $6,500.

Background: The current trailer is 15 years old and is recommended for replacement due to long term wear, condition and functionality. The proposed replacement will be a dump box trailer making it possible for one person to deliver loaded material without additional help. All three companies quoted trailers with very similar specifications. Even though Grandville Trailer is slightly higher in cost they are located nearby and the product can be picked up at their location. Any warranty issues will be serviced much easier based on their location. Capital Equipment is located in the Lansing area and does not deliver. Our staff would have to drive to the Lansing area to pick up the trailer and it is a longer distance for any warranty issues.

We have $8,000 allocated for this purchase in the MERF account.

Quotes:
Capital Equipment $6,385
Grandville Trailer $6,500
Dad’s Sales & Service $7,000

This document has been reviewed by the Finance Committee and found to be in order.

Brian Donovan, City Manager
MEMORANDUM

TO: Honorable Mayor and City Commission
FROM: Ken Feldt, Director of Public Works
DATE: November 22, 2013
RE: Road Salt Purchase

Action Requested: That the City Commission approve the requisition of a portion of the road salt needed for the 2013-14 winter from the Morton Salt Company for the amount of $54.05 per ton.

Background: Subsequent to the award of the coming season’s road salt purchase managed through the Kent County Road Commission purchasing program, the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) was able to secure unit costs lower than those bid by the North American Salt Company, who we are obligated to purchase 630 tons (70% of our expected annual usage) from at $64.77 per ton. MDOT’s low bid was received from the Morton Salt Company for $54.05 per ton. The Morton Salt Company is willing to honor this unit cost for Kent County. The remainder of our road salt needs for the 2013-14 winter is proposed to be purchased from the Morton Salt Company. The minimum tons required are 189 tons and the expected amount will be 270 tons.

______________________________
Brian Donovan, City Manager
MEMORANDUM

TO: Honorable Mayor and City Commission
FROM: Ken Feldt, Director of Public Works
DATE: November 22, 2013

RE: Action Requested: That the City Commission ratify approval of several purchases made to complete emergency repairs to a 16 inch diameter water main and valve replacement summarized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vendor</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>East Jordan Iron Works (EJ)</td>
<td>Valve and fittings</td>
<td>$9,441.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lodestar Construction, Inc.</td>
<td>T&amp;M to install valve</td>
<td>$11,663.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Superior Asphalt Paving Co.</td>
<td>Repaving street</td>
<td>$18,806.57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

and further approve a budget amendment in the amount of $41,072.29 from the Water and Sewer Fund balance to cover all “out of pocket” expenses to complete the work.

Background: Completion of repairs to a 16 inch water main along Lake Drive, associated street repairs and replacement of a damaged 16 inch valve included services and materials from various vendors in the total amount of $41,072.29. The out of pocket expenses for the repairs are summarized as follows:

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<td>Repaving street</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Valley Conc. Products</td>
<td>Precast valve chamber</td>
<td>$624.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K&amp;H Concrete Cutting</td>
<td>Saw cut existing chamber</td>
<td>$382.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belden Brick</td>
<td>Misc. materials</td>
<td>$154.62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The City Commission is requested to ratify approval of the listed emergency water main repair expenses and budget amendment in the amount of $41,072.29 for the same from the Water and Sewer Fund balance.

____________________________
Brian Donovan, City Manager
MEMORANDUM

TO: Mayor and City Commissioners
FROM: Karen Mushong
DATE: November 25, 2013
RE: Life and LTD Benefit Renewal

Action Requested: That the City Commission approve National Insurance Services (NIS) for life insurance and long-term disability coverage for each eligible employee and retiree.

Background: On November 18, 2013, the City Commission approved all other items related to health care coverage. The bid for life insurance and long-term disability was not available at that time. The bid was received and there was no rate change for 2014. In fact, rates are guaranteed through 1/1/2016 unless we make policy/benefit changes that would affect the rates.

Brian Donovan, City Manager
MEMORANDUM

TO: City Commissioners
FROM: Brian Donovan, City Manager
DATE: November 25, 2013

RE: Reappointment to ITP Board

Action Requested: That the City Commission approve the reappointment of Amna Seibold to the Interurban Transit Partnership Board for a two-year term ending December 31, 2014.

Background: The City of East Grand Rapids has two representatives on the ITP Board of Directors: Mayor Amna Seibold and EGR resident Aaron Smith. Mayor Seibold has served on this board since September 2011, and Mr. Smith was appointed in January 2012.